

MINNESOTA



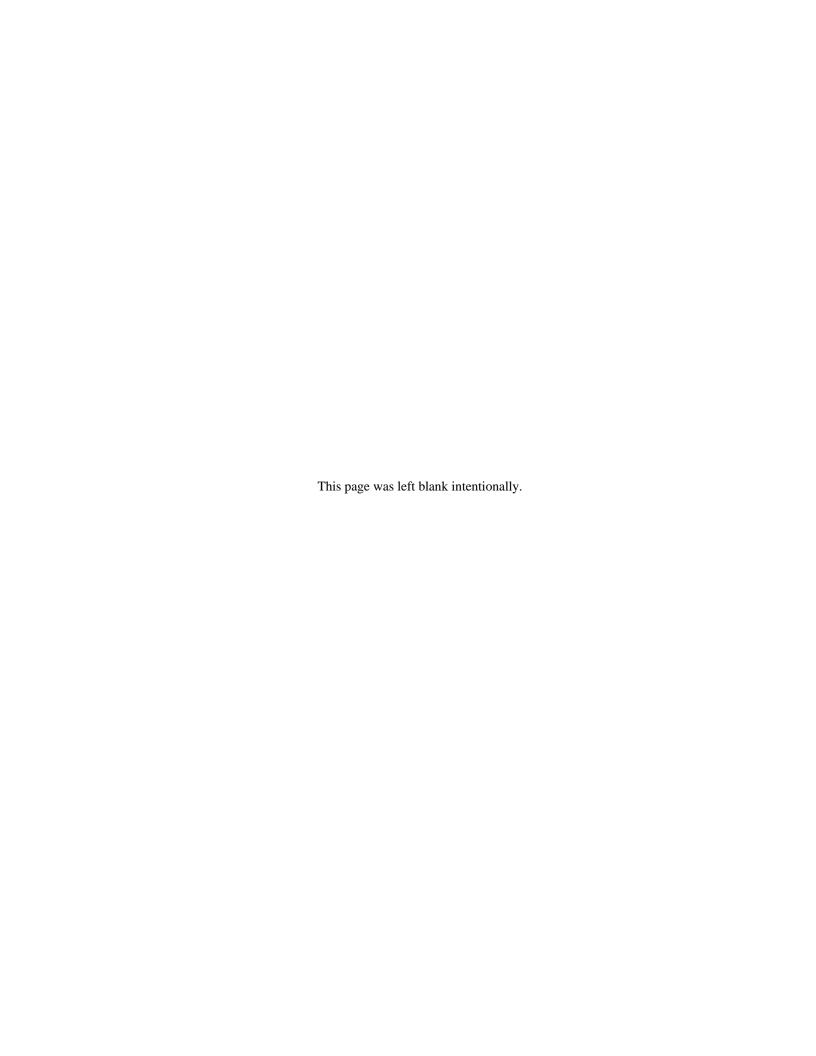
FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018





COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

A premiere county in which to live and work.



COMPREHENSIVE

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF DAKOTA COUNTY

MINNESOTA

For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

Dakota

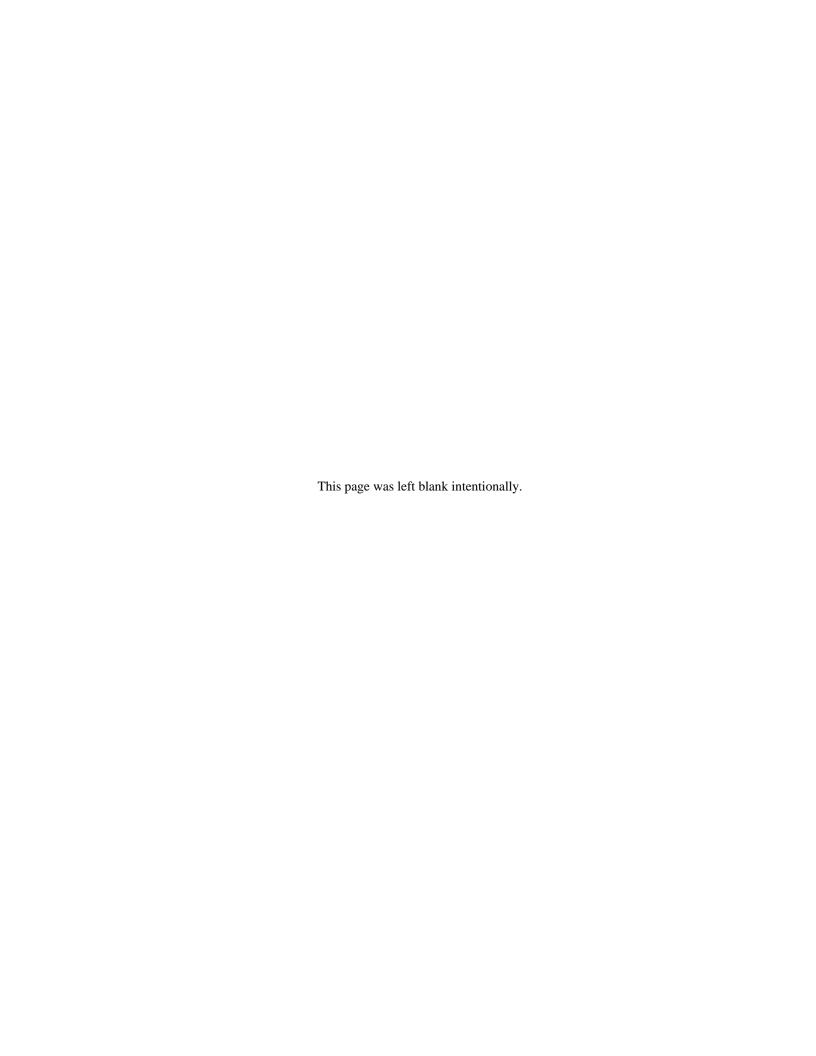


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Introductory Section





June 26, 2019

Financial Services

Dakota County Administration Center 1590 Highway 55 Hastings, MN 55033

651.438.4585 Fax 651.438.4603 www.dakotacounty.us TO: The Citizens of Dakota County

The Board of County Commissioners

SUBJECT: 2018 COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Dakota County is submitted for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. The County's Financial Services Department prepared this report in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Responsibility for both the accuracy and completeness of the presented data and the fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and sets forth the financial position and results of operations and cash flows of the County, as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and all disclosures necessary to enable maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs.

Independent Audit

Minnesota State statutes require an annual audit of the books of account, financial records and transactions of the County. The CPA firm of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, was chosen through a RFP process to conduct the County's audit for 2018. The audit was designed to meet the requirements of state statutes and the federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and related Uniform Guidance. The independent auditor's report has been included in this report.

CliftonLarsonAllen, LLP will issue management and compliance letters covering the review made as a part of its audit of the County's system of internal control and compliance with applicable legal provisions. The management and compliance letters will not modify or affect, in any way, their report on the financial statements.

Single Audit

As a recipient of federal, state, and local financial assistance the County is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to comply with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. These internal controls are subject to periodic evaluation by management and the internal staff of the County.

The Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards sets the audit requirements for state and local governments receiving federal assistance. They require a single independent audit of the financial operations, including compliance with certain provisions of federal laws and regulations. The requirements have been established to ensure that audits are made on an organizational wide basis rather than a grant-by-grant basis. Applicable federal grants are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

The single audit includes tests to determine the adequacy of the internal controls, and the County's compliance with applicable laws and statutes.

Internal Controls

In developing and evaluating the County's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of the County's internal controls. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. County management believes the internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions. The County's internal controls are supported by written policies and procedures and are continually reviewed, evaluated, and modified to meet current needs.

Departmental cash related procedures are reviewed at least annually to determine if there are adequate controls in place, such as separation of duties, appropriate documentation, proper authorizations, and required absences. The Financial Services staff have made a concerted effort to gather written procedures that include enough detail to assess internal control strengths and weakness. Throughout the year, controls are monitored, reevaluated and adjusted as necessary.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Dakota County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

Dakota County was organized in 1849 as a county in the State of Minnesota. It has an area of 587 square miles, including 13 townships and 21 full and fractional incorporated municipalities. The 2018 population was 425,423 making it the third most populous county in the State. It is one of seven counties comprising the Twin Cities metropolitan area. The county seat, Hastings, is located on the Mississippi River 18 miles southeast of the state capital, St. Paul.

Dakota County operates under an elected seven-member County Board, each member representing a district of the County. The County Board is elected on a non-partisan basis. County Board members serve four-year staggered terms. County Board responsibilities include passing ordinances, adopting the budget, and the hiring of the County Manager. The County Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the County Board, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various divisions and departments.

The County provides a full range of services including: public safety and law enforcement; probation services; tax assessment and collection; vital statistics and public records; health and human services; highways, parks, public works and planning; environmental management; and recreation and cultural services.

Component units were evaluated to determine whether they should be reported in the County's financial report. A component unit was considered part of the County's reporting entity in instances where the County was financially accountable for the entity or where the relationship between the County and the entity was such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Dakota County has one blended component unit, the Dakota County Regional Rail Authority (Authority). The Authority was created pursuant to Minnesota Statutes. The Dakota County Board of Commissioners appoints the Authority's seven-member board.

The Dakota County Community Development Agency (Agency) is a discretely presented component unit. The Agency was established in 1971 pursuant to special Minnesota legislation. The Dakota County Board of Commissioners also appoints its seven-member board.

The Vermillion River Watershed Joint Powers Organization (VRW) is also a discretely presented component unit. The VRW was established in 2002 for purposes set forth in Minn. Stat. §103B.201 within the geographic boundary of the Vermillion River watershed located in Dakota County and Scott County. The Vermillion River Watershed Joint Powers Board consists of one County Commissioner from Scott County and two County Commissioners from Dakota County.

Budgetary Controls

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Dakota County Government financial planning and control. The County budgets at a more detailed level than required by Minnesota law or for federal programs. Divisions and departments develop their budget requests to cover their clients' needs. The divisions and departments submit their budget requests to the County Manager, who in turn, presents a budget to the County Board. The County Board makes final adjustments to the budgets, which are then adopted and available for use on January 1 each year.

Division and department managers are held responsible for their budget performance. Authority for County staff to spend and amend the budget is identified in the Budget Compliance Policy. Compliance with budgets is essential for the County to maintain its sound financial condition. "Budget Accountability Points" are identified in the policy to inform managers at what level budget comparisons will be reported. This allows managers authority to adjust spending below the "Budget Accountability Points" to help achieve their desired outcomes. The Budget Compliance Policy provides managers the ability to respond efficiently and effectively to changes.

Fiscal Policies

The County maintains a Fund Balance Policy that guides the County Board with a minimum threshold for working capital and allowing for a margin of safety. The minimum target balance for unassigned funds in the General Fund is 20% of the operating expenditures at the end of each fiscal year.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Dakota County Government operates.

Key population, labor force and employment trends:

- Dakota County's population increased from 2000 to 2018 by 19.5%, adding just fewer than 70,000 people. According to U.S. Census Bureau estimates, 2008 was the first year since 1977 that Dakota County's population growth slowed to 1% or less; that steady growth trend has continued in almost every year since then continuing through 2018. Between 2020 and 2040, regional growth is projected to continue at an average rate of just under 1% per year. The total population in the seven-county metropolitan region is anticipated to increase by 18.3% between 2020 and 2040, to more than 3.7 million residents. The Metropolitan Council projects the County will attain a population of about 515,000 people by the year 2040, an increase of close to 90,000 people (between 2018 and 2040).
- According to the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development (DEED) there were 10,052 private sector firms and 167,649 private sector employees in Dakota County. The largest employing industry sectors in the county are trade, transportation, & utilities (49,348), education and health services (37,576), leisure and hospitality (19,352), professional and business services (19,045), and manufacturing (18,801).
- Dakota County maintains one of the lowest per capita property tax rates in the State of Minnesota. This means that for each unit of value for a property, property owners in Dakota County pay the least amount. The price of government in Dakota County (taxes versus personal income) has declined over the last ten years.

Key Economic Indicators

Dakota County's unemployment rate (2.5%) continues to maintain a lower average unemployment rate than the State of Minnesota (2.9%) and the U.S. (3.9%).

Economic Indicators	Amount	Annual Percentage Change
Unemployment Rate (2018)	2.5%	-0.50%
Number of Households (2017)	166,150	.85%
Population (2018)	425,423	0.85%

Sources: MN Department of Employment & Economic Development and American Community Survey

The following chart is an analysis of wage and salary employment in Dakota County by industry:

	Dakota C	ounty	Dist	ribution	% Change 2017-20		
	Avg Number of	Avg Number of Employees		State of			
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	County	Minnesota	County	State	
Total, All Industries	189,281	188,822	100.00%	100.00%	-0.2%	-0.4%	
Agricultural, Forestry, Fishing	775	822	0.4%	0.7%	5.7%	-8.6%	
Mining	197	193	0.1%	0.2%	-2.1%	1.3%	
Construction	9,958	9,606	5.1%	4.4%	-3.7%	-0.9%	
Manufacturing	19,600	18,801	11.0%	11.1%	-4.2%	0.0%	
Utilities	532	551	0.3%	0.5%	3.4%	-0.5%	
Wholesale Trade	9,786	9,971	5.3%	4.5%	1.9%	-1.5%	
Retail Trade	24,332	23,924	12.6%	10.3%	-1.7%	-2.0%	
Information	6,408	6,412	3.4%	1.8%	0.1%	-0.7%	
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	15,017	15,106	8.0%	6.2%	0.6%	1.2%	
Services	56,994	56,621	29.9%	38.2%	-0.7%	-1.4%	
Other	30,978	31,911	16.9%	17.8%	2.9%	-25.3%	
Total All Industries Coverns	22,965	21,173	11.2%	13.2%	-8.5%	4.50/	
Total, All Industries Government Total, All Industries Private	166,315	167,649	88.6%	86.4%	0.8%	-4.5% 0.2%	
Total, All moustries Private	100,515	107,047	00.070	00.470	0.070	0.2%	

Source: MN Department of Employment & Economic Development

The following shows the change in the value of construction permits in Dakota County over the last five years. The construction permits have been separated into five categories.

Value of New Construction Permits Issued in the County (in thousands)

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Residential	\$321,838	\$334,521	\$324,200	\$377,812	\$396,328
Commercial	63,131	86,512	45,019	75,553	113,426
Industrial	7,716	36,908	14,401	27,277	49,196
Agricultural	1,564	2,847	2,529	1,637	1,939
Apartments	28,001	4,739	83,177	45,713	125,067
Total Value	\$422,250	\$465,527	\$469,326	\$527,992	\$685,956

Source: Dakota County Assessor's Office

Major Initiatives by Dakota County

Dakota County government 2018 highlights:

- Welcomed over a million visitors to our libraries and to our parks system
- Maintained and improved our roads, restored natural lands, tested and protected water, reduced trash, assessed and collected taxes, and surveyed property lines.
- Assisted the elderly and disabled, helped motorists and families and job-seekers, protected kids, supported the victims of crime, and held people accountable when they did wrong.
- Held people securely in jail when they needed to be, and worked hard in- and outside of the jail to help them succeed in not returning there.
- Held the best-attended non-presidential election in decades
- Processed motor vehicle transactions and health insurance enrollments for many thousands of county residents

Technology that Connects the County to Residents

• Took a major step forward with the cities to partner on shared management and development of the countywide fiber telecommunications network.

Library

• Renovated Galaxie Library (Apple Valley) and started work at Pleasant Hill (Hastings) and Heritage (Lakeville) libraries.

Supporting Those in Need

- Started monitoring TB patients' medication remotely by video: efficient for Dakota County and convenient for the patients.
- Developed the SMART Center project plan funded by Legislature; for better training for first-responders who encounter people in mental health crises

Parks and Natural Resources

 Began the long-planned cleanup of Thompson Lake; dredging out tons of contaminated sediment that had accumulated for decades.

County Facilities

Continued to invest in upgrading the facilities that serve the public directly, and in those that help us serve
them.

Supporting our Staff

- Welcomed 189 new permanent hires.
- Took steps to create supervisor training and supported the formation of 6 different ERGs (employee resource groups).

Employee Labor Contracts

The 13 collective bargaining units listed below represent approximately 70% of the County's employees. The status of the contracts is as of December 31, 2018.

	Term of	Status of
Bargaining Unit	Contract	Contract
AFSCME - Human Services	2018-2020	Settled
AFSCME - Library	2018-2020	Settled
Assessing Services	2018-2020	Settled
Attorney Employees' Assoc.	2018-2020	Settled
Community Corrections	2018-2020	Settled
Human Services Supervisors' Assoc.	2018-2020	Settled
Public Health Services/MNA	2018-2020	Settled
Public Health Support	2018-2020	Settled
Road & Bridge Maintenance	2018-2020	Settled
Sheriff Licensed Deputies	2018-2020	Settled
Sheriff Jail	2018-2020	Settled
Sheriff Supervisor	2018-2020	Settled
Sheriff Non-license Supervisor	2018-2020	Settled

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Dakota County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. This was the 29th consecutive year that the County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe our current report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Additionally, the GFOA presented an award of Distinguished Budget Presentation to Dakota County for its annual budget for the year 2018. This is the 22^{nd} year Dakota County has received the award.

The timely preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the professional and dedicated hard work of the entire staff of the Financial Services Department. In addition, cooperation was essential from many other departments, especially the County's Property Taxation and Records Department and Communications. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the staff who assisted and contributed to the report's preparation. We also wish to thank the members of the County Board for their interest and support this past year in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Peter Skwira

Director of Financial Services



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Dakota County Minnesota

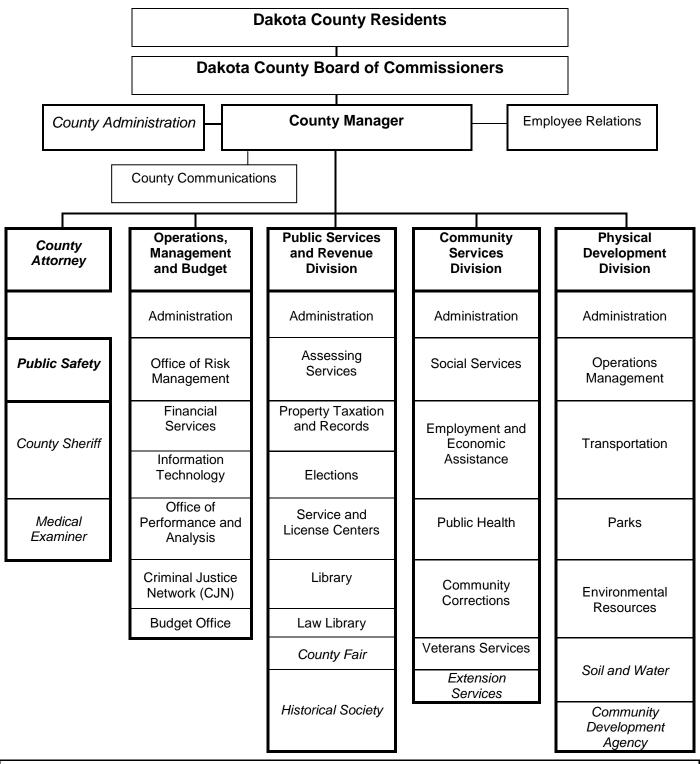
For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

2018 Dakota County Organizational Structure



Notes

^{1.} The County Board has a funding liaison role with departments listed in *italics* (County Attorney; County Sheriff; Medical Examiner; Historical Society; County Fair; Extension Services; Soil and Water Conservation District; and Community Development Agency). The County Board has direct administrative control over departments not listed in *italics*.

Dakota County MINNESOTA

LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

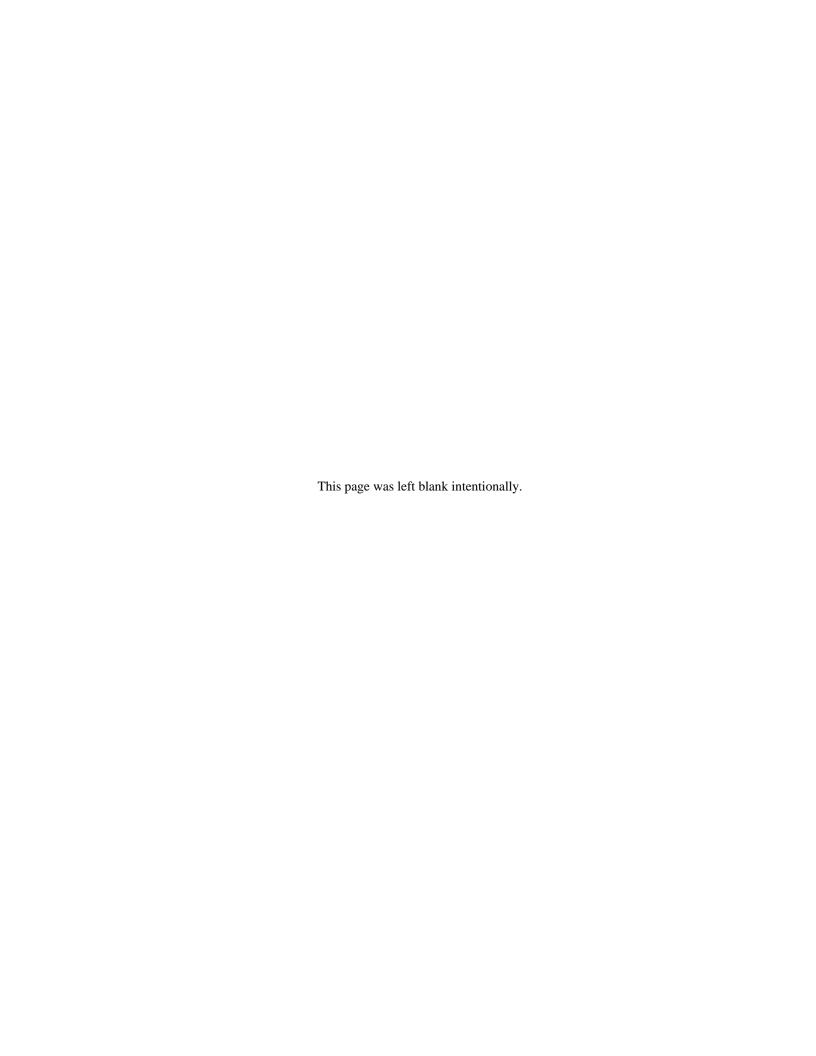
2018

		Term	l
Officer	Name	From	To
Commissioners:			
1 st District	Mike Slavik	Jan. 2013	Dec. 2022
2 nd District	*Kathleen A. Gaylord	Jan. 2003	Dec. 2022
3 rd District	Thomas A. Egan	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2020
4 th District	Joe Atkins	Jan. 2017	Dec. 2020
5 th District	Liz Workman	Jan. 2009	Dec. 2020
6 th District	Mary Liz Holberg	Jan. 2015	Dec. 2022
7 th District	Chris Gerlach	Jan. 2013	Dec. 2020
Officers: Elected -			
Attorney	James C. Backstrom	Sep. 1987	Dec. 2022
Sheriff	Timothy J. Leslie	Jan. 2015	Dec. 2022
Appointed -			
County Manager	Matthew G. Smith	May 2016	Indefinite
Deputy County Manager/Director of Operations, Mgmt. & Budget	Jean M. Erickson	August 2016	Indefinite
Director of Community Services	Kelly Harder	July 2010	Indefinite
Director of Physical Development	Steven Mielke	July 2014	Indefinite
Director of Public Service & Revenue Div.	Thomas V. Novak	July 1998	Indefinite

^{*} Chair

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Financial Section





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Dakota County Hastings, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dakota County, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Dakota County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Dakota County Community Development Agency, which represents 99% of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Dakota County Community Development Agency discretely presented component unit, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, based upon our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dakota County as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund, highway fund, and the DC transportation sales tax special revenue fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the county restated beginning net position of the internal service fund and governmental activities to correct and error in previously issued financial statements (see Note 1.C). Our auditors' opinion was not modified with respect to the restatement.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in the county's total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability – GERF, PEPFF and PECF plans, and schedule of pension contributions – GERF, PEPFF and PECF plans, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Dakota County's basic financial statements. The supplementary information on pages 103 through 118, the introductory section on pages 1 through 10, and the statistical section on pages 129 through 149, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards on pages 119 through 125 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Matters (Continued)

Other Information (Continued)

The supplementary information, the governmental revenue schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2019, on our consideration of Dakota County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota June 26, 2019 This page was left blank intentionally.

Dakota County offers readers this narrative overview and analysis of unaudited financial activities, which is required supplementary information, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in our letter of transmittal and the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- Dakota County's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of 12/31/18 by \$1,123,182,483 (net position). Of this amount, \$196,296,050 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Dakota County's total net position improved by \$58,301,560 for the year ended December 31, 2018. This positive change is a combination of increases in grant receipts for highway projects and human services
- As of the close of the 2018 fiscal year, Dakota County governmental funds' ending fund balance had an increase of \$30,691,906 from 2017. This increase is primarily due to additional federal and state aid for transportation and the receipt of the Greater Minnesota Transportation Sales and Use Tax. Approximately 85.5% or \$291,586,483 of the total fund balance is available for spending at Dakota County's discretion (committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$188,509,632 or 83.6% of total General Fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Dakota County's basic financial statements. Dakota County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Dakota County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of Dakota County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between them (assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Dakota County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how Dakota County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Dakota County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of Dakota County include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, human services, health, culture and recreation, conservation of natural resources, and economic development. The business-type activities of Dakota County include the Dakota County Geographic Information System (GIS), and the Byllesby Dam.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Dakota County (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate Dakota County Community Development Agency (CDA) and the legally separate Vermillion River

Watershed Joint Power Organization (VRW), for which Dakota County is financially accountable (known as component units). Financial information for the CDA and the VRW are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Dakota County Regional Rail Authority, although also legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of Dakota County, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements may be found on pages 25-29 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Dakota County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Dakota County may be divided into three broad categories: *governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.*

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Within the governmental funds, Dakota County maintains three fund types: General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the major funds. Major funds include: General Fund, Highway Fund, DC Transportation Sales Tax Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Data from the other five special revenue non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Dakota County adopts an annual budget for its three major governmental funds and the County Library, County Parks and Regional Rail non-major special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements may be found on pages 30-41 of this report.

General Fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund. Special Revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Special Revenue Funds include:

Highway

- County Library
- Regional Rail

- Attorney Forfeiture
- County Parks
- Law Library

• DC Transportation Sales Tax

Debt Service Fund. The Debt Service Fund accounts for the payment of principal, interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt obligations of Dakota County. The County made the final payment for its general obligation bonds in 2016 so there was no activity in 2018.

Capital Projects Fund. The Capital Projects Fund tracks major building construction projects.

Proprietary Funds. Dakota County maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and an internal service fund. The enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Dakota County uses an enterprise fund to account for its Geographic Information System financial activity including the sale of GIS data/maps and costs of updating the GIS database. In 2011, the Byllesby Dam Fund was added to account for the net revenue generated from producing electricity at the Byllesby Dam Hydro-electric facility and subsequently sold to Xcel Energy. Expenses are paid to a third-party contractor to operate the turbines and generators.

The internal service fund is used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Dakota County's various functions. In 1997, Dakota County created the Employee Services Reserve Fund to maintain all compensated absences and related activity. Each year an adjustment is made to reflect the current value of vacation and sick balances. In 2007, the activity for "other post-employment benefits" was included in this fund. Additionally, at the beginning of 2013 a reserve was established for a self-funded health care program. Because this program primarily benefits governmental rather than business-type functions it is included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the GIS Enterprise Fund and the Byllesby Dam Fund. The Employee Services Reserve Internal Service Fund is reported separately on the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements may be found on pages 42-44 this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds (Trust and Agency Funds) are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Dakota County's own programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements may be found on pages 45-46 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements may be found on pages 47-98 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, non-major enterprise funds, and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

Combining and individual fund statements and schedules may be found on pages 103-116 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted in the financial highlights, the changes in net position may be a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Dakota County's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities by \$1,123,182,483 at the close of 2018, which is an increase of \$58,301,560 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Net investment in capital assets, of \$851,378,438 (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, improvements other than buildings and construction in progress, less any related debt used to acquire assets that is still outstanding) represents the largest portion of the total net position (75.8%). Dakota County uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for current spending. Although Dakota County's

2018

1,066,753,923

investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate current liabilities.

	Comme	Dak nmental	ota County's Net Posi						
		vities		ess-type vities	Total				
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017			
Current and other assets	\$ 439,258,720	\$ 403,108,263	\$ (835,591)	\$ 1,008,101	\$ 438,423,129	\$ 404,116,364			
Capital assets	841,653,042	820,792,917	12,640,982	10,665,893	854,294,024	831,458,810			
Total assets	\$ 1,280,911,762	\$ 1,223,901,180	\$ 11,805,391	\$ 11,673,994	\$ 1,292,717,153	\$ 1,235,575,174			
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 30,860,976	\$ 48,078,072	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,860,976	\$ 48,078,072			
Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$ 129,105,263	\$ 153,796,861	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 129,105,263	\$ 153,796,861			
Other liabilities	23,849,124	18,513,975	264,512	82,455	24,113,636	18,596,430			
Total liabilities	\$ 152,954,387	\$ 172,310,836	\$ 264,512	\$ 82,455	\$ 153,218,899	\$ 172,393,291			
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 47,176,747	\$ 44,506,032	\$	_\$	\$ 47,176,747	\$ 44,506,032			
Net position: Net investment in capital assets	\$ 838,737,456	\$ 818,225,255	\$ 12,640,982	\$ 10,665,893	\$ 851,378,438	\$ 828,891,148			
Restricted	75,360,146	53,245,122	147,849	147,414	75,507,995	53,392,536			
Unrestricted Total net	197,544,002	183,692,007	(1,247,952)	778,232	196,296,050	184,470,239			
i otai net									

Dakota County's total net position increased by \$58,301,560 from 2017's ending balance. This change can be attributed to a combination of factors, with the primary change occurring in additional reimbursements for grants for highway projects and human services programs.

11,540,879

1,055,162,384

1,111,641,604

position

11,591,539

1,123,182,483

A portion of Dakota County's net position, \$75,507,995 or 6.7% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Restricted net position increased \$22,115,459 during the current fiscal year. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$196,296,050 may be used to meet Dakota County's obligations to citizens and creditors.

As indicated above, Dakota County had positive balances in all three categories of net position at the end of 2018, including the government as a whole, and in each type of activity.

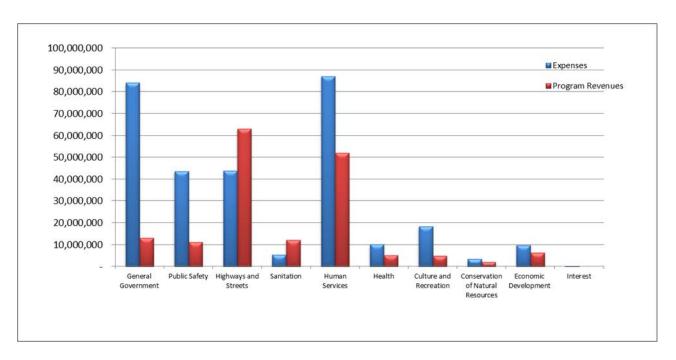
Governmental Activities. The Governmental activities' net position makes up the majority of the County's total net These activities increased by \$58,352,220 from 2017 due to increases in grant reimbursements for transportation and human services programs.

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities incurred a slight decrease from 2017's net position by \$50,660 accounting for (0.1) % of the total change in the government's net position. Major structural repairs to the Byllesby Spillway make up the majority of the decrease in activity.

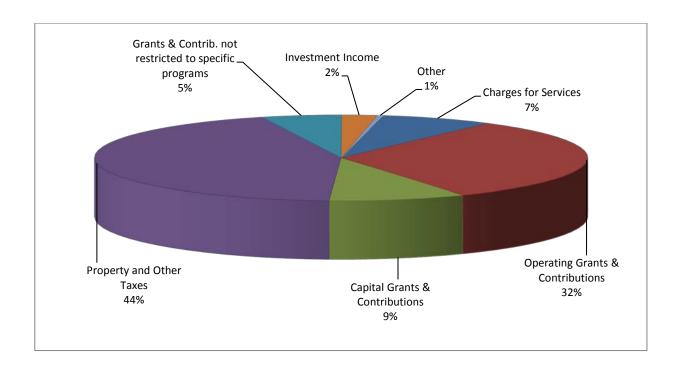
Dakota County's Changes in Net Position

		Gover			Business-type						
		Acti			 Acti	vitie		Total			
Davision		2018	2	017 (Restated)	 2018		2017		2018	2	017 (Restated)
Revenues: Program revenues:											
Fees, charges, fines and other	\$	26,887,323	\$	25,844,991	\$ 708,290	\$	844,741	\$	27,595,613	\$	26,689,732
Operating grants & contributions	·	115,958,834	·	143,800,387	-		193,108		115,958,834	·	143,993,495
Capital grants & contributions		32,888,645		16,471,275	-		-		32,888,645		16,471,275
General revenues and transfers:											
Taxes		161,211,050		142,772,011	-		-		161,211,050		142,772,011
Grants & contributions not											
restricted to specific programs		19,152,689		17,366,297	-		-		19,152,689		17,366,297
Investment income		8,500,619		5,349,627	-		-		8,500,619		5,349,627
Other		1,560,700		1,528,968	-		-		1,560,700		1,528,968
Total revenues and transfers	\$	366,159,860	\$	353,133,556	\$ 708,290	\$	1,037,849	\$	366,868,150	\$	354,171,405
Expenses:											
General government	\$	84,613,959	\$	72,720,526	\$ -	\$	-	\$	84,613,959	\$	72,720,526
Public safety		44,040,881		47,468,787	-		-		44,040,881		47,468,787
Highways and streets		44,100,007		42,360,176	-		-		44,100,007		42,360,176
Sanitation		5,406,632		5,433,200	-		-		5,406,632		5,433,200
Human services		87,735,585		83,935,657	-		-		87,735,585		83,935,657
Health		10,202,972		10,230,313	-		-		10,202,972		10,230,313
Culture and recreation		18,452,909		22,611,807	-		-		18,452,909		22,611,807
Conservation of natural resources		3,470,791		7,387,706	-		-		3,470,791		7,387,706
Economic development		9,774,538		9,032,938	-		-		9,774,538		9,032,938
Interest		9,366		13,828	-		-		9,366		13,828
Operating expenses - GIS		-		-	3,565		5,647		3,565		5,647
Operating expenses - Byllesby		-		-	755,385		1,116,690		755,385		1,116,690
Total expenses	\$	307,807,640	\$	301,194,938	\$ 758,950	\$	1,122,337	\$	308,566,590	\$	302,317,275
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$	58,352,220	\$	51,938,618	\$ (50,660)	\$	(84,488)	\$	58,301,560	\$	51,854,130
Net position January 1	\$	1,055,162,384	\$	1,003,223,766	\$ 11,591,539	\$	11,676,027	\$	1,066,753,923	\$	1,014,899,793
Prior period adjustment		(1,873,000)		-	 -		-		(1,873,000)		-
Net position January 1, restated	\$	1,053,289,384	\$	1,003,223,766	\$ 11,591,539	\$	11,676,027	\$	1,064,880,923	\$	1,014,899,793
Net Position December 31	\$	1,111,641,604	\$	1,055,162,384	\$ 11,540,879	\$	11,591,539	\$	1,123,182,483	\$	1,066,753,923

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Dakota County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Dakota County *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Dakota County's financing requirements. In particular, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of 2018, Dakota County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$341,265,010 a net increase of \$30,691,906 due primarily to additional federal and state aid for transportation and the receipt of the County's Greater Minnesota Transportation Sales and Use Tax. The majority of the fund balance, \$291,586,483, is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance, \$49,678,527, is not available for general spending due to restrictions for specific purposes or is considered non-spendable.

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Dakota County. At the end of 2018, the General Fund's fund balance was \$193,419,023 of which \$188,509,632 was committed, assigned or unassigned. At the end of 2016, due to the nature of activity in the Environmental Legacy Fund, this fund was combined with the General Fund. The Environmental Legacy Fund's unrestricted fund balance is committed for environmental enhancements and comprises 25.6%, of the total General Fund fund balance. See additional notes below, under Environmental Legacy.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance represents 83.6% of the 2018 total General Fund expenditures of \$225,425,061, while total fund balance represents 85.8% of total expenditures.

Highway Fund. The Highway Fund's total fund balance at 2018 was \$75,685,232 which is an \$11.3 million increase from 2017 due to an increase in grant reimbursements. The major reconstruction of County State-Aid Highway 14 in the City of South Saint Paul, County State-Aid Highway 50 in the City of Lakeville, and a four mile segment of County State-Aid Highway 86 in Castle Rock Township are some of the major projects the Highway staff has been working on.

DC Transportation Sales Tax Fund. The DC Transportation Sales Tax Fund was established in 2017. The purpose of this fund is the regional highway and transit investment as part of the broader county transportation system. The DC Transportation Sales Tax Fund's total fund balance at 2018 was \$42,654,986 which is restricted for statutorily defined transportation and transit projects.

Environmental Legacy. The Environmental Legacy Fund was established in 2015 from the transfer of activities originally organized within the Environmental Management Fund. These activities represent fees collected for the protection and preservation of the environment. Although the proceeds reported in this fund are from specific revenue sources, the use of these funds are reported as transfers to the General Fund or Special Revenue funds as costs related to environmental projects occur. The 2018 net fund balance of \$51,143,646 is now reported within the General Fund as committed and restricted fund balances.

Debt Service Fund. The Debt Service Fund has a zero fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year, as all payments for outstanding bonds were paid in full as of February 2016. There are no plans in the near future for new bond issuances.

Capital Projects Fund. The Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$103,094, this is an increase of \$688,514 from 2017 mainly due to the transfer of funds from the General Fund to cover the negative fund balance.

Proprietary Funds. Dakota County proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the governmentwide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position restricted for equipment replacement of the Geographic Information Systems Enterprise Fund at the end of the year totaled \$147,849, a slight increase of \$435 from 2017. The Byllesby Dam Enterprise Fund increased its investment in capital assets net position balance to \$12,640,982 for the purpose of maintaining the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission mandated spillway upgrade and likewise, this reduced the unrestricted net position balance at the end of the year to \$(1,247,952). The Employee Services Reserve Internal Service Fund, also regarded as a proprietary fund, has an unrestricted net position balance at the end of the year of \$8,163,626. The net position of the internal service fund decreased by \$3,874,546 over the past year due to the increased costs in premiums paid versus funds collected for self-insurance costs. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds are addressed in the discussion of Dakota County's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Comparison of Original Budget to Final Amended Budget

The difference between the General Fund's original budget and the final amended budget shows an increase of \$23,281,416 for expenditures at fiscal year-end. The major changes from original to final budget for expenditures may be summarized as follows:

- \$3.5 million for 2017 carry-over of unspent funds for data upgrades and expansion of network systems.
- \$1.9 million for carry-over of unspent funds for farmland conservation and matching grant funds.
- \$2.7 million for unspent funds for facilities maintenance and capital equipment.
- \$1.6 million for emergency management grants and 800MHz equipment.
- \$2.9 for public safety capital equipment, carry-over of unspent funds and program reallocations.
- \$5.7 million in human services for carry-over of unspent funds and increases in grant programs.
- \$3.4 million in unspent funds for environmental programs.

The difference between the original budget and final amended budget for revenues was \$6,137,248. The majority of this increase from original to final budget relates to increases in grant funding and carry-overs of 2017 revenues for various programs identified above.

Comparison of Actual Resources to Final Amended Budget

Actual expenditures were \$28,940,446 less than budgeted at fiscal year-end. The variance of final budget versus actual was due to a surplus in salaries and benefits and grant funded projects that have not been completed.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. Dakota County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2018, amounts to \$854,294,024 (net of accumulated depreciation). Investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The total increase in the Dakota County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$22,835,214, or 2.7%.

Major capital asset events during 2018 included the following:

- Worked on a variety of county road construction projects, trails, bridges and transit improvements totaling over \$30.8 million.
- Over \$4.9 million in investments of fleet and maintenance vehicles, and software and fiber upgrades.

Dakota County's Capital Assets

	Govern Activ	menta ⁄ities	1	Business-type Activities					Total			
	2018		2017 2018		2018	2017			2018		2017	
Land	\$ 257,017,485	\$	245,764,885	\$	-	\$	-	\$	257,017,485	\$	245,764,885	
Buildings	130.735.464		_	130.735.464			131,030,072					
Machinery and equipment	13,122,795		14,495,689		-		-		13,122,795		14,495,689	
Infrastructure	368,040,211		348,951,691		10,201,861		10,355,916		378,242,072		359,307,607	
Improvements other than buildings Construction in	45,562,954		37,360,485		-		-		45,562,954		37,360,485	
progress	27,174,133		43,190,095		2,439,121		309,977		29,613,254		43,500,072	
Total	\$ 841,653,042	\$	820,792,917	\$	12,640,982	\$	10,665,893	\$	854,294,024	\$	831,458,810	

Additional information on Dakota County's capital assets may be found in Note III. E. of this report.

Long-term Debt. At the end of 2018, Dakota County had zero bonded debt outstanding.

Dakota County maintains an "Aaa" rating from Moody's Investor Services, and an "AA+" rating from Standard & Poor's for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a county can incur to no more than 3% of the market value of taxable property in the county. With the final settlement of outstanding debt in 2016, the debt limitation for the County is not relevant for this report.

Additional information on Dakota County's long-term debt may be found in Note III. G. beginning on page 73 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- For the fourth year in a row, Dakota County has the lowest property tax rate among the Metropolitan counties. The County has continued to provide services with little increase in overall cost of government to residents. Property tax increases remain below the Consumer Price Index inflation rate.
- Dakota County's property tax values continue to rise, mostly due to appreciation in values. The 2019 total County property tax on a median home is expected to increase by 4.93% or \$29.82.
- The state just passed the 2020-2021 Biennial budget which included an increase to County Program Aid. The increased funding to Dakota county in the future will help meet the needs of citizens requiring special services, and provide general services to the public increases, and inflation adds pressure to overall costs for both County and State services. The County continues to apply principals of sound financial management when creating a structurally balanced budget and financial projections.

On December 18, 2018, the Dakota County Board of Commissioners approved the 2019 budget for \$409.5 million, an increase of \$37.9 million or 10.2% from the 2018 budget. Under the Adopted Budget, the total operating budget totals \$262.2 million, an increase of \$13.6 million or 5.5% more than the previous year. Additionally, the Adopted Budget

includes \$147.2 million for the 2019 Capital Improvement Program (CIP), an increase of \$24.2 million, or 19.7% more than the 2018 CIP.

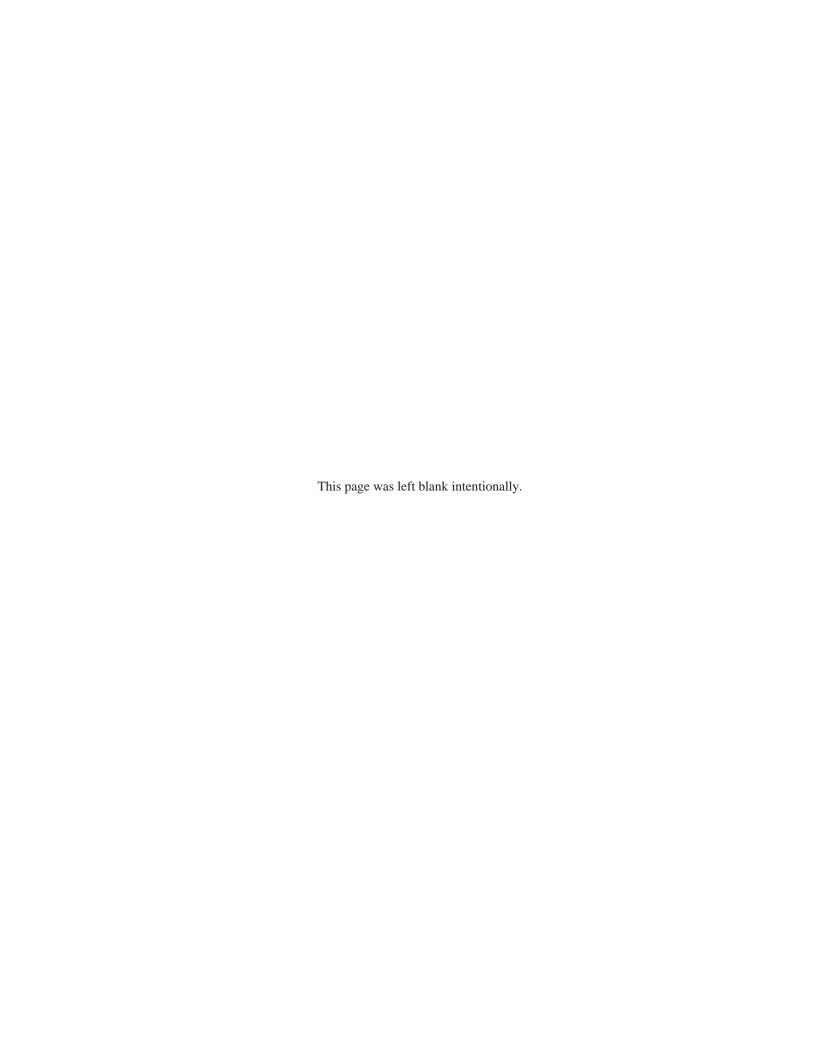
The 2019 total property tax levy is \$140.6 million, which is a \$3.9 million increase over the 2018 levy. Additionally, as a means of helping manage the risk of potential state aid reductions, the adopted budget assigns a portion of general purpose aid to the County's capital budgets.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Dakota County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Financial Services Department, 1590 Highway 55, Hastings, MN 55033 or contact us via email at finance@co.dakota.mn.us or visit our web site at www.dakotacountv.us.

Complete financial statements for the Dakota County Community Development Agency may be obtained at the CDA's website or in its administrative offices. Questions concerning any of the information should be addressed to the Finance Director of the Dakota County Community Development Agency, 1228 Town Centre Drive, Eagan, Minnesota 55123 or visit their web site at www.dakotacda.org

Basic Financial Statements



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Prim	ary Governme	nt		Compon	ent U	Jnits
	Governmental Activities		usiness-Type Activities		Total	Community Development Agency		Vermillion River Watershed
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and pooled investments Petty cash and change funds	\$ 377,421,853 19,946	\$	147,849	\$	377,569,702 19,946	\$ 82,768,735	\$	1,148,883
Investments Taxes receivable	19,940		-		19,940	27,376,444		- -
Current	_		_		_	4,508,906		58,368
Prior	1,101,705		_		1,101,705	-		1,940
Special assessments receivable	-		-		· · · · · ·	859,907		-
Accounts receivable Note receivable	2,599,606		-		2,599,606	1,878,171 59,699,697		53,050
Accrued interest receivable	843,749		-		843,749	2,075,926		-
Internal balances	983,440		(983,440)		-	-		-
Due from other governments	51,478,393		-		51,478,393	7,093,308		15,427
Inventories	2,089,350		-		2,089,350	-		-
Prepaid items	260,562		-		260,562	1,014,094		-
Restricted assets						27 001 600		
Cash and pooled investments	-		-		-	27,991,609		-
Investment in joint venture Lease receivable	2,460,116		-		2,460,116	7,903,201		-
Capital assets	2,400,110		-		2,400,110	-		-
Non-depreciable	284,191,618		2,439,121		286,630,739	44,729,862		_
Depreciable - net of accumulated	201,171,010		2,137,121		200,030,737	11,729,002		
depreciation	557,461,424		10,201,861		567,663,285	225,545,203		-
Total Assets	\$ 1,280,911,762	\$	11,805,391	\$	1,292,717,153	\$ 493,445,063	\$	1,277,668
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred pension outflows	\$ 30,860,976	\$	-	\$	30,860,976	\$ -	\$	-
Deferred charge on refundings						 86,169		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 30,860,976	\$	-	\$	30,860,976	\$ 86,169	\$	-
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable	\$ 10,697,538	\$	264,489	\$	10,962,027	\$ 4,107,117	\$	112,242
Salaries payable	4,730,571		-		4,730,571	306,108		-
Contracts payable	2,774,676		-		2,774,676	-		-
Due to other governments	944,044		23		944,067	718,375		1
Accrued interest payable	-		-		-	4,256,976		-
Unearned revenue	2,287,279		-		2,287,279	246,144		-
Capital leases payable	145 510				145 510			
Due within one year Compensated absences	145,518		-		145,518	-		-
Due within one year	368,034		_		368,034	489,749		_
Due in more than one year	18,930,932		_		18,930,932	455,701		_
Claims and judgments payable	,,				,,	,		
Due within one year	1,901,464		-		1,901,464	-		-
Due in more than one year	3,598,097		-		3,598,097	-		-
General obligation bonds payable								
Due within one year	-		-		-	3,360,000		-
Due in more than one year	-		-		-	81,132,611		-
Total OPEB liability Due in more than one year	8,791,677		-		8,791,677	-		-

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

			Prim	ary Governme	nt			Compor	nent U	nits
		Governmental Activities	Bı	usiness-Type Activities		Total		Community Development Agency		Vermillion River Watershed
<u>Liabilities (Cont.)</u>										
Net pension liability										
Due in more than one year	\$	97,784,557	\$	-	\$	97,784,557	\$	-	\$	-
Notes payable										
Due within one year		-		-		-		352,380		-
Due in more than one year		-				-	_	37,905,690		-
Total Liabilities	\$	152,954,387	\$	264,512	\$	153,218,899	\$	133,330,851	\$	112,243
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Deferred pension inflows	\$	44,346,692	\$	_	\$	44,346,692	\$	_	\$	_
Deferred OPEB inflows	Ť	369,939	-	-	-	369,939	-	-	-	-
Leases		2,460,116		_		2,460,116		-		-
Deferred property taxes inflow		-				-	_	9,992,615		
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	47,176,747	\$		\$	47,176,747	\$	9,992,615	\$	
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	838,737,456	\$	12,640,982	\$	851,378,438	\$	154,077,941	\$	-
Restricted for										
Capital projects		-		-		-		25,919,056		-
General government		1,204,135		-		1,204,135		-		-
Public safety		627,835		-		627,835		-		-
Highways and streets		70,733,276		-		70,733,276		-		-
Sanitation		1,467,076		-		1,467,076		-		-
Conservation of natural resources		221,134		-		221,134				-
Debt service		-		-		-		38,940,677		-
Equipment replacement		1,106,690		147,849		1,254,539		- 2 107 020		-
Federal grants		-		-		-		2,187,820		-
Tax increment		-		-		-		6,723,332 4,160,141		-
HOPE program Unrestricted		197,544,002		(1,247,952)		196,296,050		118,198,799		1,165,425
Total Net Position	\$	1,111,641,604	\$	11,540,879	\$	1,123,182,483	\$	350,207,766	\$	1,165,425

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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

					Pro	gram Revenues						Net (Expe	nse) Revenue and	Change	es in Net Positi	ion	
						~							_			Compone	ent U	nits
				Fees, Charges		Operating		Capital				ry Government	t			Community		Vermillion
				for Services,		Grants and		Grants and	(Governmental		siness-Type				Development		River
	_	Expenses	F	ines, and Other		Contributions		Contributions		Activities		Activities		Total		Agency		Watershed
Functions/Programs																		
Primary government																		
Governmental activities																		
General government	\$	84,613,959	\$	7,893,302	\$	4,902,994	\$	-	\$	(71,817,663)	\$	-	\$	(71,817,663)				
Public safety		44,040,881		2,418,920		8,868,822		-		(32,753,139)		-		(32,753,139)				
Highways and streets		44,100,007		789,920		36,629,521		31,272,243		24,591,677		-		24,591,677				
Sanitation		5,406,632		10,643,605		1,530,301		-		6,767,274		-		6,767,274				
Human services		87,735,585		1,913,574		50,180,826		-		(35,641,185)		-		(35,641,185)				
Health		10,202,972		871,760		4,420,029		-		(4,911,183)		-		(4,911,183)				
Culture and recreation		18,452,909		1,842,587		1,383,441		1,616,402		(13,610,479)		-		(13,610,479)				
Conservation of natural resources		3,470,791		513,655		1,662,649		-		(1,294,487)		-		(1,294,487)				
Economic development		9,774,538		-		6,380,251		-		(3,394,287)		-		(3,394,287)				
Interest	_	9,366								(9,366)		-		(9,366)				
Total governmental activities	\$	307,807,640	\$	26,887,323	\$	115,958,834	\$	32,888,645	\$	(132,072,838)	\$		\$	(132,072,838)				
Business-type activities																		
Geographic Information System	\$	3,565	\$	4,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	435	\$	435				
Byllesby Dam	_	755,385		704,290								(51,095)		(51,095)				
Total husiness temp activities	¢	758,950	¢	708,290	ø		•		¢		¢	(50,660)	4	(50.660)				
Total business-type activities	φ	750,950	φ	700,290	Ф	<u>-</u> _	φ		Φ		φ	(30,000)	φ	(50,660)				
Total primary government	\$	308,566,590	\$	27,595,613	\$	115,958,834	\$	32,888,645	\$	(132,072,838)	\$	(50,660)	\$	(132,123,498)				
Component units																		
Community Development Agency	\$	61,783,314	\$	29,999,773	\$	26,584,439	\$	6,724,778							\$	1,525,676	\$	
Vermillion River Watershed	ф	2,021,279	Ф	29,999,773 59,941	Ф	26,384,439	Ф	0,724,778							Ф	1,323,070	Ф	(1,688,334)
vernimon River watershed		2,021,279		39,941		273,004											_	(1,000,334)
Total component units	\$	63,804,593	\$	30,059,714	\$	26,857,443	\$	6,724,778							\$	1,525,676	\$	(1,688,334)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Program Revenues					Net	(Expe	nse) Revenue and	Chan	ges in Net Positi	on	
		-									Compone	ent Ur	nits
	Fees, Charges	Operating	Capital			Prima	ary Governmen	ıt			Community		Vermillion
	for Services,	Grants and	Grants and		Governmental	Bı	usiness-Type				Development		River
Expenses	Fines, and Other	Contributions	Contributions		Activities		Activities		Total		Agency		Watershed
	·								_				
General Revenues	•												
Property taxes				\$	137,667,064	\$	-	\$	137,667,064	\$	9,125,928	\$	890,963
Gravel taxes					758,483		-		758,483		-		-
Mortgage registry	and deed tax				632,849		-		632,849		-		-
Wheelage tax					4,060,282		-		4,060,282		-		-
Transit tax					18,092,372		-		18,092,372		-		-
Grants and contrib	butions not restricted to spe	ecific programs			19,152,689		-		19,152,689		-		-
Investment earning	gs				8,500,619		-		8,500,619		1,326,251		30,382
Miscellaneous					1,259,350		-		1,259,350		-		_
Gain on sale of cap	pital assets			_	301,350				301,350	_			
Total general re	evenues			\$	190,425,058	\$		\$	190,425,058	\$	10,452,179	\$	921,345
Change in net pos	sition			\$	58,352,220	\$	(50,660)	\$	58,301,560	\$	11,977,855	\$	(766,989)
Net Position - Begii Prior period adjustr	nning, as previously reporte	ed		\$	1,055,162,384 (1,873,000)	\$	11,591,539	\$	1,066,753,923 (1,873,000)	\$	338,229,911	\$	1,932,414
Titor period dajusti	ment (1 tote 2.c.)				(1,075,000)		<u>.</u>		(1,075,000)				
Net Position - Begi	inning				1,053,289,384		11,591,539	_	1,064,880,923	_	338,229,911	_	1,932,414
Net Position - End	ling			\$	1,111,641,604	\$	11,540,879	\$	1,123,182,483	\$	350,207,766	\$	1,165,425

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 General	 Highway	DC ansportation Sales Tax	Capital Projects	G	Other overnmental Funds	_	Total Sovernmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and pooled investments Petty cash and change funds Taxes receivable	\$ 195,966,771 15,760	\$ 73,122,853	\$ 41,207,783	\$ -	\$	29,060,317 4,186	\$	339,357,724 19,946
Prior Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable	910,565 1,988,846 843,749	52,856 158,271	- - -	12,607		125,677 360,741		1,101,705 2,507,858 843,749
Due from other funds Due from other governments Prepaid items Inventories	12,023,697 11,433,333 247,962	450,064 38,394,300 - 1,241,952	1,592,361 -	11,807,673		2,004,991 58,399 12,600		26,286,425 51,478,393 260,562 2,089,350
Lease receivable	 847,398 2,460,116	 1,241,952	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		-		2,460,116
Total Assets	\$ 226,738,197	\$ 113,420,296	\$ 42,800,144	\$ 11,820,280	\$	31,626,911	\$	426,405,828
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances								
Liabilities Accounts payable Salaries payable Claims and judgments payable - current Contracts payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue - other	\$ 6,538,575 4,271,037 55,234 5,779 15,295,439 940,916 2,137,571	\$ 780,500 189,507 - 2,238,773 873,195 (9)	\$ 115,346 - 1,009 28,803 -	\$ 1,591,407 - 247,767 9,866,214 - -	\$	853,110 270,027 - 281,348 551,265 3,137 149,708	\$	9,878,938 4,730,571 55,234 2,774,676 26,614,916 944,044 2,287,279
Total Liabilities	\$ 29,244,551	\$ 4,081,966	\$ 145,158	\$ 11,705,388	\$	2,108,595	\$	47,285,658
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue Leases Revenues deferred for highway allotments	\$ 1,614,507 2,460,116	\$ 5,574,808 - 28,078,290	\$ - - -	\$ 11,798 - -	\$	115,641 - -	\$	7,316,754 2,460,116 28,078,290
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 4,074,623	\$ 33,653,098	\$ 	\$ 11,798	\$	115,641	\$	37,855,160

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 General	 Highway	DC ansportation Sales Tax	 Capital Projects	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources and Fund Balances (Continued)</u>								
Fund Balances								
Non-spendable:								
Inventories	\$ 847,398	\$ 1,241,952	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,089,350
Prepaids	247,992	-	-	-		12,600		260,592
Missing heirs	46,729	-	-	-		-		46,729
Restricted for:			-					
Law library	-	-	-	-		620,053		620,053
Recorder's equipment purchases	1,106,690	-	-	-		-		1,106,690
Victim Witness	84,807	-	-	-		-		84,807
Boat and water	426,201	-	-	-		-		426,201
Attorney-Diversion	122,287	-	-	-		-		122,287
Sheriff-Alcohol compliance	2,584	-	-	-		-		2,584
Criminal forfeitures	94,439	-	-	-		239,545		333,984
Permit to carry	199,050	-	-	-		-		199,050
Gravel pit restoration	1,467,076	-	-	-		-		1,467,076
Aquatic invasive species	221,134	-	-	-		-		221,134
Transportation and transit	-	-	42,654,986	-		-		42,654,986
Child support fees	43,004	-	-	-		-		43,004
Committed to:			-					
Protection, preservation or			-					
enhancement of environment	49,455,436	-	-	-		-		49,455,436
Assigned to:			-					
General government	2,105,718	-	-	-		-		2,105,718
Public safety	5,000	-	-	-		-		5,000
Highways and streets	-	479,757	-	-		-		479,757
Human services	297,274	-	-	-		-		297,274
Culture and recreation	32,000	-	-	-		1,261,363		1,293,363
Economic development	-	-	-	-		13,320,145		13,320,145
Capital improvements	759,360	73,963,523	-	103,094		13,650,927		88,476,904
Liability and loss reserve	1,840,022	-	-	-		-		1,840,022
Capital equipment	8,744,485	-	-	-		298,042		9,042,527
CJIIN RMS	397,704	-	-	-		-		397,704
CJIIN Enterprise	578,819	-	-	-		-		578,819
Unassigned	 124,293,814	 	 -	 -				124,293,814
Total Fund Balances	\$ 193,419,023	\$ 75,685,232	\$ 42,654,986	\$ 103,094	\$	29,402,675	\$	341,265,010
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 226,738,197	\$ 113,420,296	\$ 42,800,144	\$ 11,820,280	\$	31,626,911	\$	426,405,828

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 341,265,010
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		841,653,042
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the governmental funds.		35,395,044
Deferred outflows of resources resulting from pension obligations are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.		30,860,976
An internal service fund is used by management to account for services provided to departments by employees, specifically employee benefits including compensated absences and other post employment benefits. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		8,163,626
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Captial leases payable Claims and judgments payable Net pension liability	\$ (145,518) (3,419,327) (97,784,557)	(101,349,402)
Deferred inflows resulting from pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		 (44,346,692)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,111,641,604

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	_	General		Highway		DC ansportation Sales Tax		Capital Projects	G	Other Sovernmental Funds	G	Total Sovernmental Funds
Revenues												
Taxes	\$	117,653,326	\$	10,427,048	\$	18,092,372	\$	1,110,010	\$	13,968,804	\$	161,251,560
Licenses and permits		1,855,383		300,878		-		-		94,522		2,250,783
Intergovernmental		94,143,594		57,760,386		1,223,422		25,555		6,067,905		159,220,862
Charges for services		19,375,579		495,084		-		-		1,804,281		21,674,944
Fines and forfeits		21,380		-		-		-		65,220		86,600
Gifts and contributions		11,146		-		-		-		62,273		73,419
Investment earnings		7,469,232		-		-		-		323,298		7,792,530
Miscellaneous		4,580,442		256,708		-		17,520		282,629		5,137,299
Total Revenues	\$	245,110,082	\$	69,240,104	\$	19,315,794	\$	1,153,085	\$	22,668,932	\$	357,487,997
Expenditures												
Current												
General government	\$	66,990,790	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	596,473	\$	67,587,263
Public safety		44,122,644		-		-		-		-		44,122,644
Highways and streets		783,094		58,133,275		584,867		-		-		59,501,236
Sanitation		5,351,296		-		-		-		-		5,351,296
Human services		86,751,403		-		-		-		-		86,751,403
Health		10,070,410		-		-		-		-		10,070,410
Culture and recreation		1,164,845		-		-		-		26,726,733		27,891,578
Conservation of natural resources		3,455,271		-		-		-		-		3,455,271
Economic development		6,585,031		-		-		-		3,471,904		10,056,935
Capital outlay		-		-		-		12,272,244		-		12,272,244
Debt service						-						
Principal		140,911		-		-		-		-		140,911
Interest		9,366		-	_					-		9,366
Total Expenditures	\$	225,425,061	\$	58,133,275	\$	584,867	\$	12,272,244	\$	30,795,110	\$	327,210,557
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)	Α.	10 (05 001	ф	11 10 (000	ф	10 530 005	Φ.	/44 440 4 = 0\	ф	(0.137.170)	ф	20.255.440
Expenditures	\$	19,685,021	\$	11,106,829	\$	18,730,927	\$	(11,119,159)	\$	(8,126,178)	\$	30,277,440

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 General	 Highway	Tr	DC ansportation Sales Tax	 Capital Projects	G	Other overnmental Funds	 Total Jovernmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from sale of assets	\$ 113,116 (13,966,718) 301,350	\$ 189,362 - -	\$	- - -	\$ 11,807,673 - -	\$	1,969,683 - -	\$ 14,079,834 (13,966,718) 301,350
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (13,552,252)	\$ 189,362	\$		\$ 11,807,673	\$	1,969,683	\$ 414,466
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 6,132,769	\$ 11,296,191	\$	18,730,927	\$ 688,514	\$	(6,156,495)	\$ 30,691,906
Fund Balance - January 1	187,165,151	64,365,966		23,924,059	(585,420)		35,559,170	310,428,926
Increase (decrease) in inventories	 121,103	 23,075			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 144,178
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 193,419,023	\$ 75,685,232	\$	42,654,986	\$ 103,094	\$	29,402,675	\$ 341,265,010

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 30,691,906
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for general capital assets, infrastructure, and other related capital assets Current year depreciation	\$ 46,069,024 (23,111,303)	22,957,721
In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported, whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the disposal increase financial resources. Therefore, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net		
book value of the disposed capital assets.		(2,097,596)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. The adjustment to revenue is the increase or decrease in unavailable revenue.		
Unavailable revenue - December 31 Unavailable revenue - January 1	\$ 35,395,044 (26,752,050)	8,642,994
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Principal repayments Capital lease		140,911
An internal service fund is used by management to account for services provided to departments by employees, specifically employee benefits including compensated absences and other post employment benefits. The net revenue		
of certain activities of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.		(2,001,546)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in claims and judgments payable Change in net pension liability Change in deferred outflows of resources Change in deferred inflows of resources	\$ (839,244) 26,563,979 (17,217,096) (8,633,987)	
Change in inventories	144,178	 17,830
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 58,352,220

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Budgeted	d Am	ounts		Actual	V	ariance with
		Original		Final		Amounts	F	inal Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	118,143,271	\$	117,812,286	\$	117,653,326	\$	(158,960)
Licenses and permits	Ψ	1,859,644	Ψ	1,859,644	Ψ	1,855,383	Ψ	(4,261)
Intergovernmental		78,553,197		95,123,460		94,143,594		(979,866)
Charges for services		27,311,414		17,031,553		19,375,579		2,344,026
Fines and forfeits		20,000		20,000		21,380		1,380
Gifts and contributions		3,599		3,599		11,146		7,547
Investment earnings		3,766,969		3,766,969		7,469,232		3,702,263
Miscellaneous		4,303,356		4,481,187		4,580,442		99,255
Total Revenues	\$	233,961,450	\$	240,098,698	\$	245,110,082	\$	5,011,384
Expenditures								
Current								
General government								
Commissioners	\$	805,406	\$	937,892	\$	787,463	\$	150,429
Courts services	Ψ	393,514	Ψ	393,514	Ψ	463,547	Ψ	(70,033)
County administration		1,986,184		2,252,243		1,641,380		610,863
OMB division administration		2,798,604		3,654,753		2,303,852		1,350,901
Public service and revenue admin		829,334		1,481,490		755,942		725,548
Service and license centers		2,131,722		2,311,172		2,331,498		(20,326)
Property taxation and records		3,136,623		3,095,606		3,662,750		(567,144)
County assessor		3,761,970		3,881,204		3,901,278		(20,074)
Elections		1,360,479		1,381,806		1,597,149		(215,343)
Accounting and auditing		2,829,324		3,006,943		2,708,810		298,133
Information technology		14,265,739		17,811,324		12,787,329		5,023,995
Operations management services		15,931,857		17,485,400		13,883,269		3,602,131
Employee relations		2,800,782		3,042,255		2,643,538		398,717
Attorney		7,427,105		8,126,469		7,305,705		820,764
Risk management		3,959,107		5,507,558		3,693,200		1,814,358
Physical development administration		2,997,676		4,202,035		3,028,232		1,173,803
Communications		945,400		972,153		833,562		138,591
County-wide operations		4,615,434		1,636,952		1,891,832		(254,880)
Veterans service officer		714,224		807,397		770,454		36,943
Total general government	\$	73,690,484	\$	81,988,166	\$	66,990,790	\$	14,997,376
Public safety								
Sheriff	\$	21,046,474	\$	22,712,647	\$	22,771,992	\$	(59,345)
Coroner		1,246,449		1,246,449		1,246,449		-
Community corrections		19,509,862		20,786,344		20,104,203		682,141
Total public safety	\$	41,802,785	\$	44,745,440	\$	44,122,644	\$	622,796

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted	l Amo	ounts	Actual	V	ariance with
	Original		Final	 Amounts	F	inal Budget
xpenditures						
Current (Continued)						
Highway and streets						
Other-highway and streets	\$ 860,063	\$	860,063	\$ 783,094	\$	76,969
Sanitation						
Environmental management	\$ 5,786,711	\$	6,198,107	\$ 5,277,516	\$	920,591
Other - Sanitation	 73,780		3,073,780	 73,780		3,000,000
Total Sanitation	\$ 5,860,491	\$	9,271,887	\$ 5,351,296	\$	3,920,591
Human services						
Administration	\$ 3,019,475	\$	3,590,382	\$ 2,497,000	\$	1,093,382
Income maintenance	27,561,385		27,896,702	26,842,960		1,053,742
Social services	 56,681,847		60,480,809	 57,411,443		3,069,366
Total human services	\$ 87,262,707	\$	91,967,893	\$ 86,751,403	\$	5,216,490
Health						
Public health	\$ 10,449,121	\$	11,480,576	\$ 10,070,410	\$	1,410,166
Culture and recreation						
Historical society	\$ 107,185	\$	132,185	\$ 132,185	\$	-
County fair	191,117		191,117	191,117		-
Parks	-		-	840,690		(840,690
County library	 -		-	 853		(853
Total culture and recreation	\$ 298,302	\$	323,302	\$ 1,164,845	\$	(841,543
Conservation of natural resources						
Soil and water conservation	\$ 318,437	\$	318,437	\$ 318,437	\$	-
Farmland and natural area program	3,150,666		5,017,882	552,311		4,465,57
County extension	349,888		379,876	343,271		36,60
Water resources	2,879,159		3,231,819	2,236,614		995,205
Other conservaton	 			 4,638		(4,638
Total conservation of natural						
resources	\$ 6,698,150	\$	8,948,014	\$ 3,455,271	\$	5,492,743
Economic development						
Administration	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 3,255,015	\$	(3,255,013
Community development	 4,161,988		4,780,166	 3,330,016		1,450,150
	\$ 4,161,988	\$	4,780,166	\$ 6,585,031	\$	(1,804,865

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts		Actual	V	ariance with
		Original		Final		Amounts	F	inal Budget
Expenditures								
Current (Continued)								
Expenditures								
Debt service								
Principal	\$	-	\$	-	\$	140,911	\$	(140,911)
Interest		-		-		9,366		(9,366)
Total debt service	\$		\$		\$	150,277	\$	(150,277)
T () T 14	ф	221 004 001	ф	254 265 505	ф	225 425 071	ф	20.040.447
Total Expenditures	\$	231,084,091	\$	254,365,507	\$	225,425,061	\$	28,940,446
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	2,877,359	\$	(14,266,809)	\$	19,685,021	\$	33,951,830
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	1,485,702	\$	113,116	\$	(1,372,586)
Transfers out		-		(13,369,621)		(13,966,718)		(597,097)
Proceeds from sale of assets		368,000		368,000		301,350		(66,650)
Total Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)	\$	368,000	\$	(11,515,919)	\$	(13,552,252)	\$	(2,036,333)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	3,245,359	\$	(25,782,728)	\$	6,132,769	\$	31,915,497
Fund Balance - January 1		187,165,151		187,165,151		187,165,151		-
Increase (decrease) in inventories		-		-		121,103		121,103
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	190,410,510	\$	161,382,423	\$	193,419,023	\$	32,036,600

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT BUDGET AND ACTUAL HIGHWAY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with	
	Original		Final		Amounts	I	Final Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 10,075,546	\$	10,226,349	\$	10,427,048	\$	200,699
Licenses and permits	215,000		215,000		300,878		85,878
Intergovernmental	48,153,359		120,865,811		57,760,386		(63,105,425)
Charges for services	454,802		507,852		495,084		(12,768)
Miscellaneous	 179,180		179,180		256,708		77,528
Total Revenues	\$ 59,077,887	\$	131,994,192	\$	69,240,104	\$	(62,754,088)
Expenditures							
Current							
Highway and streets							
Administration	\$ 713,222	\$	1,542,717	\$	1,449,326	\$	93,391
Maintenance	5,575,778		5,575,778		5,465,193		110,585
Construction	57,319,899		104,299,731		50,634,742		53,664,989
Survey	 638,938		638,938		584,014		54,924
Total Expenditures	\$ 64,247,837	\$	112,057,164	\$	58,133,275	\$	53,923,889
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$ (5,169,950)	\$	19,937,028	\$	11,106,829	\$	(8,830,199)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	\$ 	\$	189,362	\$	189,362	\$	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (5,169,950)	\$	20,126,390	\$	11,296,191	\$	(8,830,199)
Fund Balance - January 1	64,365,966		64,365,966		64,365,966		-
Increase (decrease) in inventories	 -		-		23,075		23,075
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 59,196,016	\$	84,492,356	\$	75,685,232	\$	(8,807,124)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT BUDGET AND ACTUAL DC TRANSPORTATION SALES TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance with		
	 Original		Final		Amounts	F	inal Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	18,092,372	\$	18,092,372
Intergovernmental	 787,500		787,500		1,223,422		435,922
Total Revenues	\$ 787,500	\$	787,500	\$	19,315,794	\$	18,528,294
Expenditures							
Current							
Highway and streets							
Administration	\$ 4,800,000	\$	4,800,000	\$	584,867	\$	4,215,133
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (4,012,500)	\$	(4,012,500)	\$	18,730,927	\$	22,743,427
Fund Balance - January 1	 23,924,059		23,924,059		23,924,059		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 19,911,559	\$	19,911,559	\$	42,654,986	\$	22,743,427

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Employee Services Reserve Internal Service Fund		
<u>Assets</u>					
Current assets: Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable (net)	\$	147,849	\$	38,064,129 91,748	
Due from other funds		-	-	1,477,545	
Total current assets	\$	147,849	\$	39,633,422	
Noncurrent assets Capital assets: Nondepreciable: Construction in progress Depreciable (net)	\$	2,439,121 10,201,861	\$	-	
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Total noncurrent assets	<u>\$</u>	12,640,982	\$		
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	12,788,831	\$	39,633,422	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Claims and judgements payable - current Compensated absences payable - current Due to other funds Due to other governments	\$	264,489 - - 983,440 23	\$	818,600 2,025,000 368,034 165,614	
Total current liabilities	\$	1,247,952	\$	3,377,248	
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences payable - long-term Total OPEB liability	\$	- -	\$	18,930,932 8,791,677	
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	-	\$	27,722,609	
Total Liabilities	\$	1,247,952	\$	31,099,857	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred inflows - OPEB	\$	-	\$	369,939	
Net Position Investment in capital assets Restricted for Equipment replacement Unrestricted	\$	12,640,982 147,849 (1,247,952)	\$	- - 8,163,626	
Total Net Position	\$	11,540,879	\$	8,163,626	
177 - 90-779-	<u>*</u>	,- 10,0.7		-,-50,020	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

			overnmental Activities - Employee	
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Services Reserve Internal Service Fund		
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 708,290	\$	25,773,534	
Miscellaneous	 		8,882	
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 708,290	\$	25,782,416	
Operating Expenses				
Personal services	\$ -	\$	602,545	
Professional services	-		182,864	
Medical claims	-		24,741,846	
Repairs and maintenance	601,330		-	
Administration and fiscal services	-		1,498,936	
OPEB expense	-		714,032	
Depreciation	154,055		-	
Other services and charges	 3,565		9,142	
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 758,950	\$	27,749,365	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (50,660)	\$	(1,966,949)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$	78,519	
Income before contributions and transfers	\$ (50,660)	\$	(1,888,430)	
Transfers out	 		(113,116)	
Change in Net Position	\$ (50,660)	\$	(2,001,546)	
Net Position - January 1, as previously reported Prior period adjustment (Note 2.C.)	\$ 11,591,539	\$	12,038,172 (1,873,000)	
Net Position - January 1	\$ 11,591,539	\$	10,165,172	
Net Position - December 31	\$ 11,540,879	\$	8,163,626	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Ser	overnmental Activities - Employee vices Reserve Internal ervice Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers and users Receipts from internal services provided Payments to suppliers	\$	708,658 - (422,844)	\$	8,930 25,522,238 (26,093,630)
Payments to suppliers Payments to internal services used		(422,844)		(77,419)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	285,814	\$	(639,881)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Due to governmental fund Transfers out	\$	983,440	\$	(113,116)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	<u>\$</u>	983,440	\$	(113,116)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Intergovernmental Purchases of capital assets	\$	193,108 (2,129,144)	\$	-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	<u>\$</u>	(1,936,036)	\$	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment earnings	\$		\$	78,519
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$		\$	78,519
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(666,782)	\$	(674,478)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1		814,631		38,738,607
Cash and Cash Equivalents at December 31	<u>\$</u>	147,849	\$	38,064,129
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Operating income (loss)	\$	(50,660)	\$	(1,966,949)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u> </u>			(1,700,747)
Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in due from other governments	\$	154,055 362 -	\$	(91,748) 48
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in claims and judgements payable		182,051 -		(159,548) 187,158 152,000
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable Increase (decrease) in due to other funds Increase (decrease) in due to other governments Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability		- - 6		567,238 (42,112) - 714,032
Total adjustments	\$	336,474	\$	1,327,068
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	<u>*</u>	285,814	<u>*</u> _\$	(639,881)
* · · / • · · ·				

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Private-Purpose Trusts		Agency Fund	
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and pooled investments	\$	691,518	\$	39,545,768
Due from other governments		161,917		671,335
Total Assets	\$	853,435	\$	40,217,103
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable	\$	28,462	\$	3,361,255
Due to other governments		161,917		36,855,848
Total Liabilities	\$	190,379	\$	40,217,103
Net Position				
Net position held in trust for other purposes	\$	663,056		
Total Net Position	\$	663,056		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	ate-Purpose Trusts
ADDITIONS:	
State Grants Minnesota Dept of Trial Courts Minnesota Dept of Public Safety Other agencies Investment earnings: Interest	\$ 620,705 1,155 156,289 1,661
Total additions	\$ 779,810
<u>DEDUCTIONS:</u>	
Judicial District expenses Solid waste expenses Emergency preparedness expenses	\$ 620,705 178,575 40,242
Total deductions	\$ 839,522
Change in net position	\$ (59,712)
Net position - January 1	 722,768
Net position - December 31	\$ 663,056

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Dakota County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This financial report has been prepared in conformity with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysisfor State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999.

Changes in Accounting Principles

The GASB has issued the following Statements since the previous Comprehensive Annual Financial Report submission for which the County has not yet implemented or has determined that they will have no effect on the County's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations - The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities - this statement will be effective for the County beginning with the year ending December 31, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 87 Leases - this statement will be effective for the County beginning with the year ending December 31, 2020.

A. Reporting Entity

Dakota County (County) was established October 27, 1849, and is an organized county having the powers, duties and privileges granted to counties by Minnesota State Statutes. A seven-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County governs the County. The accompanying financial statements present the County and its component units, for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. The blended component unit, although legally a separate entity, is in substance, part of the County's operations. The discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

Blended Component Unit - The Dakota County Regional Rail Authority (Authority) serves the citizens of the County. The seven member Regional Rail Authority Board is appointed by the Dakota County Board of Currently, the Regional Rail Authority Board consists of the seven Dakota County Commissioners. The Authority has the power to levy taxes, issue bonds and enter into contracts and agreements. The Authority was established to promote the development of transit options for the County, maintain involvement in metropolitan activities, including light rail transit and transit-related linkages, and play a role in the acquisition of abandoned railroad right-of-way for transportation purposes. Dakota County has operational responsibility for the Authority and includes its activity as a blended component unit since there is a mutual financial benefit. Separate financial statements are not available for the Regional Rail Authority.

Discretely Presented Component Units - Dakota County presents two discrete component units: 1) Dakota County Community Development Agency and 2) Vermillion River Watershed Joint Powers Organization.

The Dakota County Community Development Agency (CDA) was established in 1971 pursuant to special Minnesota legislation. The mission of the CDA is to improve the lives of Dakota County residents through affordable housing and community development. The CDA utilizes available federal, state, and local resources to

serve the residents of the County by working to upgrade and maintain the existing housing stock; encourage the construction of new housing affordable to low and moderate income households; promote economic development efforts and provide assistance to the County communities through community-development programs; and to provide low and moderate income family and senior households with decent, safe, and affordable rental housing opportunities.

The County appoints all seven members of the CDA's Board of Commissioners. Additionally the County has underwritten several of the bond issues of the CDA. The CDA is therefore included as a discretely presented unit because of the significance of the relationship between the CDA and the County.

Complete financial statements for the component unit may be obtained at the CDA's website or in its administrative offices:

> Dakota County Community Development Agency 1228 Town Centre Drive Eagan, Minnesota 55123 www.dakotacda.org

The Vermillion River Watershed Joint Powers Organization (VRW) was established in 2002 for purposes set forth in Minn. Stat. § 103B.201 within the political boundary of the Vermillion River watershed located in Dakota County and Scott County. The purpose of the VRW is to establish a joint powers board that will exercise leadership in the development of policies, programs and projects that will promote the accomplishment of the purposes found in Minn. Stat. § 103B.201, including the preparation, adoption and implementation of the plan required by Minn. Stat. § 103B.211 for the Vermillion River Watershed. The Vermillion River Watershed Joint Powers Board consists of one county commissioner from Scott County and two county commissioners from Dakota County. Additionally, the Vermillion River Watershed is a special taxing district within Dakota County. It is therefore included as a discretely presented component unit because of the significance of the relationship between the VRW and the County. Separate financial statements for the VRW are not available.

Joint Ventures - The County also participates in several joint ventures described in Note IV.D., and in jointlygoverned organizations described in Note IV.E.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental* activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely significantly on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns: (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column; and (b) are reported on a full-accrual, economic resources basis that recognizes all long-term assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and receivables as well as longterm debt and obligations. The County's net position is reported in three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets; (2) restricted net position; and (3) unrestricted net position. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not attributed to program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, the blended component unit, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and private purpose trust fund financial statements. Agency funds have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period for taxes, charges for services, and reimbursements for services and 90 days for intergovernmental grants. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those accounted for in another fund. In 2016, the Environmental Legacy Fund was combined with the General Fund.

Highway Special Revenue Fund accounts for all costs for maintenance and construction of streets and highways. Financing comes primarily from an annual property tax levy and restricted intergovernmental revenue from local, state and federal governments.

DC Transportation Sales Tax Fund accounts for the transit sales and use tax and vehicle excise tax and the expenditures of the qualified projects.

Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources restricted, committed or assigned for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the government. The County made the final payment for its general obligation bonds in 2016 so there was no activity in 2018.

Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources, restricted, committed or assigned, to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The government reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

- County Library Fund accounts for the operating cost of the Dakota County Library. Financing is provided by an annual property tax levy.
- County Parks Special Revenue Fund accounts for park acquisition, development and operating costs. Financing is provided by an annual property tax levy and restricted grants from Metropolitan Council.
- Regional Rail Special Revenue Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures of the Regional Rail Authority established by the Dakota County Board of Commissioners to plan and develop light rail and other transit alternatives within the County.
- <u>Law Library Fund</u> accounts for revenues and expenditures of the Law Library. Revenues are derived from fees collected from certain litigants and expenditures are primarily law books and minor administrative and personal service costs.
- Attorney Forfeiture Fund accounts for the 20 percent of the proceeds from the sale of forfeited property which is distributed to the County Attorney as a supplement to operating monies for prosecutorial purposes.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Enterprise Funds are used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

- Geographic Information System Fund accounts for the sale of geographic information such as data and maps.
- Byllesby Dam Fund accounts for the net revenue generated from producing electricity at the Byllesby Dam Hydro-electric facility and subsequently sold to Xcel Energy after expenses paid to a thirdparty operator contracted to operate the turbines and generators.

Employee Services Reserve Internal Service Fund accounts for the employee insurance and services provided to departments by employees, specifically employee benefits including compensated absences.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for resources legally held in trust for use by other governmental units. All resources of the funds, including any earnings on invested resources, may be used

to support the organization's activities. There is no requirement that any portion of these resources be preserved as capital.

- First Judicial District Fund accounts for certain expenses of the District and its subsequent reimbursement from the state. The First Judicial District is a subdivision of the state and is legally separate from the County. This fund also incorporates expenses for Dakota County District Court which is reimbursed by the state.
- Rural Solid Waste Commission Fund accounts for 13 townships and six rural communities in Dakota County who have pooled their resources to provide solid waste abatement activities for the rural areas. It is a legally separate entity for which the County is the fiscal agent. The County maintains membership in but not control over the Commission.
- Solid Waste Management Coordinating Board Fund accounts for local and state grant funds provided jointly to participating counties. Funds are used in solid waste environmental activities. The Board is a legally separate entity from the County. The County maintains membership in but not control over the Board, as a member, the County is providing fiscal services to the Board. This board was dissolved in 2018.
- Domestic Preparedness Team Fund accounts for the coordination of emergency preparedness and homeland security services. Membership includes Dakota County and 11 of the largest cities within the county.

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The agency fund accounts for the proceeds from the sales of vehicles forfeited for DUI, for all monies collected per State statute for sale of lands forfeited for unpaid taxes, for the State's share of funding for agricultural preserve property tax credit, for monies deducted from employees' salaries for benefits and payments on their behalf, for collection and payments of civil fees due to different municipalities and agencies, for cash seized as evidence or pending forfeiture action, for funds received from individuals booked into the County jail and returned to the individual upon their release, for receipts from redemption's, executions, sheriff sales and subsequently paid out, for clients' receipts from Social Security and maternity support, legal settlements, and Veterans Administration used for personal needs of the client, for the fees and fines collected which are to be remitted to the State and for the collection and payment of tax and penalties to various taxing districts.

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018. The GASB is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments for direct interfund services provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the Geographic Information System (GIS) enterprise fund is the sale of geographic information. The Byllesby Dam's primary source of revenue is the sale of electricity it generates from its Hydro-electric facility. The Employee Services Reserve Internal Service Fund's primary revenue is derived from charges for services to departments for employee benefits. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds and the internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Restatement of Net Position:

The County restated its beginning net position in the Self Insurance internal service fund and governmental activities in the financial statements previously issued. The incurred but not recorded (IBNR) liability related to the County's self-funded health insurance program has not previously been recorded. Beginning net position of the self-insurance internal service fund and governmental activities was decreased by \$1,873,000.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows Of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the County and the CDA to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, mutual funds, general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, bankers' acceptances, and guaranteed investment contracts subject to specific requirements. The County records its investment earnings in the General Fund as required by state statute unless directed otherwise by statutory or external authority.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value or amortized

2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1st on property values assessed as of the prior year. The tax levy is divided into two billings: the first half is due May 15th; the second half is due either October 15th or November 15th. No allowance for uncollectible taxes has been provided because such amounts are not expected to be material. Taxes, which remain unpaid by property owners at December 31st, are considered delinquent. The CDA's property tax levy is certified in December of each year to finance the budgeted expenditures of the subsequent fiscal year beginning on July 1st.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventory in the General Fund and the Highway Special Revenue Fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The inventory items within the General Fund include: postage meter, telephone equipment and fleet equipment. All inventories are evaluated based on the purchases method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and are evaluated based on the consumption method.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain funds of the County are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because the restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Therefore, their use is limited by applicable laws and regulations.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value. Computer software has a threshold of \$50,000 and is included in the category of Machinery and Equipment. Infrastructure has a threshold of \$50,000, Buildings and Building Improvements have a \$50,000 threshold, and Land has no minimum threshold; while Land Improvements have a \$50,000 threshold. Machinery and Equipment has a \$5,000 threshold and Controllable Items have no minimum threshold.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

For the CDA, major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method.

For the County the estimated useful lives are:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50-100
Building Improvements	10-30
Infrastructure	50-70
Machinery & Equipment	1-10
Land Improvements	10-30

For the CDA the estimated useful lives are:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land Improvements	15
Buildings & Improvements	10-40
Furniture & Equipment	3-10

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Currently, the County has one item, deferred pension outflows that qualifies for reporting in this category. These outflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and consist of changes in actuarial assumptions, pension plan contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and also the differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position. The CDA also reports a deferred charge on refunding in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Both the County and the CDA have items that qualify for reporting in this category. The County has deferred pension inflows, which arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and consist of differences between expected and actual pension plan economic experience and also pension plan changes in proportionate share, and accordingly are reported only in the statement of net position. Additionally, the County has unavailable revenue which is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from the following sources: property taxes, charges for services, grants receivable and miscellaneous revenue. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. For the CDA, unavailable revenue is reported from property taxes, loan repayments and special assessments. Because taxes are levied for subsequent periods, such amounts are reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide and the fund financial statements at June 30th.

7. Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Plan investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability is liquidated by each fund that has personal services.

8. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

9. Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused flex leave, vacation and sick pay benefits. Under the County's personnel policies and union contracts, County employees are granted flex leave or vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on length of service. Certain County employees are also granted compensatory time. Unused accumulated flex leave, vacation leave, compensatory time, and sick leave, are paid to employees upon termination. Vacation and sick leave accruals vary from 12 to 20 days per year. Flextime accruals vary from 20 to 40 days per year. A liability for the compensated absences is reported in the internal service fund and the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The current portion consists of those payments made to post-employment health care on behalf of the employees within 60 days of the year-end.

10. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

11. Classification of Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets - the amount of net position representing capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted net position - the amount of net position for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> - the amount of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

12. Classification of Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which Dakota County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Non-spendable - this fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted - fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - the committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the County Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned - amounts in the assigned fund balance classification the County intends to use for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents items set aside for capital projects or grant programs unspent in the current year which are approved by the County Board or the Financial Services Director. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent budget incentives or other intended uses established by the County Board or the Financial Services Director who has been delegated that authority by Board resolution.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other fund balance classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or committed.

Dakota County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

13. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The Minnesota State Auditor's Office recommends that local governments determine, establish and maintain a desired minimum level of unrestricted fund balance of their governmental funds that is sufficient to provide cash flow until the first tax collections are received, to support self-insurance activities, and fund legal obligations that will be paid out of cash at a later date. Also, local governments need to maintain a prudent level of financial resources to protect against a forced service level reduction or having to raise taxes or fees because of unpredicted one-time expenditures. It is the policy of Dakota County that it will follow the State Auditor's recommendation as stated above. Accordingly, Dakota County policy requires a minimum unrestricted fund balance, in the General Fund, at the end of the fiscal year equivalent to 20% of the total operating budget of the General Fund. The Board will be notified if fund balance levels fall below this stated level.

E. Revenues

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions, revenues for non-exchange transactions are recognized based on the principal characteristics of the revenue. Exchange transactions are recognized as revenue when the exchange occurs. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types. Under this basis, revenue is not recognized in the financial statements unless it is available to finance current expenditures.

Imposed Nonexchange Transactions

Imposed nonexchange transactions result from assessments by governments on non-governmental entities and individuals. Property taxes, fines and penalties, and property forfeitures are imposed nonexchange transactions.

Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes were levied, to the extent they are collected in the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes receivable but not available are reported as unavailable and will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year that they become available. Fines and penalties and property forfeitures are recognized in the period received.

<u>Intergovernmental</u>

Government-mandated nonexchange transactions occur when a government at one level provides resources to a government at another level and requires that government to use them for a specific purpose. The provider government establishes purpose restrictions and also may establish time requirements. Federal and state grants mandating that the County perform particular programs are government-mandated nonexchange transactions. Revenues are recognized when eligibility and time requirements are met, usually when the corresponding expenditure is incurred.

Voluntary nonexchange transactions result from legislative or contractual agreements, such as grants, entitlements, appropriations, and donations. The provider may establish purpose restrictions or eligibility requirements. Revenues are recognized in the year to which they apply according to the statute or contract. Gifts and contributions from individuals are also considered voluntary nonexchange transactions and are generally recognized when received.

Tax credits paid by the state are included in intergovernmental revenues and are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year that they become available. Subject to the availability criterion, state-aid highway allotments for highway maintenance and construction are recognized as revenue in the year of allotment.

Exchange Transactions

Special assessments levied against benefiting properties are recognized under the modified accrual basis when available to finance current expenditures. Other revenues, such as licenses and permits, charges for services, and investment income are recognized as revenue when earned.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except the Law Library and Attorney Forfeiture Special Revenue Funds, which are not budgeted. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

In accordance with state law, the County Board adopts the proposed property levy on or before September 15. The County Manager presents the recommended budget to the County Board who then holds public hearings on the proposed budgets with departments during October, November and December. In accordance with truth in taxation legislation, the County Board holds a public hearing for the budget on the first Thursday in December. The budget is adopted following the truth in taxation public meeting, typically during the final meeting of the year.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. This appropriated budget is adopted at the department level. Budgets may be amended during the year with the approval of the County Manager or County Board as required by the County Budget Compliance Policy. The County Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments or appropriate certain revenues received in excess of the original budget estimate. Supplemental appropriations are reviewed by the County Manager and submitted to the County Board for their approval. If approved, the adjustments are implemented by the Financial Services Department by budget revision. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department level.

The Board made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year. The material supplemental budgetary appropriations were:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General	\$ 23,281,416
Highway	\$ 47,809,327
Regional Rail	\$ 642,492
Capital Projects	\$ 10,080,956
County Library	\$ 780,969
County Parks	\$ 33,011,321

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2018, expenditures exceeded appropriations in Court Services in the General Fund by \$70,033, Service & License Centers in the General Fund by \$20,326, Property Taxation & Records in the General Fund by \$567,144, County Assessor in the General Fund by \$20,074, Elections in the General Fund by \$215,343, County-wide Operations in the General Fund by \$254,880, Sheriff in the General Fund by \$59,345, Parks in the General Fund by \$840,690, County Library in the General Fund by \$853, Other Conservation in the General Fund by \$4,638, Economic Development-Administration in the General Fund by \$3,255,015, Debt Service-Principal in the General Fund by \$140,911, and Debt Service-Interest in the General Fund by \$9,366. These excess expenditures were funded by available fund balance and current year savings.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Dakota County has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Additionally, each fund's equity in the County's investment pool is treated as a cash equivalent because the funds can deposit or effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.

2. Deposits and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the Director of Financial Services for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Pooled and fund investments are reported at their fair value or amortized cost at December 31, 2018. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments of governmental and fiduciary funds are credited to the General Fund. Other funds received investment earnings based on state statutes, grant agreements, contracts, and bond covenants. Pooled investment earnings for 2018 were \$7,964,113 which includes adjustments for year-end market valuations.

Reconciliation of Dakota County's and Vermillion River Watershed's total deposits, cash on hand, and investments to the basic financial statements are as follows:

Government-wide statement of net position	
Governmental Activities	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 339,357,724
Petty cash and change funds	19,946
Business-type activities	
Cash and pooled investments	38,211,978
Discrete Component Unit	
Vermillion River Watershed	
Cash and pooled investments	1,148,883
Statement of fiduciary net position	
Cash and pooled investments	
Private-purpose trust funds	691,518
Agency funds	39,545,768
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 418,975,817
Deposits	\$ 12,965,312
Petty cash and change funds	19,946
Investments	 405,990,559
Total Deposits, Cash on hand, and Investments	\$ 418,975,817

Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 authorize the County to designate a depository for public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit. Minn. Stat. §118A.03 requires that all district deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit plus accrued interest at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better, revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2018, the County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk. The County policy is that all cash certificates of deposit, and other depository accounts shall be collateralized by pledged securities as specified in Minn. Stat. § 118A.03.

Minn. Stat. § 118A.04 and 118A.05 generally authorize the following types of investments as available to the County:

- securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks:
- commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian (5) subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending (6) agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. To limit exposure to interest rate risk, the County's investment policy is to structure the portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and to invest operating funds primarily in shorter term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investing pools and limits the average maturity of the portfolio. The investment maturities are as follows:

At December 31, 2018, the County had the following investments:

Type of Security	Credit Risk	Less Than 1 Year	1-5 Years	More Than 5 Years	Total
US Government					
US Treasury Securities	Aaa	\$ 14,994,202	\$ 23,944,990	\$ 12,074,746	\$ 51,013,938
US Government Instrumentalities:					
Federal Agric Mortgage	N/R		7,568,250		7,568,250
Federal Farm Credit Bank	Aaa	1,142,054	3,568,984		4,711,038
Federal Home Loan Bank	Aaa	10,472,285	9,772,074		20,244,359
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	Aaa	6,890,531	14,287,829	852,178	22,030,538
Federal National Mortgage Assoc	N/R	7,356,783	20,915,349	12,029,997	40,302,129
Government National Mortgage Assn	Aaa			433,261	433,261
Small Business Administration	Aaa			3,205,179	3,205,179
Tennessee Valley Authority	N/R		7,929,138	3,062,002	10,991,140
Certificate of Deposit	N/R	1,243,639	1,208,565	242,722	2,694,926
Municipal Bonds	Aaa	841,875	4,370,289	472,444	5,684,608
Municipal Bonds	Aa1	769,502	5,525,430	1,262,009	7,556,941
Municipal Bonds	Aa2	198,676	5,233,573	3,140,674	8,572,923
Municipal Bonds	Aa3		3,156,867		3,156,867
Municipal Bonds	A1	299,184	1,232,624		1,531,808
Municipal Bonds	N/R	1,246,908	3,503,566	382,604	5,133,078
MAGIC Investment Portfolio					
Investment Term Portfolio	N/R	37,000,000			37,000,000
Investment Portfolio	N/R	35,308,794			35,308,794
Government Money Market Funds	N/R			112,070,101	112,070,101
Commercial Paper	P-1	26,780,681			26,780,681
Total Investments:		\$144,545,114	\$112,217,528	\$ 149,227,917	\$405,990,559

Credit Risk - Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Generally, it is the County's policy to invest in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute, which has established a minimum rating of "A" or better by at least one national bond rating agency.

The County's exposure to credit risk as of December 31, 2018 is listed in the table above, which displays rating assignments per Moody's Investors Service.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk-Investments</u> - The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As required by County policy, at December 31, 2018, all of Dakota County's investments are held by a third party custodian and were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment in a single issuer. It is the County's policy that U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. Agency Securities, and obligations backed by U.S. Treasury and/or U.S. Agency securities, may be held without limit. These investments are implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. Investments in any one category that represent 5% or more of the County's investments are as follows:

Issuer/Security	Amo	unt Invested	Percentage
US Treasury Securities	\$	51,013,938	12.57%
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.		40,302,130	9.93%
MAGIC Investment Term Portfolio		37,000,000	9.11%
Total	\$	128,316,068	31.61%

Dakota County measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

Debt securities classified in Level 1 are valued using a market approach quoted in active markets for those securities. All Level 2 debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

At December 31, 2018, the County had the following recurring fair value measurements:

			Fair Value Measurements:								
			Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets		Significant Other Observable Inputs		Significant Unobservable Inputs				
Investment Type	As	of 12/31/2018		(Level 1)	(Level 2)		(Level 2) (I		(Le	(Level 3)	
US Government:											
US Treasury Securities	\$	48,021,931	\$	48,021,931	\$	-	\$	-			
US Government Instrumentalities:											
Federal Agric Mortgage		7,568,250		-		7,568,250		-			
Federal Farm Credit Bank		4,561,046		-		4,561,046		-			
Federal Home Loan Bank		20,244,359		-		20,244,359		-			
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp		21,238,804		-		21,238,804		-			
Federal National Mortgage Assoc		40,302,130		-		40,302,130		-			
Government National Mortgage Assn		433,261		-		433,261		-			
Small Business Administration		3,205,179		-		3,205,179					
Tennessee Valley Authority		10,991,140		-		10,991,140					
Certificate of Deposit		1,694,926		-		1,694,926		-			
Municipal Bonds		31,337,040		-		31,337,040		-			
Total Debt Securities	\$	189,598,066	\$	48,021,931	\$	141,576,135	\$				
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value											
Levels	\$	189,598,066	\$	48,021,931	\$	141,576,135	\$	-			

As of June 30, 2018, the Community Development Agency (CDA) had the following investments:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)					rs)
Investment Type	Reported Amount/ Fair Value]	Less Than 1		1-5	N	Iore Than 5
U.S. Government Agencies:							
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	\$ 7,884,941	\$	-	\$	7,858,350	\$	26,561
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	1,335,828		-		-		1,335,828
Government Nat'l Mortgage Assoc.	191,793		-		-		191,793
Money market funds	52,021,105		52,021,105		-		-
Local government investment pool	58,276,407		58,276,407		-		-
	\$ 119,710,074	\$	110,297,512	\$	7,858,350	\$	1,554,182

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the fair values of investments with longer maturities are more sensitive to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with its investment policy, the CDA manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting non-bond reserve investment maturities to five years or less. The mortgage backed securities held by the CDA have maturities exceeding five years and were obtained through the Boardapproved defeasance of several single family bond issues and are expected to be held until maturity.

Credit Risk - Generally, credit risk is the risk that an insurer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The CDA's investment policy places no restrictions on credit risk other than requiring compliance with State Law. State Law does not limit investments in securities of U.S. Government Agencies including mortgaged backed securities by credit quality. The local government investment pool and money market mutual funds are unrated. Investments held by the local government investment pool conform to state restrictions while the investments in money market mutual funds comply with state requirements for being rated in one of the highest two categories by a NRSRO. The money market funds include commercial paper investments which comply with state requirements to be rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and having maturities of 270 days or less.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The CDA places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At June 30, 2018, the CDA had more than five percent of its total investments with the Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Association, money market funds, and the local government investment pool.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits</u> - In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the CDA's deposits may not be returned to it. The CDA follows MN State Statutes which require all deposits with financial institutions to be collateralized in an amount equal to 110 percent of deposits in excess of FDIC insurance. At June 30, 2018, all CDA's deposits were adequately protected by pledged collateral and federal depository insurance.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk-Investments</u> - For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the CDA will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2018, all investments were held by counterparties, were insured or registered, and were not exposed to custodial risk.

Fair value reporting. The CDA's investments that are not recorded at amortized cost or using the equity method are recorded at fair value as of June 30, 2018. GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset between market participants at the measure date. This statement establishes a hierarchy of valuation inputs based on the extent to which the inputs are observable in the market place.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The following describes the hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value and primary valuation methodologies used for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Level 1: Investments whose values are based on quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets (liabilities) in active markets that a government can access at measurement date.
- Level 2: Investments with inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for an asset (liability), either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Investments classified as Level 3 have unobservable inputs for an asset (liability) and may require a degree of professional judgment.

At June 30, 2018, of the U.S. Government Agencies totaling \$9,412,562, were classified as Level 2. Money market funds and a local government investment pool of \$52,021,105 and \$58,276,407 were not subject to leveling as these investments were carried at amortized cost.

B. Receivables

There is currently no allowance for uncollectible receivables. The collection rate for taxes exceeds 99% and it has been determined that the other receivables will be collected within one year.

Government funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Deferred inflows of	
	resources	Unearned
Property taxes receivable	\$ 1,082,517	\$ -
Charges for services	-	114,943
Grant receivables that do not provide current financial resources	28,078,290	-
Reimbursement from other governments	5,526,148	-
Miscellaneous	708,089	526,077
Lease receivable	2,460,116	-
Grant drawdowns prior to meeting all eligibility requirements		1,646,556
Total deferred inflows of resources/ unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$ 37,855,160	\$ 2,287,576

C. Notes Receivable

The CDA has issued various notes to individuals, businesses, not-for-profits, governmental units, and joint ventures. These notes are generally secured by liens on real and personal property and allowances for uncollectible loans are generally not recorded as such amounts are not expected to be material. Notes receivable at June 30, 2018 consist of the following:

Loan Description	Loan Balance	
Homebuyer loans	\$	3,747,244
Homeowner rehab loans:	\$	14,991,315
Discretely Presented Component Unit		
(DCPU) loans:		
First Mortgage		5,114,092
Other		14,193,660
Revolving		651,441
	\$	19,959,193
Multifamily loans:		
Deferred	\$	11,827,138
Installment	-	8,893,401
	\$	20,720,539
Supportive housing	\$	281,406
	\$	59,699,697
Current portion	\$	1,090,042
Noncurrent portion	\$	58,609,655
	\$	59,699,697

D. Lease Receivable

Dakota Communications Center Joint Powers Board

Issuing \$6,050,000 of G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Bonds in 2005, the County constructed a new building to be used for a centralized dispatch center, which is leased by the Dakota Communications Center Joint Powers Board. The term of the lease is for 15 years beginning September 2007 to September 30, 2022. The tenant shall pay rent in the amount of \$48,056 per month, which is equal to 1/180 of the total principal and interest costs incurred by the County, repaid by the tenant over 15 years, with interest at the bond issue rate, to finance the design and construction of the premises. The total principal and interest costs of the bonds to be paid by the tenant are \$8,119,410. The base rent payment schedule will result in the tenant repaying the County for the total principal and interest costs of the bond issue and tenant agrees to pay the County its lost opportunity costs during this two year period on the unpaid balance of the base rent (at a rate equal to the bond interest rate), resulting in total base rent payments of \$8,650,048. The lease agreement also includes rent for additional construction costs of \$1,650,000. The rent is \$12,369 per month to be paid for 180 months.

The annual lease requirement payments to maturity are as follows:

Year Ended December 31		<u>Receivable</u>
2019	\$	725,100
2020		725,100
2021		725,100
2022		483,400
Total Lease Receivable	\$	2,658,700
Less Interest		(315,826)
Present Value of Lease Receivable	\$	2,342,874

After the 60th month, the tenant shall pay additional repair and maintenance rent in an amount equal to 2% annually of the cost to construct the premises to fund a reserve account for future building repairs and replacement of building components, equipment and fixtures. Beginning with the rent due for the 73rd month after the Commencement Date and annually thereafter, the amount of repair and maintenance rent will be adjusted by the annualized rate of inflation using the January Minnesota CPIU for the previous calendar year.

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018, was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 245,764,885	\$ 11,252,600	\$ -	\$ 257,017,485
Construction in progress	43,190,095	34,402,239	(50,418,201)	27,174,133
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 288,954,980	\$ 45,654,839	\$(50,418,201)	\$ 284,191,618
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 210,866,060	\$ 4,104,020	\$ -	\$ 214,970,080
Improvements other than buildings	47,498,089	11,026,028	-	58,524,117
Machinery and equipment	44,541,242	4,905,600	(4,549,842)	44,897,000
Infrastructure	545,173,432	30,796,738		575,970,170
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 848,078,823	\$ 50,832,386	\$ (4,549,842)	\$ 894,361,367
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	\$ (79,835,988)	\$ (4,398,628)	\$ -	\$ (84,234,616)
Improvements other than buildings	(10,137,604)	(2,823,559)	-	\$ (12,961,163)
Machinery and equipment	(30,045,553)	(4,180,898)	2,452,246	\$ (31,774,205)
Infrastructure	(196,221,741)	(11,708,218)	-	\$ (207,929,959)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (316,240,886)	\$ (23,111,303)	\$ 2,452,246	\$ (336,899,943)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 531,837,937	\$ 27,721,083	\$ (2,097,596)	\$ 557,461,424
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 820,792,917	\$ 73,375,922	\$(52,515,797)	\$ 841,653,042
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction / development in progress	\$ 309,977	\$ 2,129,144	\$ -	\$ 2,439,121
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 309,977	\$ 2,129,144	\$ -	\$ 2,439,121
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	\$ 10,783,855	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,783,855
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 10,783,855	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,783,855
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	\$ (427,939)	\$ (154,055)	\$ -	\$ (581,994)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (427,939)	\$ (154,055)	\$ -	\$ (581,994)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 10,355,916	\$ (154,055)	\$ -	\$ 10,201,861
Business-type activities:	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Capital assets, net	\$ 10,665,893	\$ 1,975,089	\$	\$ 12,640,982

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 3,593,876
Public Safety	1,462,269
Highways and Streets, including depreciation of general infrastructure	14,084,391
Human Services	45,656
Health	7,162
Economic Development	-
Culture and Recreation	3,885,673
Conservation of Natural Resources	31,254
Sanitation	1,022
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 23,111,303
Business-type activities:	
Infrastructure	\$ 154,055
Total depreciation expensebusiness-type activities	\$ 154,055

Construction Commitments

The County has active construction projects as of December 31, 2018. The projects include street construction in areas with newly developed housing, widening and construction of existing streets and bridges, and prairie restoration, culverts, sewer, landscaping and lighting for parks and trails. At year-end the government's major commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Spent-to-Date			Remaining ommitment
<u>Project</u>				
Street Construction	\$	69,340,095		\$ 4,646,786
Parks Construction		7,453,956	_	1,602,090
	\$	76,794,051	= :	\$ 6,248,876

Street and parks construction are being financed by County taxes and intergovernmental revenue from Local, State and Federal Governments.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Activity for the CDA for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Government activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 32,469,426	\$ 852,777	\$ 933,686	\$ 32,388,517
Construction in progress	178,237	274,215	452,452	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:	\$ 32,647,663	\$ 1,126,992	\$ 1,386,138	\$ 32,388,517
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	\$ 6,321,709	\$ 351,594	\$ 150,309	\$ 6,522,994
Buildings	225,225,068	5,090,097	382,894	229,932,271
Furniture and equipment	9,434,724	148,095	523,923	9,058,896
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 240,981,501	\$ 5,589,786	\$ 1,057,126	\$ 245,514,161
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	\$ (4,660,005)	\$ (404,014)	\$ (98,200)	\$ (4,965,819)
Buildings	(70,592,350)	(6,995,236)	(62,268)	(77,525,318)
Furniture and equipment	(7,835,107)	(475,364)	(441,278)	(7,869,193)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (83,087,462)	\$ (7,874,614)	\$ (601,746)	\$ (90,360,330)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 157,894,039	(2,284,828)	455,380	155,153,831
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 190,541,702	\$ (1,157,836)	\$ 1,841,518	\$ 187,542,348
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 12,339,219	\$ 5,275	\$ 3,149	\$ 12,341,345
Construction in progress	2,695,371		2,695,371	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 15,034,590	\$ 5,275	\$ 2,698,520	\$ 12,341,345
Capital assets, being depreciated:				-
Land improvements	\$ 4,943,865	\$ 228,618	\$ -	\$ 5,172,483
Buildings	78,340,276	3,819,182	15,113	82,144,345
Residential equipment	1,441,940	70,226		
Furniture and equipment	24,786	2,296		27,082
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 84,750,867	\$ 4,120,322	\$ 15,113	\$ 88,856,076
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	\$ (1,908,390)	\$ (327,915)	\$ -	\$ (2,236,305)
Buildings	(12,948,161)	(2,000,897)	-	(14,949,058)
Residential equipment	(1,135,214)	(121,667)		(1,256,881)
Furniture and equipment	(20,431)	(2,029)		(22,460)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (16,012,196)	\$ (2,452,508)	\$ -	\$ (18,464,704)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 68,738,671	\$ 1,667,814	\$ 15,113	\$ 70,391,372
Business-type activities, capital assets, net	\$ 83,773,261	\$ 1,673,089	\$ 2,713,633	\$ 82,732,717

As of June 30, 2018, the CDA's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Component Unit

			Re	maining	
Project_	Sp	ent-to-Date	Commitment		
Senior housing development	\$	9,439,257	 \$	62,250	
8 r		., , -	 	- ,	

The cost and accumulated depreciation of capital assets relating to operating leases and reported as businesstype activities is \$949,624 and \$356,805 respectively for a carrying value of \$592,819.

F. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2018, is as follows:

Capital Projects 9,866,214 Nonmajor Governmental Funds 299,843 Internal Service Fund 1,113,746 Highway General 189,362 DC Transportation Sales Tax 28,803 Nonmajor Governmental Funds 231,899 Capital Projects General 11,807,673 Nonmajor Governmental Funds General 1,969,683 Internal Service Fund 35,308 Internal Service Fund 35,308 Internal Service Fund 1,328,721 Highway 129,301 Nonmajor Governmental Funds 19,523	Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Internal Service Fund	General	Highway	\$	743,894
Highway General DC Transportation Sales Tax Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Projects Nonmajor Governmental Funds General Internal Service Fund General Internal Service Fund General Internal Service Fund General Highway Nonmajor Governmental Funds Funds 1,113,746 189,362 231,899 11,807,673 1,969,683 Internal Service Fund 35,308 Internal Service Fund Highway 129,301 Nonmajor Governmental Funds 19,523		Capital Projects		9,866,214
Highway General DC Transportation Sales Tax Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Projects General Nonmajor Governmental Funds General Internal Service Fund General Highway Nonmajor Governmental Funds Highway Nonmajor Governmental Funds 189,362 231,899 11,807,673 11,807,673 11,969,683 11,969,683 11,328,721 Highway 129,301 Nonmajor Governmental Funds 19,523		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		299,843
DC Transportation Sales Tax Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Projects General Internal Service Fund General Internal Service Fund General Highway Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds Funds General Highway Nonmajor Governmental Funds 1,328,721 Highway Nonmajor Governmental Funds 19,523		Internal Service Fund		1,113,746
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Projects General I1,807,673 Nonmajor Governmental Funds General Internal Service Fund General Highway Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds 1,328,721 Highway Nonmajor Governmental Funds 19,523	Highway	General		189,362
Capital Projects General 11,807,673 Nonmajor Governmental Funds General 1,969,683 Internal Service Fund 35,308 Internal Service Fund General 1,328,721 Highway 129,301 Nonmajor Governmental Funds 19,523		DC Transportation Sales Tax		28,803
Nonmajor Governmental Funds General Internal Service Fund Internal Service Fund General Highway Nonmajor Governmental Funds 1,969,683 1,328,721 1,328,721 129,301 Nonmajor Governmental Funds 19,523		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		231,899
Internal Service Fund 35,308 Internal Service Fund General 1,328,721 Highway 129,301 Nonmajor Governmental Funds 19,523	Capital Projects	General		11,807,673
Internal Service Fund General 1,328,721 Highway 129,301 Nonmajor Governmental Funds 19,523	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General		1,969,683
Highway129,301Nonmajor Governmental Funds19,523		Internal Service Fund		35,308
Nonmajor Governmental Funds 19,523	Internal Service Fund	General		1,328,721
,		Highway		129,301
Total \$ 27.763.970		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		19,523
ψ 27,703,770	Total		\$	27,763,970

All interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund Transfers:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	A	mount
General	Internal Service Fund	\$	113,116
Highway	General		189,362
Capital Projects	General		11,807,673
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General		1,969,683
Total		\$	14,079,834

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the Debt Service Fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due. Transfers additionally move unrestricted General Fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs.

G. Long-Term Debt

Primary Government

General Obligation Bonds

The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

Bonds payable at December 31, 2018 are zero as the County paid the final amount due on the General Obligation Refunding Bonds issued in 2007. These bonds refunded outstanding General Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds, series 1999A and 2001A. On February 1, 2016 the County chose to make an early payoff of \$23,420,000 to satisfy all outstanding bond obligations.

Capital Lease

In 2015, the County entered into a capital lease agreement for network switches. This agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes. The network switches are recorded by the County as capital assets as machinery and equipment at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception of the lease.

			Payment		
Lease	Maturity	Installment	 Amount	 Original	 Balance
Network Switches	2019	Annually	\$ 150,277	\$ 704,080	\$ 140,910

Future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2018, were as follows:

Year Ending	
December 31	
2019	\$ 150,276
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 150,276
Less amount representing interest	 (9,366)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 140,910

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance (Restated)	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Capital leases payable	\$ 286,429	\$ -	\$ (140,911)	\$ 145,518	\$ 145,518
Claims and judgments	4,457,482	27,820,233	(26,778,154)	5,499,561	1,901,464
Compensated absences	18,731,728	14,947,449	(14,380,211)	19,298,966	368,034
Governmental activity					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 23,475,639	\$ 18,207,894	\$ (41,299,276)	\$ 24,944,045	\$ 2,415,016

The internal service fund predominantly serves the governmental funds. Accordingly, its long-term liabilities are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. Also, for the governmental activities, capital leases, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. Bonded debt is paid from the Debt Service Fund.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Activity for the CDA for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

Notes Payable

Governmental Activities:

\$600,000 General Fund, Housing Resources Performance Pilot Loan payable to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. This non-interest bearing note is dated December 21, 2006 and it provided financing for a \$600,000 note receivable dated September 14, 2007 to the Rosemount Family Housing Limited Partnership, a joint venture. This note receivable requires 1% simple interest on the unpaid balance with accrued interest and principal due in one lump sum on September 1, 2043.

Business-Type Activities:

\$3,523,380 Youth Housing Enterprise Fund, Publicly Owned Housing Program (POHP) note payable to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA). MHFA provided funds in the form of an interest free, deferred loan for a term of twenty years. There is no amortization requirement on the POHP loan. The loan will be forgiven on the twenty-first (21st) anniversary from the effective date of June, 2009. The purpose of the loan was to provide financing for the construction of a 25-unit housing development.

\$697,649 Youth Housing Enterprise Fund, Ending Long-term Homelessness Initiative Fund (ELHIF) note payable to the MHFA. The loan is for a term of thirty years with zero percent (0%) interest per year. The principal is due and payable in one lump sum on June 1, 2039. The purpose of the loan was to provide financing for the construction of a 25-unit housing development.

\$466,000 Public Housing enterprise fund, Publicly Owned Housing Program (POHP) note payable to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA). MHFA provided funds in the form of an interest free, deferred loan for a term of twenty years. There is no amortization requirement on the POHP loan. The loan will be forgiven

on the twenty-first (21st) anniversary from the effective date of February, 2017. The purpose of the loan was to provide financing for the exterior improvements of public housing units in Apple Valley and Hastings.

\$315,000 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, note payable to the Family Housing Fund. The loan is for a term of 30 years with simple interest of one percent (1%) on the unpaid principal amount until the maturity date of December 14, 2025. The loan was initially made to the Eagan Family Housing Limited Partnership, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of construction. Upon dissolution in 2012, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$456,000 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, Low Income Large Family note payable to MHFA. The loan is for a term of 30 years with interest of one percent (1%) per year accruing on the unpaid amount. The principal and all accrued interest shall be due and payable in one lump sum on December 14, 2025. The loan was initially made to the Eagan Family Housing Limited Partnership, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2012, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$125,000 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, note payable to the Family Housing Fund. The loan is for a term of 30 years with simple interest of one percent (1%) on the unpaid principal amount until the maturity date of January 4, 2025. The loan was initially made to the Inver Grove Heights Family Housing Limited Partnership, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2012, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$360,000 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, Low Income Large Family note payable to MHFA. The loan is for a term of 30 years with interest of one percent (1%) per year accruing on the unpaid amount. The principal and all accrued interest shall be due and payable in one lump sum on January 4, 2025. The loan was initially made to the Inver Grove Heights Family Housing Limited Partnership, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2012, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$170,000 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, note payable to the Family Housing Fund. The loan is for a term of 30 years with simple interest of one percent (1%) on the unpaid principal amount until the maturity date of June 18, 2023. The loan was initially made to the Apple Valley Family Housing Limited Partnership, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2013, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$360,000 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, Low Income Large Family note payable to MHFA. The loan is for a term of 30 years with interest of one percent (1%) per year accruing on the unpaid amount. The principal and all accrued interest shall be due and payable in one lump sum on June 18, 2023. The loan was initially made to the Apple Valley Family Housing Limited Partnership, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2013, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$396,000 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, Low Income Large Family note payable to MHFA. The loan is for a term of 30 years with interest of one percent (1%) per year accruing on the unpaid amount. The principal and all accrued interest shall be due and payable in one lump sum on February 25, 2027. The loan was initially made to the Hastings Family Housing Limited Partnership, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2013, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

2018

\$175,000 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, note payable to the Family Housing Fund. The loan is simple interest of one percent (1%) on the unpaid principal amount until the maturity date of October 1, 2029. The loan was initially made to the Hastings Family Housing Limited Partnership, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2013, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$210,480 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, Affordable Rental Investment Fund note payable to MHFA. The loan is for a term of 30 years with interest of one percent (1%) per year accruing on the unpaid amount. The principal and all accrued interest shall be due and payable in one lump sum on February 25, 2027. The loan was initially made to the Hastings Family Housing Limited Partnership, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2013, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$220,000 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, Affordable Rental Investment Fund note payable to MHFA. The loan is for a term of 30 years with interest of one percent (1%) per year accruing on the unpaid amount. The principal and all accrued interest shall be due and payable in one lump sum on June 26, 2028. The loan was initially made to the Lakeville Family Housing Limited Partnership, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2013, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$280,000 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, note payable to the Family Housing Fund. The loan is for a term of 30 years with simple interest of one percent (1%) on the unpaid principal amount until the maturity date of June 26, 2028. The loan was initially made to the Lakeville Family Housing Limited Partnership, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2013, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$10,651 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, note payable to Family Housing Fund. The loan is for a term of 30 years with interest of one percent (1%) per year accruing on the unpaid amount. Annual payment of \$2,790 with balance of principal and interest due and payable on September 25, 2021. The loan was initially made to the Burnsville Family Housing Limited Partnership, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2014, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$360,000 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, Low Income Large Family note payable to MHFA. The loan is for a term of 30 years with interest of one percent (1%) per year accruing on the unpaid amount. The principal and all accrued interest shall be due and payable in one lump sum on September 22, 2022. The loan was initially made to the Burnsville Family Housing Limited Partnership, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2014, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$290,000 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, note payable to Family Housing Fund. The loan is for a term of 30 years with simple interest of one percent (1%) on the unpaid principal amount until the maturity date of May 27, 2029. The loan was initially made to the Chasewood Family Housing Limited Partnership, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2014, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$319,591 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, Affordable Rental Investment Fund, note payable to MHFA. The loan is for a term of 30 years with simple interest of one percent (1%) on the unpaid amount until the maturity date of May 27, 2029. The loan was initially made to the Chasewood Family Housing

Limited Partnership, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2014, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$230,000 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, note payable to Family Housing Fund. The loan is for a term of 30 years with simple interest of one percent (1%) on the unpaid amount until the maturity date of October 26, 2030. The loan was initially made to the Lakeville Family Housing Limited Partnership 2, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2016, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$555,000 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, note payable to MHFA ARIF Fund. The loan is for a term of 30 years with simple interest of one percent (1%) on the unpaid amount until the maturity date of October 26, 2030. The loan was initially made to the Lakeville Family Housing Limited Partnership 2, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2016, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$230,000 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, note payable to Family Housing Fund. The loan is for a term of 30 years with simple interest of one percent (1%) on the unpaid amount until the maturity date of January 24, 2031. The loan was initially made to the Mendota Heights Family Housing Limited Partnership, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2016, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$358,427 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, note payable to Family Housing Fund. The loan is for a term of 30 years with simple interest of one percent (1%) on the unpaid amount until the maturity date January 24, 2031. The loan was initially made to the Lakeville Family Housing Limited Partnership 2, a joint venture, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2016, the liabilities of the joint venture were transferred to the Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC.

\$300,000 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, a blended component unit, note payable to Family Housing Fund. The loan is for a term of 30 years with zero percent interest (0%). The principal is due and payable at the maturity date of September 6, 2032. The loan was initially made to the Hastings Marketplace Family Housing Limited Partnership, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2017, the liabilities of the partnership were transferred to the LLC.

\$219,526 Dakota County Workforce Housing LLC, note payable to MHFA ARIF Fund. The loan is for a term of 30 years with a simple interest of one percent (1%) on the unpaid principal amount until the maturity date of January 27, 2033. The loan was initially made to the Hastings Marketplace Family Housing Limited Partnership, to provide financing for a portion of the construction. Upon dissolution in 2017, the liabilities of the partnership were transferred to the LLC.

The annual principal and interest maturities for notes payable in business-type activities for fiscal years subsequent to June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2019	\$ 222,684	\$ 46,262	\$ 268,946
2020	2,710	59	2,769
2021	2,737	32	2,769
2022	2,520	6	2,526
2023	890,000	280,715	1,170,715
2024-2028	2,317,480	641,087	2,958,567
2029-2033	6,025,924	657,322	6,683,246
2034-2038	466,000	-	466,000
2039-2043	697,649	-	697,649
2044	600,000	 -	 600,000
:	\$ 11,227,704	\$ 1,625,483	\$ 12,853,187

Housing Development Bonds

The CDA issues housing development bonds to finance the acquisition and construction of senior housing developments. These bonds are limited obligations of the government but are secured by the pledge of the full faith and credit and power of Dakota County, Minnesota to levy direct general ad valorem taxes. These bonds are secured by and payable from the pooled gross rent receipts and other operating revenues related to the operation of housing developments financed by these bonds and an annual pledge of \$5,600,000 from the CDA's tax levy. Housing development bonds are issued as serial bonds.

Bonds payable at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Description of Note	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Amount	Outstanding June 30
2010 Housing Development Bonds	7/21/10	01/01/40	2.00 - 6.00%	\$ 46,160,000	\$ 31,340,000
2013 Housing Development Bonds	12/18/13	01/01/27	2.00 - 2.85%	\$ 7,630,000	7,230,000
2015A Housing Development Bonds	5/27/15	01/01/42	3.00 - 5.00%	\$ 21,745,000	21,645,000
2015B Housing Development Bonds	5/27/15	01/01/35	3.00 - 5.00%	\$ 24,025,000	21,395,000
Subtotal					\$ 81,610,000
Less current maturities					(3,360,000)
Total					\$ 78,250,000

The annual principal and interest maturities for the fiscal years subsequent to June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	Principal		_	Interest		Total
2019	\$	3,360,000		\$ 3,503,918	_	\$ 6,863,918
2020		3,460,000		3,377,418		6,837,418
2021		3,490,000		3,237,670		6,727,670
2022		3,670,000		3,096,194		6,766,194
2023-2027		18,950,000		13,109,597		32,059,597
2028-2032		18,475,000		9,206,226		27,681,226
2033-2037		17,705,000		5,011,796		22,716,796
2038-2042		12,500,000		1,614,094		14,114,094
Total	\$	81,610,000		\$ 42,156,913		\$ 123,766,913

Advance Crossover Refunding Bonds

The CDA has pledged as security for the \$81,610,000 of outstanding Housing Development bonds, a portion of its annual tax levy (special benefit tax) that is levied pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Section 469.033, Subd. 6. These bonds were used to finance the acquisition and construction of senior housing developments. The CDA is currently committed, to the extent it is within its power to do so, to levy and collect \$5,600,000 for the payment and debt service on these bonds. The total principal and interest remaining on this debt is \$123,766,913 with annual requirements ranging from \$6,863,918 in 2019 to \$2,704,000 in the final year. The tax levy has averaged \$7,253,872 per year for the last ten years and the amount of tax proceeds paid towards Housing Development bond debt service has averaged \$5,397,182. For the current year, \$5,600,000 of tax levy was paid on the debt service for the bonds.

Changes in Long Term Liabilities:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 854,405	\$ 702,781	\$ (611,736)	\$ 945,450	\$ 489,749
Notes payable	37,384,282	985,987	(112,196)	38,258,070	352,380
Bonds payable	103,970,000	-	(22,360,000)	81,610,000	3,360,000
Plus deferred amounts:					
For issuance premiums	3,195,862		(313,251)	2,882,611	
Total bonds payable	\$ 107,165,862	\$ -	\$ (22,673,251)	\$ 84,492,611	\$ 3,360,000
	\$ 118,731,102	\$ 1,222,307	\$ (23,287,644)	\$ 96,665,765	\$ 4,202,129

Internal Service Funds predominately serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of governmental activities. At year end \$33,331 of internal service funds compensated absences are included in the above amounts. In governmental funds, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Conduit Debt

The CDA has issued certain limited-obligation revenue bonds, including: 1) mortgage revenue bonds issued to provide funding for first time homebuyer loans; 2) multifamily housing revenue bonds issued to provide funds to finance specific multifamily rental housing projects; 3) industrial development revenue bonds issued to assist manufacturing companies in financing new facilities, structural improvements and expansions, and new equipment; 4) essential function bonds to finance facilities used by the general public; and 5) 501(c)3 bonds issued to finance specific rental housing projects developed by nonprofit organizations. This debt is secured by the property financed and is payable solely from payments received on the underlying loans. The CDA is not obligated in any manner for repayment of this debt and accordingly, it is not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The aggregate amount of all outstanding conduit debt obligations at June 30, 2018 was \$162,346,122.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County is self-insured for all areas except auto, property, and fidelity insurance. For these areas, the County has purchased commercial insurance. Dakota County has not reduced insurance coverage in the past year and has not had settlements in excess of insurance coverage in any of the past three years. The County currently reports all of its risk management activities in its General Fund. Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR).

The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent settlement trends (including frequency and amount payouts), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example from salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. There were no settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	Year ended 12/31/18	Year ended 12/31/17
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$ 2,584,482	\$ 2,551,344
Prior Period Adjustment (Note 2.C.)	1,873,000	-
Incurred claims (including IBNR)	27,820,233	329,315
Claim payments	(26,778,154)	(296,177)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$ 5,499,561	\$ 2,584,482

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivables from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County, in connection with the normal conduct of its affairs, is involved in various claims, judgments, and litigation. The County Attorney estimates that the potential claims against the County not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial position of the County.

C. Joint Powers Debt Commitment

On August 25, 2005, Dakota County entered into a joint powers agreement with the Cities of Apple Valley, Burnsville, Eagan, Farmington, Hastings, Inver Grove Heights, Lakeville, Mendota Heights, Rosemount, South St. Paul, and West St. Paul, Minnesota to establish the Dakota Communications Center (DCC), a Minnesota nonprofit corporation. The purpose of the DCC is to engage in the operation and maintenance of a countywide public safety answering point and communications center for law enforcement, fire, emergency medical services, and other public safety services for the mutual benefit of residents residing in the abovementioned cities and county (members). Pursuant to the joint powers agreement, members are required to provide the DCC their pro rata share of cost of operations and maintenance, and capital projects.

Information regarding the Dakota Communications Center can be obtained at the website www.mn-dcc.org or by contacting Jerilyn Erickson at the City of Lakeville, 20195 Holyoke Avenue, Lakeville, Minnesota 55044. Telephone (952) 985-4481 or email address: jerickson@lakevillemn.gov.

D. Joint Ventures

Dakota County in conjunction with other governmental entities has formed the joint ventures listed below.

- 1. Metropolitan Emergency Services Board: Dakota County entered into a joint powers agreement with the Counties of Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Washington, and the City of Minneapolis, pursuant to Minnesota Statutes section 471.59 to comply with the mandate of Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 403, for the implementation and administration of a regional 911 system and encourage the development of new resources and the coordination of emergency medical services. Dakota County paid annual dues of \$167,542 in 2018. Except for annual dues the County has no other financial obligations. Current financial statements are available at the 911 Board Office, 2099 University Avenue West, St. Paul, MN 55104-3431.
- 2. Metropolitan Library Service Agency (MELSA): Dakota County entered into a joint powers agreement with the other six metropolitan area counties and the Cities of Saint Paul and Minneapolis to improve public library services within the various jurisdictions. The Board of Directors of MELSA consists of one representative from each member entity. Financing is provided by gifts, grants, and other property of assistance from the federal government, the State of Minnesota, or any person or agency for MELSA. Dakota County did not provide any gifts to MELSA in 2018. The MELSA agency handles the accounting function for the Board. Current financial statements are available from the MELSA office, 1619 Dayton Avenue, Suite 314, Saint Paul, MN 55104-6276.

- 3. HOPE Fund: Dakota County entered into a joint powers agreement with the Dakota County Community Development Agency (CDA) to provide a source of gap financing used to leverage public and private sector funds for the construction of affordable housing in Dakota County. The County will appropriate funds, as the County Board deems appropriate. The CDA will administer the fund.
- 4. Dakota Communications Center: Dakota County entered into a joint powers agreement with the Cities of Apple Valley, Burnsville, Eagan, Farmington, Hastings, Inver Grove Heights, Lakeville, Mendota Heights, Rosemount, South St. Paul and West St. Paul to acquire and provide the facilities, infrastructure, hardware, software, services and other items necessary for the establishment and operation of a joint law enforcement, fire, emergency medical services and other emergency communications system. The Board of Directors consists of an elected official from each Member. Financing is provided by member contributions determined by pro-rating the costs according to proportion of total county population served by each member and call volume. The fiscal agent is the City of Lakeville. Current financial statements are available from the City of Lakeville Finance Department, City Hall, 20195 Holyoke Avenue, Lakeville, MN 55044.
- 5. Domestic Preparedness Agency: Dakota County entered into a joint powers agreement with the Cities of Apple Valley, Burnsville, Eagan, Farmington, Hastings, Inver Grove Heights, Lakeville, Mendota Heights, Rosemount, South St. Paul and West St. Paul to provide for the joint exercise of the parties' powers to plan for and to respond to the need of the first responders for special response operations caused by the occurrence of large-scale disasters and emergencies. The Board of Directors consists of an appointed individual from each Member, one city manager, and the Dakota County Emergency Coordinator. Financing is provided by member contributions determined by pro-rating the costs according to proportion of total county population served by each member less any grants received. This agency is presented as the Domestic Preparedness Team Private Purpose Trust Fund.
- 6. The Minnesota Valley Transit Authority (MVTA): Dakota County entered into a joint powers agreement with the Cities of Apple Valley, Burnsville, Eagan, Rosemount, and Savage ("Cities"), and Scott County to provide public transit service in and for persons within the Cities and within the Metropolitan Area pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Sections 473.388, 473.384, 471.59 and related statutes.

The governing body of the MVTA shall be its Board which will consist of seven voting commissioners. Each party shall appoint one commissioner, one alternate commissioner, and a staff member who shall serve on the Technical Work Group. In the event of the termination of this agreement of all parties from the MVTA, all of the assets which remain after payment of debts and obligations shall be distributed among the parties to this agreement immediately prior to its termination, subject to the terms and requirements of obligations issued by one or more municipalities pursuant to Minnesota Statute 473.388, Subd.7. Financial statements are available on the internet at www.mvta.com or by calling 952-882-7500.

E. Jointly-Governed Organizations

Dakota County in conjunction with other governmental entities and various private organizations has formed the collaboratives listed below.

1. Dakota County Collaborative: The Dakota County Collaborative is an integrated Children's Mental Health and Family Services Collaborative. The duties and membership of collaboratives are defined in

Minnesota Statutes Sections 124D.23 and 245.493. By resolution No. 05-601 (November 29, 2005), the County Board approved execution of a new Joint Powers Agreement between Dakota County, Scott-Carver Dakota CAP Agency, and the ten school districts in Dakota County to establish the Dakota County Collaborative, which combined the Children's Mental Health Collaborative and Family Service Collaborative into one integrated collaborative in January 2006. The Collaborative Governing Board, which includes three Dakota County members, oversees the Collaborative's integrated fund. Dakota County serves as the fiscal agent for the Collaborative. The County has made \$1,317,999 in expenditures in 2018 related to the Collaborative.

- 2. Dakota County Drug Enforcement Task Force: Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Section 471.59, the Dakota County Sheriff's Office entered into a joint powers agreement with the police departments of the Cities of Apple Valley, Burnsville, Eagan, Farmington, Hastings, Inver Grove Heights, Lakeville, Rosemount, South Saint Paul, and West Saint Paul. The purpose of this agreement is for apprehending and prosecuting drug offenders in Dakota County. A Board comprised of a representative from each member city and Dakota County shall govern the Task Force. No audited financial statements are available.
- 3. Mental Health Crisis Alliance: A Cooperative Agreement was established with Ramsey County to provide funding to increase mental health crisis services for adults. A Cooperative Agreement was created with a governing board which will be referred to as the East Metropolitan Adult Crisis Stabilization Collaborative ("EMACS"). Ramsey County is the fiscal agent. Dakota County has no operational or financial control over the collaborative.
- 4. Dakota County Electronic Crimes Task Force: A joint powers board made pursuant to Minnesota Statute Section 471.59 between Dakota County and the cities of Apple Valley, Burnsville, Farmington, Hastings, Mendota Heights, Rosemount, South St. Paul and West St. Paul, to coordinate efforts investigating illegal activities related to the use of electronic devices, the internet and materials transmitted or used in electronic form. The Administrative Board consists of one member from each law enforcement unit of government that participates in the Task Force, and may include attorneys from the Dakota County Attorney's Office as advisories. Dakota County serves as the fiscal agent, accounting for member contributions of \$15,000 per city and grant funds or restitution if available.

F. Pension Plans

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows /inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

a. Plan Description

Dakota County participates in the following defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax-qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1. General Employees Retirement Plan (GERF)

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the Dakota County are covered by the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF). GERF members belong to the Coordinated Plan, and are covered by Social Security.

2. Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (PEPFP)

The Police and Fire Plan, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the Police and Fire plan also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to local relief associations that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

3. Local Government Correctional Plan (PECF)

The Local Government Correctional Plan, referred to as the Public Employees Correctional Fund (PECF), was established for correctional officers serving in county and regional corrections facilities. Eligible participants must be responsible for the security, custody, and control of the facilities and their inmates.

b. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

1. GERF Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2% of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7% of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7% of average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1,1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. If the General Employees Plan is at least 90% funded for two consecutive years, benefit recipients are given a 2.5% increase. If the plan has not exceeded 90% funded, or have fallen below 80%, benefit recipients are given a 1% increase. A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30, will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a prorata increase.

2. PEPFP Benefits

Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after five years up to 100% after ten years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after ten years up to 100% after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3% of average salary for each year of service. A full, unreduced pension is earned when members are age 55 and vested, or for members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Police and Fire Plan benefit recipients receive a future annual 1.0% increase. An annual adjustment will equal 2.5% any time the plan exceeds a 90% funded ratio for two consecutive years. If the adjustment is increased to 2.5% and the funded ratio falls below 80% for one year or 85% for two consecutive years, the postretirement benefit increase will be lowered to one percent. A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a pro rata increase. For retirements after May 31, 2014, the first increase will be delayed two years.

3. PECF Benefits

Benefits for Correctional Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after five years up to 100% after ten years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 1.9% of average salary for each year of service in that plan. A full, unreduced pension is earned when members are age 55 and vested, or for members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. If the Correctional Plan is at least 90% funded for two consecutive years, benefit recipients are given a 2.5% increase. If the plan has not exceeded 90% funded, or have fallen below 80%, benefit recipients are given a one percent increase. A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30, will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30, will receive a pro rata increase.

Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

1. GERF Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2018 and the Dakota County was required to contribute 7.50% for Coordinated Plan members. The Dakota County's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$8,403,716. The Dakota County's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

2. PEPFP Contributions

Plan members were required to contribute 10.8% of their annual covered salary and the Dakota County was required to contribute 16.20% of pay for members in fiscal year 2018. The Dakota County's contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$1,116,024. The Dakota County's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

3. PECF Contributions

Plan members were required to contribute 5.83% of their annual covered salary and the Dakota County was required to contribute 8.75% of pay for plan members in fiscal year 2018. The Dakota County's contributions to the Correctional Fund for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$568,248. The Dakota County's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

Pension Costs

1. GERF Pension Costs

At December 31, 2018, the Dakota County reported a liability of \$90,320,313 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The Dakota County's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the fund in 2018. The state of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The state of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Dakota County totaled \$2,962,659, for a total net pension liability of \$93,282,972 associated with the Dakota County. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Dakota County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Dakota County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers.

At June 30, 2018, the Dakota County's proportionate share was 1.63% which was an decrease of 0.04% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Dakota County recognized pension expense of \$9,036,138 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the Dakota County recognized an additional \$267,264 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2018, the Dakota County reported its proportionate share of GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows Resource	of	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual				
Economic Experience	\$ 2,390,6	29	\$	2,634,254
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	8,627,8	80		10,148,452
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-		9,229,305
Changes in Proportion	2,372,2	31		2,057,722
Contributions Paid to PERA Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date	4,217,1	29		
Total	\$ 17,607,8	69	\$	24,069,733

\$4,217,129 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Dakota County contributions to GERF subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to GERF pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30.	Amount
2019	\$ 3,528,874
2020	(4,346,474)
2021	(7,976,251)
2022	(1,885,142)
2023	-
Thereafter	-

2. PEPFP Pension Costs

At December 31, 2018, the Dakota County reported a liability of \$6,965,637 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Dakota County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Dakota County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers.

At June 30, 2018, the Dakota County's proportionate share was 0.65% which was the same as its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2017. The Dakota County also recognized \$58,815 for the year ended December 31, 2018, as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund. Legislation passed in 2013 required the state of Minnesota to begin contributing \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund each year, starting in fiscal year 2014.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Dakota County recognized pension expense of \$938,547 for its proportionate share of the PEPFPs pension expense.

At December 31, 2018, the Dakota County reported its proportionate share of the PEPFP's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual				
Economic Experience	\$	280,752	\$ 1,708,847	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		8,660,019	10,254,329	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-	1,458,973	
Changes in Proportion		756,989	68,402	
Contributions Paid to PERA Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		557,950	 	
Total	\$	10,255,710	\$ 13,490,551	

\$557,950 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Dakota County contributions to the PEPFP subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the PEPFP will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30.	Amount
2019	\$ (15,033)
2020	(338,466)
2021	(821,433)
2022	(2,608,477)
2023	(9,382)
Thereafter	-

3. PECF Pension Costs

At December 31, 2018, the Dakota County reported a liability of \$498,607 for its proportionate share of the Correctional Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Dakota County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Dakota County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers.

At December 31, 2018, the Dakota County's proportionate share was 3.03 % which was a decrease of 0.11% from its proportionate share measured as of December 31, 2017.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Dakota County recognized pension expense of \$554,163 for its proportionate share of the Correctional Plan's pension expense.

At December 31, 2018, the Dakota County reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PECF from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		I	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual					
Economic Experience	\$	26,026	\$	53,296	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		2,352,006		5,765,080	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual					
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-		565,763	
Changes in Proportion		328,783		402,269	
Contributions Paid to PERA Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		290,582			
Total	\$	2,997,397	\$	6,786,408	

\$290,582 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Dakota County contributions to PECF subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to PECF will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2019	\$ 265,516
2020	(2,183,263)
2021	(2,057,489)
2022	(104,357)
2023	-
Thereafter	-

Total Pension Expense

The total pension expense for all plans recognized by the Dakota County for the year ended December 31, 2018, was \$10,528,848.

f. **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

	GERF	PEPFP	PECF	
Inflation	2.50 Percent per Year	2.50 Percent per Year	2.00 Percent per Year	
Active Member Payroll Growth	3.25 Percent per Year	3.25 Percent per Year	3.50 Percent per Year	
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 Percent	7.50 Percent	7.50 Percent	

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants for all plans were based on RP 2014 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit PERA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.25% per year for the General Employees Plan, 1.0% per year for the Police and Fire Plan, and 2.0% per year for the Correctional Plan.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent six-year experience study in the General Employees Plan was completed in 2015. The most recent four-year experience study for Police and Fire Plan was completed in 2016. The five-year experience study for the Correctional Plan, prepared by a former actuary, was completed in 2012. The mortality assumption for the Correctional Plan is based on the Police and Fire Plan experience study completed in 2016. Economic assumptions were updated in 2017 based on a review of inflation and investment return assumptions.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2018:

General Employees Fund

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.25% per year.

Police and Fire Fund

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- As set by statute, the assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0% per year through 2064 and 2.5% per year, thereafter, to 1.0% for all years, with no trigger.

Correctional Fund

- The Single Discount Rate was changed from 5.96% per annum to 7.50% per annum.
- The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase was changed from 2.50% per year to 2.00% per year.

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following

	Long-Te		
	Target	Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	
Domestic Stocks	36 %	5.10%	
International Stocks	17	5.30%	
Private Markets	25	0.75%	
Fixed Income	20	5.90%	
Cash	2	0.00%	
Totals	100 %		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2018 was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net positions of the General Employees Fund, the Police and Fire Fund, and the Correctional Fund were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Liability Sensitivity h.

The following presents the Dakota County's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the Dakota County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
Description	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%		
Dakota County's Proportionate Share of the GERF					
Net Pension Liability	\$ 146,782,072	\$ 90,320,313	\$ 43,712,743		
Dakota County's Proportionate Share of the PEPFP					
Net Pension Liability	14,934,762	6,965,637	375,501		
Dakota County's Proportionate Share of the PECF					
Net Pension Liability	4,267,220	498,607	(2,516,167)		

i. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

2. **Defined Contribution Plan**

Seven employees of Dakota County are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The Defined Contribution Plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. ch. 353D, which may be amended by the state legislature. The plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses; therefore, there is no future liability to the employer. For those qualified personnel who elect to participate, Minn. Stat. § 353D.03 specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5.00 percent of salary, which is matched by the employer. Employee and employer contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2.00 percent of employer contributions and 0.25 percent of the assets in each member account annually.

Pension expense for the year is equal to contributions made. Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by Dakota County during the year ended December 31, 2018, were:

Contribution Amount		Contribution Amount		Required	
Employee Employer Employee Employer		Rate			
\$ 31,963	\$	31,963	5%	5%	5%

G. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description

The county provides health insurance benefits for certain retired employees under a single-employer self-insured plan. The County provides benefits for retirees as required by Minnesota Statute 471.61 subdivision 2b. Active employees, who retire from the County when eligible to receive a retirement benefit from the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) of Minnesota (or similar plan) and do not participate in any other health benefits program providing coverage similar to the herein described, will be eligible to continue coverage with respect to both themselves and their eligible dependent(s) under the County's health benefits program. The County does not have any assets accumulated in a GASB compliant irrevocable trust.

In addition to providing the pension benefits described above, the County provides post-retirement health care benefits. This benefit is provided based on County Board Resolution #81-519 as part of the Sheriff's contract settlement. The eligible participants were employees of the Sheriff Department who have retired. The County currently has 26 eligible participants. Based on this plan, the county contributes \$60 a month per participant for health insurance. The participant contributes either \$597 for single coverage or \$1,760 for family coverage per month. During 2018, the County expended \$18,000 for this benefit.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At December 31, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	1,598
Active Plan Members	1,542
Retirees and Beneficiaries	56

Contributions

The County funds its OPEB obligation on a pay as you go basis. The County contributes none of the cost of current year premiums for eligible retired plan members and their spouses, except for the implicit rate subsidy, described below. For fiscal year 2018, the County contributed \$0.00 to the plan. Plan members receiving benefit contribute 100% of their premium costs. As of December 31, 2018 there were 56 beneficiaries and retirees receiving health benefits from the County's health plans.

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability was measured as of December, 31, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate	4.10%
Inflation	2.50%
Initial Medical Trend Rate	6.60%
Ultimate Medical Trend Rate	4.30%
Year Ultimate Trend Rate Reached	2075

The mortality assumption was updated from the assumption used in the January 1, 2018 actuarial report to reflect mortality improvements using Scale MP-2018, the most recently published mortality scale available as of the Measurement Date.

Each of these assumptions are based on the assumptions used for the most recent Minnesota PERA Coordinated Plan Valuation Report as of July 1, 2017, which were recommended through an experience study dated June 30, 2015, which would cover the period from July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015.

Discount rate

A single discount rate of 4.10% was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability as of December 31, 2018. This Single discount rate was based on a municipal bond rate of 4.10% (based on the 20-year Bond Buyer GO Index as of the end of December 2018). Since Dakota County's retiree health benefits are funded on a pay-as-you go cash cost basis, plan assets at the beginning of each year will always be

insufficient to meet the projected benefit payments. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments to determine the Total OPEB Liability. The previous Discount rate used for the December 31, 2017 reporting year was 4.50%.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

		Total OPEB Liability			
Balance at 12/31/2017	\$	8,747,677			
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	\$	626,000			
Interest	315,000				
Changes in Assumptions - Discount Rate	(403,000)				
Changes in Assumptions - Other	(33,000)				
Contributions - Employer - Implicit Subsidy	(461,000)				
Net Changes	\$	44,000			
Balance at 12/31/2018	\$ 8,791,677				

Changes in assumptions for the Actuarial Report with a measurement date of December 31, 2018 are as follows:

- Inflation was updated to 2.50% from 2.75%.
- The salary increase assumption was updated to reflect the reduction in inflation;
- The medical trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the reduction in inflation;
- The morality assumption was updated from the assumption used in the January 1, 2018 actuarial report to reflect mortality improvements using Scale MP-2018, the most recently published mortality improvement scale available as of the Measurement Date.
- The Discount Rate was also updated from 4.50% to 4.10%.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the Total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's Total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.1 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.1 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		⅙ Increase
		(3.1)%		(4.1)%		(5.1)%
Total OPEB liability (asset)	\$	9,406,000	\$	8,791,677	\$	8,209,000

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the Total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's Total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.6 percent

decreasing to 3.3 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.6 percent decreasing to 5.3 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease (5.6% decreasing to 3.3%)	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (6.6% decreasing to 4.3%	1% Increase (7.6% decreasing to 5.3%)
Total OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 7.871.000	\$ 8.791.677	\$ 9.869.000

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$875,000. At December 31, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	I	Deferred
	Outflows of Resources		nflows of esources
Changes of assumptions	\$ -	\$	369,939

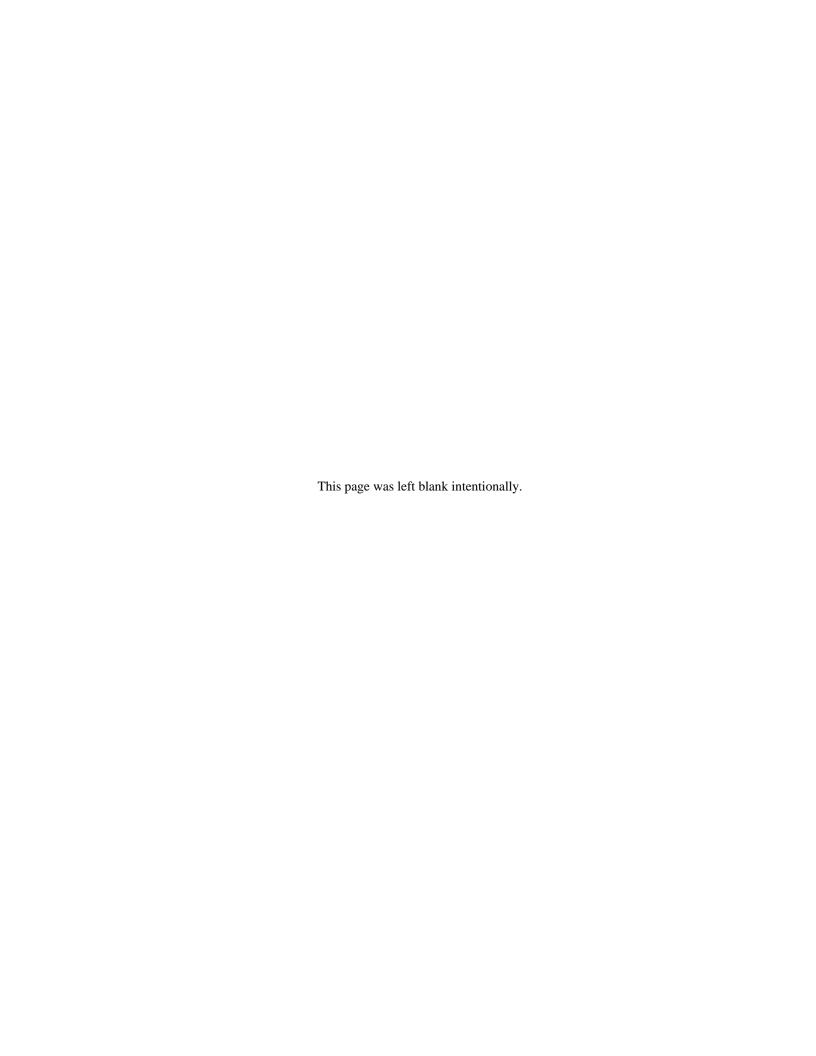
Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ (66,061)
2020	(66,061)
2021	(66,061)
2022	(66,061)
2023	(66,061)
Thereafter	(39,634)

2018

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Required Supplementary Information



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

December 31, 2018

	2018
Total OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$ 626,000
Interest	315,000
Changes in Assumptions - Discount Rate	(403,000)
Changes in Assumptions - Other	(33,000)
Contributions - Employer - Implicit Subsidy	(461,000)
Net Change in total OPEB Liability	\$ 44,000
Total OPEB liability - beginning	8,747,677
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 8,791,677
Covered employee payroll	\$ 131,815,000
County's total OPEB liability as a percentage of the	
covered employee payroll	6.67%

Notes to Schedule: **Benefit changes: None**

Changes of assumptions:

Inflation was updated to 2.50% (from 2.75%)

The Salary Increase Assumption was updated to reflect the reduction in inflation;

The medical trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the reduction in inflation;

The mortality assumption was updated from the assumption used in the January 1, 2018 actuarial report to reflect mortality improvements using Scale MP-2018, the most recently published mortality improvement scale available as of the Measurement Date.

In addition to the assumptions changes above, a single discount rate of 4.10% was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability as of December 31, 2018. This single discount rate was based on municipal bond rate of 4.10% (based on the 20-year Bond Buyer GO Index as of the end of December 2018).

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2018

					State's	P	Employer's Proportionate Share of the				
	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension	P	Employer's roportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	S	roportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated Vith Dakota]	Net Pension Liability and the State's Related Share of the Net Pension		Covered	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage
Measurement Date	Liability (Asset)		(Asset)		County (b)	Li	Liability (Asset) (a+b)		Payroll (c)	Covered Payroll (a/c)	of the Total Pension Liability
2015 2016 2017 2018	1.6704 106,637,234 1,340,85		N/A 501,636 1,340,859 2,962,659	\$	82,697,456 129,309,447 107,978,093 93,282,972	\$	93,797,985 98,563,497 107,526,176 109,767,382	88.17% 130.69 99.17 82.28	78.19% 68.91 75.90 79.53		

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

DAKOTA COUNTY MINNESOTA

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2018

Year Ending	Statutorily Required ontributions (a)	in	Actual ontributions Relation to Statutorily Required ontributions	(De	tribution efficiency) Excess (b-a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2015	\$ 7,424,949	\$	7,424,949	\$	-	\$ 98,998,921	7.50%
2016	7,609,115		7,609,115		-	101,454,465	7.50
2017	8,020,074		8,020,074		-	106,934,320	7.50
2018	8,403,716		8,403,716		-	112,049,547	7.50

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

The notes to the schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability and schedules of contributions are an integral part of this schedule.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2018

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	P	Employer's roportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	Covered Payroll (b)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2015	0.584%	\$	6,635,607	\$ 5,349,904	124.03%	86.61%
2016	0.589		23,637,595	5,556,937	425.37	63.88
2017	0.649		8,762,272	6,658,474	131.60	85.43
2018	0.654		6,965,637	6,887,800	101.13	88.84

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

DAKOTA COUNTY MINNESOTA

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2018

Year Ending	Actual Contributions in Relation to Statutorily Required Contributions (a) Actual Act				 ontribution Deficiency) Excess (b-a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2015	\$	906,079	\$	906,079	\$ -	\$ 5,531,350	16.38%
2016		979,649		979,649	-	6,047,220	16.20
2017		1,090,710		1,090,710	-	6,732,778	16.20
2018		1,116,024		1,116,024	-	6,889,037	16.20

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES CORRECTIONAL PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2018

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	P	Employer's roportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	 Covered Payroll (b)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2015	3.14%	\$	485,444	\$ 5,619,220	8.64%	96.95%
2016	2.96		10,813,294	5,575,906	193.93	58.16
2017	3.14		8,949,031	6,183,626	144.72	67.89
2018	3.03		498,607	6,191,632	8.05	97.64

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

DAKOTA COUNTY MINNESOTA

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES CORRECTIONAL PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2018

Year Ending	1	tatutorily Required ntributions (a)	in S	Actual ntributions Relation to tatutorily Required ntributions (b)	Contribution (Deficiency) Excess (b-a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2015	\$	494,252	\$	494,252	\$ -	\$ 5,648,593	8.75%
2016		504,457		504,457	-	5,765,217	8.75
2017		527,045		527,045	-	6,023,371	8.75
2018		568,248		568,248	-	6,494,263	8.75

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Public Employees Retirement Association for the year ended June 30:

A. General Employees Fund

2018

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.25% per year.

2017

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8% for active members and 60% for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0% for active member liability, 15.0% for vested deferred member liability and 3.0% for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year for all years to 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5 % per year thereafter.

2016

- \bullet $\,$ The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through
 - 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

B. Police and Fire Fund

2018

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- As set by statute, the assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0% per year through 2064 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year for all years with no trigger.

2017

- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34% lower than the previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30% for vested and non-vested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33% for vested members and 2% for non-vested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees.
- Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0% for the first three years of service.
 - Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65% to 60%.
- Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing Joint and Survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% for all years to 1.00% per year through 2064 and 2.50% thereafter.

2016

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2037 and 2.5% thereafter to 1.0% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%. The single discount rate changed from 7.9% to 5.6%.
- The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

C. Correctional Fund

2018

- The Single Discount Rate was changed from 5.96% per annum to 7.50% per annum.
- The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 2.50% per year to 2.00% per year.

2017

• The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016 and is applied to healthy and disabled members. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to MP-2016).

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30% for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 35% for vested members and 1% for non-vested members.
- The Single Discount Rate was changed from 5.31% per annum to 5.96% per annum.

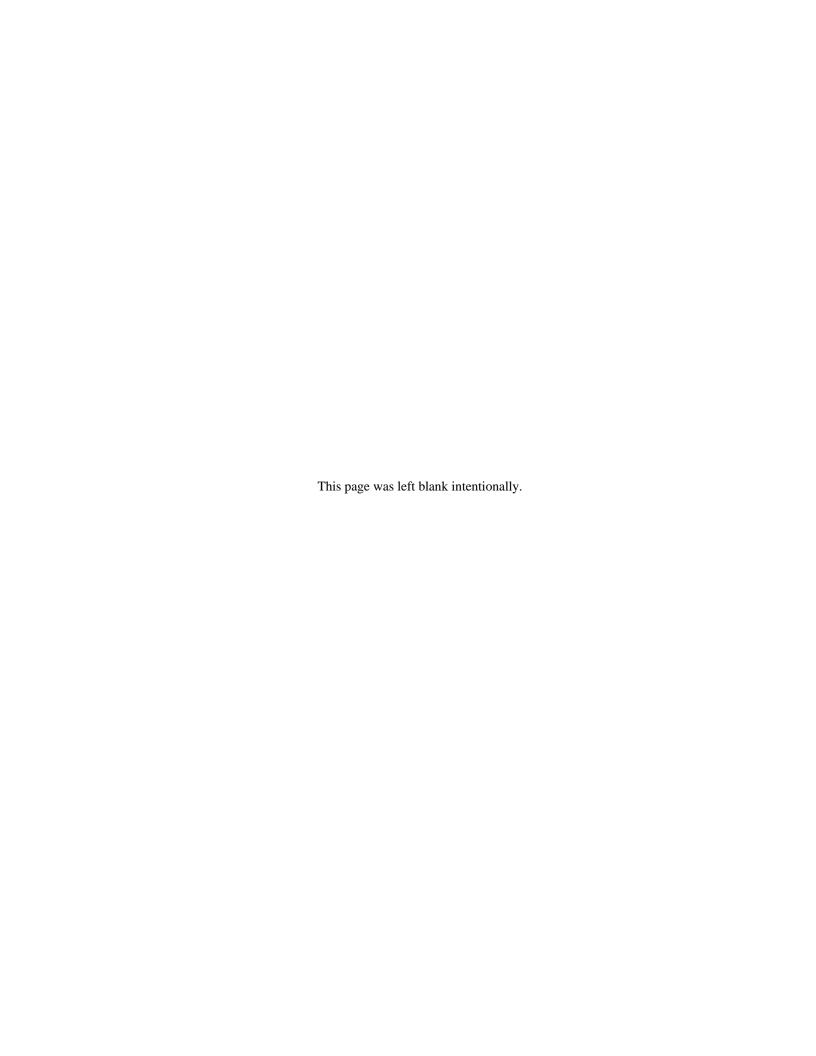
2016

- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%. The single discount rate changed from 7.9% to 5.31%.
- The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

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BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual	Variance with				
		Original		Final	Amounts	Final Budget				
Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$	1,115,683 774,000		1,115,683 1,074,000	\$ 1,110,010 25,555 17,520	\$	(5,673) (1,048,445) 17,520			
Total Revenues	\$ 1,889,683		\$	2,189,683	\$ 1,153,085	\$	(1,036,598)			
Expenditures Capital outlay Capital outlay		21,983,208		32,064,164	12,272,244		19,791,920			
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(20,093,525)	\$	(29,874,481)	\$ (11,119,159)	\$	18,755,322			
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	\$		\$	11,807,673	\$ 11,807,673	\$				
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(20,093,525)	\$	(18,066,808)	\$ 688,514	\$	18,755,322			
Fund Balance - January 1		(585,420)		(585,420)	 (585,420)					
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	(20,678,945)	\$	(18,652,228)	\$ 103,094	\$	18,755,322			

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

			S	Special Revenue Funds						Total Nonmajor		
	 County		County	_	Regional		Law		Attorney	G	overnmental	
	 Library		Parks		Rail		Library	<u> </u>	orfeiture	_	Funds	
<u>Assets</u>												
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,778,501	\$	12,740,920	\$	13,586,248	\$	616,622	\$	338,026	\$	29,060,317	
Petty cash and change funds Taxes receivable	2,406		1,700		-		80		-		4,186	
Prior	105,576		13,317		6,784		-		-		125,677	
Accounts receivable	28,782		320,815		-		-		11,144		360,741	
Due from other funds	35,308		1,969,683		-		-		-		2,004,991	
Due from other governments	33,487		230		-		24,313		369		58,399	
Prepaid items	 12,600				-						12,600	
Total Assets	\$ 1,996,660	\$	15,046,665	\$	13,593,032	\$	641,015	\$	349,539	\$	31,626,911	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$ 55,023	\$	789,557	\$	_	\$	8,470	\$	60	\$	853,110	
Salaries payable	230,828		33,850		-		5,349		-		270,027	
Contracts payable	-		281,348		-		-		-		281,348	
Due to other funds	23,191		144,949		266,079		7,112		109,934		551,265	
Due to other governments	919		2,187		-		31		-		3,137	
Unearned revenue - other	 18,253	_	131,455		-						149,708	
Total Liabilities	\$ 328,214	\$	1,383,346	\$	266,079	\$	20,962	\$	109,994	\$	2,108,595	
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Unavailable revenue	\$ 96,441	\$	12,392	\$	6,808	\$		\$		\$	115,641	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 96,441	\$	12,392	\$	6,808	\$		\$		\$	115,641	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds										
	County		County		Regional		Law	A	Attorney	G	overnmental
	 Library		Parks		Rail		Library	F	orfeiture	_	Funds
Fund Balances											
Non-spendable:											
Prepaids	\$ 12,600	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,600
Restricted for:											
Law library	-		-		-		620,053		-		620,053
Criminal forfeitures	-		-		-		-		239,545		239,545
Assigned to:											
Culture and recreation	1,261,363		-		-		-		-		1,261,363
Economic development	-		-		13,320,145		-		-		13,320,145
Capital improvements	-		13,650,927		-		-		-		13,650,927
Capital equipment	 298,042								-		298,042
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,572,005	\$	13,650,927	\$	13,320,145	\$	620,053	\$	239,545	\$	29,402,675
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 1,996,660	\$	15,046,665	\$	13,593,032	\$	641,015	\$	349,539	\$	31,626,911

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Special Revenue Funds										To	Total Nonmajor	
	County Library		County Parks		Regional Rail		Law Library		•	G _	overnmental Funds	
\$	12,333,827	\$	1,288,757	\$	346,220	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,968,804	
	-		94,522		-		_		-		94,522	
	435,625		5,632,060		220		_		-		6,067,905	
	376,667		1,116,562		-		311,052		-		1,804,281	
	-		5,623		-		-		59,597		65,220	
	59,499		2,774		-		-		-		62,273	
	2,897		-		320,401		-		-		323,298	
	233,963		31,369		-		17,297				282,629	
\$	13,442,478	\$	8,171,667	\$	666,841	\$	328,349	\$	59,597	\$	22,668,932	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	382,853	\$	213,620	\$	596,473	
	13,334,789		13,391,944		-		-		-		26,726,733	
	-		-		3,471,904				-		3,471,904	
\$	13,334,789	\$	13,391,944	\$	3,471,904	\$	382,853	\$	213,620	\$	30,795,110	
¢	107 600	¢	(5 220 277)	¢	(2 805 062)	¢	(54 504)	¢	(154.022)	¢	(8,126,178)	
	\$	\$ 12,333,827 - 435,625 376,667 - 59,499 2,897 233,963 \$ 13,442,478 \$	\$ 12,333,827 \$ 435,625 376,667	County Library County Parks \$ 12,333,827 \$ 1,288,757 - 94,522 94,522 435,625 5,632,060 376,667 1,116,562 - 5,623 59,499 2,897 - 233,963 31,369 \$ 13,442,478 \$ 8,171,667 \$ 13,334,789 13,391,944 - 13,334,789 \$ 13,391,944	County Library County Parks \$ 12,333,827 \$ 1,288,757 \$ 94,522 435,625 5,632,060 376,667 1,116,562 - 5,623 59,499 2,774 2,897 - 233,963 31,369 \$ 13,442,478 \$ 8,171,667 \$ 13,334,789 \$ 13,391,944 \$ 13,334,789 \$ 13,391,944	County Library County Parks Regional Rail \$ 12,333,827 \$ 1,288,757 \$ 346,220 - 94,522 - 435,625 5,632,060 220 376,667 1,116,562 - - 5,623 - 2,897 - 320,401 233,963 31,369 - \$ 13,442,478 \$ 8,171,667 \$ 666,841 \$ - 3,471,904 \$ 13,334,789 \$ 13,391,944 - \$ 13,334,789 \$ 13,391,944 \$ 3,471,904	County Library County Parks Regional Rail \$ 12,333,827 \$ 1,288,757 \$ 346,220 \$ - 94,522 - 94,522 - - 220 376,667 1,116,562 - - 5,623 - - 59,499 2,774 - - 320,401 233,963 31,369 - - \$ 13,442,478 \$ 8,171,667 \$ 666,841 \$ \$ - \$ 3,471,904 - 3,471,904 \$ \$ 13,334,789 \$ 13,391,944 \$ 3,471,904 \$	County Library County Parks Regional Rail Law Library \$ 12,333,827 \$ 1,288,757 \$ 346,220 \$ - - 94,522 435,625 5,632,060 220 - 376,667 1,116,562 311,052 - 5,623 2,897 320,401 233,963 31,369 17,297 \$ 13,442,478 \$ 8,171,667 \$ 666,841 \$ 328,349 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 3,471,904 \$ 13,334,789 13,391,944 \$ 13,334,789 \$ 13,391,944 \$ 3,471,904 \$ 382,853	County Library County Parks Regional Rail Law Library I \$ 12,333,827 \$ 1,288,757 \$ 346,220 \$ - \$ - \$ 94,522 - <td< td=""><td>County Library County Parks Regional Rail Law Library Attorney Forfeiture \$ 12,333,827 \$ 1,288,757 \$ 346,220 \$ - \$ - - 94,522 - - - 435,625 5,632,060 220 - - - 5,623 - - 59,597 59,499 2,774 - - - 2,897 - 320,401 - - 233,963 31,369 - 17,297 - \$ 13,442,478 \$ 8,171,667 \$ 666,841 \$ 328,349 \$ 59,597 \$ - \$ - \$ 382,853 \$ 213,620 13,334,789 13,391,944 - - - - 3,471,904 - - - \$ 13,334,789 \$ 13,391,944 3,471,904 \$ 382,853 \$ 213,620</td><td>County Library County Parks Regional Rail Law Library Attorney Forfeiture \$ 12,333,827 \$ 1,288,757 \$ 346,220 \$ - \$ - \$ - - 94,522 - - - - - 435,625 5,632,060 220 - - - - 376,667 1,116,562 - 311,052 - - - 59,597 - - 59,597 -</td></td<>	County Library County Parks Regional Rail Law Library Attorney Forfeiture \$ 12,333,827 \$ 1,288,757 \$ 346,220 \$ - \$ - - 94,522 - - - 435,625 5,632,060 220 - - - 5,623 - - 59,597 59,499 2,774 - - - 2,897 - 320,401 - - 233,963 31,369 - 17,297 - \$ 13,442,478 \$ 8,171,667 \$ 666,841 \$ 328,349 \$ 59,597 \$ - \$ - \$ 382,853 \$ 213,620 13,334,789 13,391,944 - - - - 3,471,904 - - - \$ 13,334,789 \$ 13,391,944 3,471,904 \$ 382,853 \$ 213,620	County Library County Parks Regional Rail Law Library Attorney Forfeiture \$ 12,333,827 \$ 1,288,757 \$ 346,220 \$ - \$ - \$ - - 94,522 - - - - - 435,625 5,632,060 220 - - - - 376,667 1,116,562 - 311,052 - - - 59,597 - - 59,597 -	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Special Revenue Funds										
	County Library		County Parks		Regional Rail		Law Library		Attorney Forfeiture		G	overnmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	\$		\$	1,969,683	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,969,683
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$		\$	1,969,683	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,969,683
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	107,689	\$	(3,250,594)	\$	(2,805,063)	\$	(54,504)	\$	(154,023)	\$	(6,156,495)
Fund Balance - January 1		1,464,316		16,901,521	_	16,125,208		674,557		393,568		35,559,170
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	1,572,005	\$	13,650,927	\$	13,320,145	\$	620,053	\$	239,545	\$	29,402,675

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted	ounts	Actual	Variance with			
	Original		Final	 Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 12,337,334	\$	12,456,584	\$ 12,333,827	\$	(122,757)	
Intergovernmental	169,000		429,000	435,625		6,625	
Charges for services	440,000		440,000	376,667		(63,333)	
Gifts and contributions	-		-	59,499		59,499	
Investment earnings	-		=	2,897		2,897	
Miscellaneous	 156,500		156,500	233,963		77,463	
Total Revenues	\$ 13,102,834	\$	13,482,084	\$ 13,442,478	\$	(39,606)	
Expenditures							
Current							
Culture and recreation							
Regional library	 13,161,554		13,942,523	 13,334,789		607,734	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (58,720)	\$	(460,439)	\$ 107,689	\$	568,128	
Fund Balance - January 1	 1,464,316		1,464,316	 1,464,316			
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 1,405,596	\$	1,003,877	\$ 1,572,005	\$	568,128	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY PARKS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted	l Amo	ounts	Actual	Variance with		
	Original		Final	Amounts	I	Final Budget	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 1,239,190	\$	1,300,122	\$ 1,288,757	\$	(11,365)	
Licenses and permits	94,500		94,500	94,522		22	
Intergovernmental	12,897,574		25,123,032	5,632,060		(19,490,972)	
Charges for services	879,442		879,442	1,116,562		237,120	
Fines and forfeits	10,000		10,000	5,623		(4,377)	
Gifts and contributions	-		-	2,774		2,774	
Miscellaneous	 2,000		30,330	 31,369		1,039	
Total Revenues	\$ 15,122,706	\$	27,437,426	\$ 8,171,667	\$	(19,265,759)	
Expenditures Current Culture and recreation Parks	23,279,063		56,290,384	13,391,944		42,898,440	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (8,156,357)	\$	(28,852,958)	\$ (5,220,277)	\$	23,632,681	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	\$ 	\$		\$ 1,969,683	\$	1,969,683	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (8,156,357)	\$	(28,852,958)	\$ (3,250,594)	\$	25,602,364	
Fund Balance - January 1	 16,901,521		16,901,521	 16,901,521			
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 8,745,164	\$	(11,951,437)	\$ 13,650,927	\$	25,602,364	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET AND ACTUAL REGIONAL RAIL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with		
	 Original		Final	Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 334,991	\$	334,991	\$ 346,220	\$	11,229	
Intergovernmental	-		-	220		220	
Investment earnings	 			 320,401		320,401	
Total Revenues	\$ 334,991	\$	334,991	\$ 666,841	\$	331,850	
Expenditures							
Economic development							
Community development	\$ 3,586,000	\$	4,228,492	\$ 3,198,142	\$	1,030,350	
Administration	 334,991		334,991	 273,762		61,229	
Total Expenditures	\$ 3,920,991	\$	4,563,483	\$ 3,471,904	\$	1,091,579	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (3,586,000)	\$	(4,228,492)	\$ (2,805,063)	\$	1,423,429	
Fund Balance - January 1	 16,125,208		16,125,208	 16,125,208			
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 12,539,208	\$	11,896,716	\$ 13,320,145	\$	1,423,429	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	In	eographic formation System rprise Fund	Ent	Byllesby Dam terprise Fund	Totals		
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and pooled investments	\$	147,849	\$	-	\$	147,849	
Total current assets	\$	147,849	\$		\$	147,849	
Noncurrent assets							
Capital assets:							
Nondepreciable							
Construction in progress	\$	-	\$	2,439,121	\$	2,439,121	
Depreciable (net)				10,201,861		10,201,861	
Total noncurrent assets	\$		\$	12,640,982	\$	12,640,982	
Total Assets	\$	147,849	\$	12,640,982	\$	12,788,831	
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	264,489	\$	264,489	
Due to other funds		-		983,440		983,440	
Due to other governments			_	23		23	
Total current liabilities	\$		\$	1,247,952	\$	1,247,952	
Total Liabilities	\$		\$	1,247,952	\$	1,247,952	
Total Liabilities	Ψ		Φ	1,247,932	Φ	1,247,932	
Net Position							
Investment in capital assets	\$	_	\$	12,640,982	\$	12,640,982	
Restricted for	·			, , -		,,-	
Equipment replacement		147,849		-		147,849	
Unrestricted				(1,247,952)		(1,247,952)	
Total Net Position	\$	147,849	\$	11,393,030	\$	11,540,879	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	In	eographic formation System rprise Fund	En	Byllesby Dam terprise Fund	Totals		
Operating Revenues							
Charges for services	\$	4,000	\$	704,290	\$	708,290	
Total Operating Revenues	\$	4,000	\$	704,290	\$	708,290	
Operating Expenses							
Repairs and maintenance	\$	-	\$	601,330	\$	601,330	
Depreciation		-		154,055		154,055	
Other services and charges		3,565				3,565	
Total Operating Expenses	\$	3,565	\$	755,385	\$	758,950	
Change in Net Position	\$	435	\$	(51,095)	\$	(50,660)	
Net Position - January 1		147,414		11,444,125		11,591,539	
Net Position - December 31	\$	147,849	\$	11,393,030	\$	11,540,879	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

	In	eographic formation System erprise Fund	Byllesby Dam erprise Fund	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers	\$	4,000 (3,565)	\$ 704,658 (419,279)	\$ 708,658 (422,844)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	435	\$ 285,379	\$ 285,814
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Intergovernmental Due to governmental fund Acquisition and construction of capital assets	\$	- - -	\$ 193,108 983,440 (2,129,144)	\$ 193,108 983,440 (2,129,144)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	\$	-	\$ (952,596)	\$ (952,596)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	435	\$ (667,217)	\$ (666,782)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1		147,414	 667,217	 814,631
Cash and Cash Equivalents at December 31	\$	147,849	\$ 	\$ 147,849
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Operating income (loss)	\$	435_	\$ (51,095)	\$ (50,660)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in due to other governments	\$	- - - -	\$ 154,055 362 182,051 6	\$ 154,055 362 182,051 6
Total adjustments	\$		\$ 336,474	\$ 336,474
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	435	\$ 285,379	\$ 285,814

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	First Judicial District Trust Fund		Rural Solid Waste Commission Trust Fund		Domestic Preparedness Team Trust Fund		 Total	
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and pooled investments Due from other governments	\$	- 161,917	\$	54,032	\$	637,486	\$ 691,518 161,917	
Total Assets	\$	161,917	\$	54,032	\$	637,486	\$ 853,435	
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$	- 161,917	\$	23,140	\$	5,322	\$ 28,462 161,917	
Total Liabilities	\$	161,917	\$	23,140	\$	5,322	\$ 190,379	
Net Position								
Net position held in trust for other purposes	\$		\$	30,892	\$	632,164	\$ 663,056	
Total Net Position	\$		\$	30,892	\$	632,164	\$ 663,056	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	st Judicial District rust Fund	Co	Rural Solid Waste Solid Waste Commission Coordinating Board Trust Fund Trust Fund		Domestic Team Trust Fund		Total Private- Purpose Trust Fund		
ADDITIONS:									
State Grants Minnesota Dept of Trial Courts Minnesota Dept of Public Safety Other agencies Investment earnings: Interest	\$ 620,705 - - -	\$	- - 31,173 1,190	\$	- - - 471	\$	1,155 125,116	\$	620,705 1,155 156,289 1,661
Total additions	\$ 620,705	\$	32,363	\$	471	\$	126,271	\$	779,810
DEDUCTIONS:									
Judical District expense Solid waste expenses Emergency preparedness expenses	\$ 620,705 - -	\$	28,543	\$	150,032	\$	40,242	\$	620,705 178,575 40,242
Total deductions	\$ 620,705	\$	28,543	\$	150,032	\$	40,242	\$	839,522
Change in net position	\$ -	\$	3,820	\$	(149,561)	\$	86,029	\$	(59,712)
Net position - January 1	 		27,072		149,561		546,135		722,768
Net position - December 31	\$ _	\$	30,892	\$		\$	632,164	\$	663,056

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 Balance January 1	Additions		 Balance December 31
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable Due from other governments	\$ 61,937,683 10,920 311,246	\$ 1,479,383,705 - 661,303	\$ 1,501,775,620 10,920 301,214	\$ 39,545,768 - 671,335
Total Assets	\$ 62,259,849	\$ 1,480,045,008	\$ 1,502,087,754	\$ 40,217,103
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable Unapportioned taxes payable Due to other governments	\$ 2,319,041 - 59,940,808	\$ 732,655,475 136,271,054 902,462,314	\$ 731,613,261 136,271,054 925,547,274	\$ 3,361,255 - 36,855,848
Total Liabilities	\$ 62,259,849	\$ 1,771,388,843	\$ 1,793,431,589	\$ 40,217,103

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - STATEMENT OF NET POSITION VERMILLION RIVER WATERSHED DISTRICT DECEMBER 31, 2018

Assets

Cash and investments	\$	1,148,883
Taxes receivable Current		58,368
Prior - net		1,940
Accounts receivable		53,050
Due from other governments		15,427
Total Assets	\$	1,277,668
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	112,242
Due to other governments		1
Total Liabilities	\$	112,243
Fund Balance/Net Position		
Unrestricted	\$	1,165,425
Total Fund Balance/Net Position	\$	1,165,425
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance/Net Position	<u>\$</u>	1,277,668

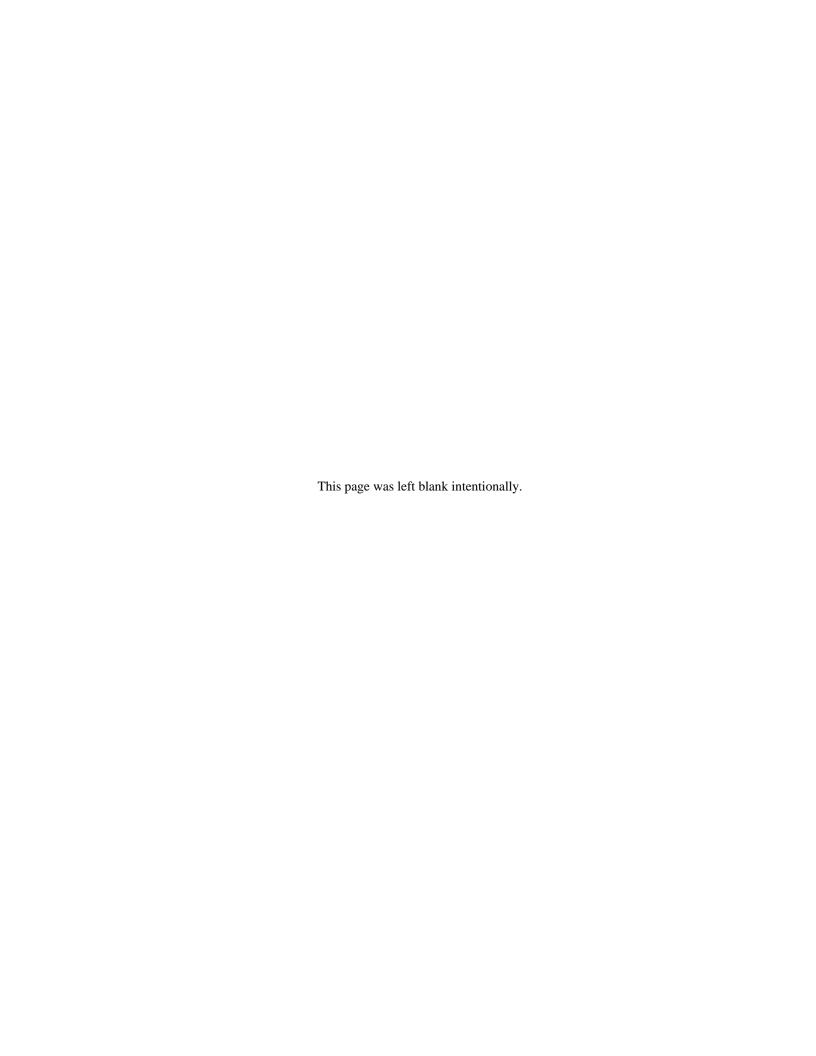
There are no capital assets nor long term liabilities. There is no difference to reconcile between modified and full accrual.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES VERMILLION RIVER WATERSHED DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Revenues	
Taxes	\$ 892,863
License and permits	6,641
Intergovernmental	324,154
Investment earnings	30,382
Miscellaneous	 250
Total Revenues	\$ 1,254,290
Expenditures/Expenses	
Current	
Conservation of natural resources	\$ 2,021,279
Net Change in Fund Balance/	
Net Position	\$ (766,989)
Fund Balance/Net Position - January 1	 1,932,414
Fund Balance/Net Position - December 31	\$ 1,165,425

There are no capital outlays nor revenues that are not current financial resources. There is no difference to reconcile between modified and full accrual.

Governmental Revenue Schedules



SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	G	overnmental Funds		erprise 'unds	Total Primary Government		
Appropriations and Shared Revenue							
State Highway years to:	¢	21 507 252	¢.		¢	21 507 252	
Highway users tax PERA rate reimbursement	\$	31,587,253	\$	-	\$	31,587,253	
PERA - state aid		333,927		-		333,927	
Disparity reduction aid		319,311 1,878		-		319,311 1,878	
Police aid		667,732		-		667,732	
Agricultural preserve credit		44,115		_		44,115	
County program aid		18,446,083		_		18,446,083	
Local performance aid		25,000		_		25,000	
Market value credit		144,387		_		144,387	
SCORE		1,190,246		_		1,190,246	
Aquatic invasive species		120,396		_		120,396	
Total Appropriations and Shared Revenue	\$	52,880,328	\$	_	\$	52,880,328	
	-	,,	-		<u> </u>	,,	
Reimbursement for Services State							
Minnesota Department of Human Services	\$	11,496,398	\$	-	\$	11,496,398	
Payments							
Local							
County contributions	\$	722,823	\$	-	\$	722,823	
City contributions		1,118,220		-		1,118,220	
Metropolitan Council		1,173,503		-		1,173,503	
City and agency share of construction		8,158,849		-		8,158,849	
MELSA		366,558		-		366,558	
Other contributions		78,514		-		78,514	
Local contributions Payments in lieu of taxes		3,864,511 157,299		-		3,864,511 157,299	
1 ayments in neu of taxes		137,299				137,299	
Total Payments	\$	15,640,277	\$	-	\$	15,640,277	
Grants							
State							
Minnesota Department/Board of	_		_		_		
Public Safety	\$	181,319	\$	-	\$	181,319	
Transportation		1,705,490		-		1,705,490	
Health		1,742,373		-		1,742,373	
Natural Resources		595,608		-		595,608	
Human Services		13,488,734		-		13,488,734	
Water and Soil Resources Employment and Economic Development		197,804 706,111		-		197,804 706,111	
Trial Courts		311,000		-		311,000	
Education		6,075				6,075	
Historical Society		44,935		_		44,935	
Secretary of State		260,122		_		260,122	
Peace Officer Standards and Training		76,560		_		76,560	
Corrections		5,446,584		_		5,446,584	
Veterans Affairs		24,545		-		24,545	
Information Technology		25,000		-		25,000	
Housing Finance Agency		245,680		-		245,680	
Pollution Control Agency		316,354		-		316,354	
Total State	\$	25,374,294	\$	-	\$	25,374,294	

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	<u> </u>	Governmental Funds		Enterprise Funds		Total Primary Government		
Grants (Continued)								
Federal								
Department of								
Agriculture	\$	3,782,932	\$	-	\$	3,782,932		
Housing and Urban Development		3,993,279		-		3,993,279		
Interior		63,575		-		63,575		
Justice		219,713		-		219,713		
Labor		701,165		-		701,165		
Transportation		17,654,665		-		17,654,665		
Education		2,263		-		2,263		
Health and Human Services		26,608,878		-		26,608,878		
Elections Assistance Commission		60,750		-		60,750		
Homeland Security		742,345		-		742,345		
Total Federal	\$	53,829,565	\$	-	\$	53,829,565		
Total State and Federal Grants	\$	79,203,859	\$	-	\$	79,203,859		
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	159,220,862	\$	-	\$	159,220,862		

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Passed Through Minnesota Department of Education	Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grant Numbers	E	xpenditures	sed Through
Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Program 10.553 E3704518 19.324 5 -	U.S. Department of Agriculture					
School Breakfast Program	Passed Through Minnesota Department of Education					
National School Lunch Program	Child Nutrition Cluster					
Closal expenditures for Child Nutrition Cluster \$31,570 Passed Through Minnestoa Department of Health Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children 10.557 H12H302 1,201,808 - Passed Through Minnestoa Department of Agriculture WIC Farmers Marken Nutrition Program (PMNP) 10.572 B0418F172614 2,500 - Passed Through Minnestoa Department of Human Services State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster \$3,782,932 \$	School Breakfast Program	10.553	E3704518	\$	12,246	\$ -
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children 10.557	National School Lunch Program	10.555	E3704618		19,324	-
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children 10.557 H12H302 1.201,808 - 2 -	(Total expenditures for Child Nutrition Cluster \$31,570)					
Infants, and Children						
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Agriculture WIC Farmers' Market Nutrition Program (FMNP) 10.572 B0418F172614 2.500 -	Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women,					
WIC Farmers Market Nutrition Program (FMNP) 10.572 B0418F172614 2,500 - Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program 10.561 15152MN10152514 2,547,054 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture \$ 3,782,932 \$ - U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Community Development Block Grants - Entitlement Grants Cluster Community Development Block Grants - Entitlement Grants 14.218 C0029603 \$ 1,830,567 \$ 1,		10.557	H12H302		1,201,808	-
WIC Farmers Market Nutrition Program (FMNP) 10.572 B0418F172614 2,500 - Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program 10.561 15152MN10152514 2,547,054 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture \$ 3,782,932 \$ - U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Community Development Block Grants - Entitlement Grants Cluster Community Development Block Grants - Entitlement Grants 14.218 C0029603 \$ 1,830,567 \$ 1,	Passed Through Minnesota Department of Agriculture					
State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program 10.561 15152MN10152514 2.547,054 -		10.572	B0418F172614		2,500	-
Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program 10.561 15152MN10152514 2.547.054 -	Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services					
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program 10.561 15152MN10152514 2,547,054 -	State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental					
Nutrition Assistance Program 10.561 15152MN10152514 2,547,054	Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster					
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture \$3,782,932 \$	State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental					
Direct Community Development Block Grants - Entitlement Grants Cluster Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants 14.218 C0029603 \$1,830,567 \$1,830,567 Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants 14.239 C0029603 1,262,388 1,262,388 Emergency Solutions Grant Program 14.231 C0029603 162,060 162,060 Emergency Solutions Grant Program 14.231 MN0077L5K0331306 738,264 - Community Development Total expenditures for Emergency Solutions Grant Program 14.231 MN0077L5K0331306 738,264 - Community Development Say99,3279 Say93,279 Say	Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	15152MN10152514		2,547,054	
Direct Community Development Block Grants - Entitlement Grants Cluster Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants 14.218 C0029603 1,830,567 \$ 1,830,567 HOME Investment Partnerships Program 14.239 C0029603 1,262,388 1,262,388 1,262,388 Emergency Solutions Grant Program 14.231 C0029603 162,060 162,060 Emergency Solutions Grant Program 14.231 MN0077L5K0331306 738,264 - Community Solutions Grant Program 14.231 S900,324 Formula 4.231 S900,324 Formula 4.231 S900,324 Formula 4.231 S900,324 Formula 4.231 S900,324 Formula 5.24 Formula 6.25 F	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			\$	3,782,932	\$
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants						
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	Community Development Block Grants - Entitlement Grants Cluster					
Emergency Solutions Grant Program	Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	C0029603	\$	1,830,567	\$ 1,830,567
Emergency Solutions Grant Program (Total expenditures for Emergency Solutions Grant Program 14.231 MN0077L5K0331306 738,264 - (Total expenditures for Emergency Solutions Grant Program 14.231 \$900,324) Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development \$\$3,993,279\$ \$3,255,015\$ U.S. Department of Interior Direct Mississippi National River and Recreation Area State and Local Assistance 15.941 Not Provided \$63,575\$ \$- U.S. Department of Justice Direct Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant Program 16.579 Not Provided \$65,789 \$- Equitable Sharing Program 16.922 Not Provided 17,598 - Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY16 65,445 - Crime Victim Assistance (Total expenditures for Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 \$136,326)	HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	C0029603		1,262,388	1,262,388
(Total expenditures for Emergency Solutions Grant Program 14.231 \$900,324) Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development U.S. Department of Interior Direct Mississippi National River and Recreation Area State and Local Assistance U.S. Department of Justice Direct Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant Program 16.579 Equitable Sharing Program 16.922 Not Provided 17,598 - Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY16 65,445 - (Total expenditures for Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 \$136,326)	Emergency Solutions Grant Program	14.231	C0029603		162,060	162,060
Program 14.231 \$900,324 Say 15.255,015 Say 15.255,015	Emergency Solutions Grant Program	14.231	MN0077L5K0331306		738,264	-
U.S. Department of Interior Direct Mississippi National River and Recreation Area State and Local Assistance 15.941 Not Provided \$63,575 \$- U.S. Department of Justice Direct Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant Program 16.579 Not Provided \$65,789 \$- Equitable Sharing Program 16.922 Not Provided 17,598 - Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY16 65,445 - Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 \$136,326)	(Total expenditures for Emergency Solutions Grant					
U.S. Department of Interior Direct Mississippi National River and Recreation Area State and Local Assistance 15.941 Not Provided \$63,575 \$- U.S. Department of Justice Direct Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant Program 16.579 Not Provided \$65,789 \$- Equitable Sharing Program 16.922 Not Provided 17,598 - Equitable Sharing Program 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY16 65,445 - Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 \$136,326)	Program 14.231 \$900,324)					
Direct Mississippi National River and Recreation Area State and Local Assistance 15.941 Not Provided \$ 63,575 \$ - U.S. Department of Justice Direct Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant Program Equitable Sharing Program 16.579 Not Provided \$ 65,789 - Equitable Sharing Program Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY16 65,445 - Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY17 70,881 - (Total expenditures for Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 \$136,326)	Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			\$	3,993,279	\$ 3,255,015
Mississippi National River and Recreation Area State and Local Assistance 15.941 Not Provided \$63,575 \$- U.S. Department of Justice Direct Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant Program 16.579 Not Provided \$65,789 \$- Equitable Sharing Program 16.922 Not Provided 17,598 - Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY16 65,445 - Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 \$136,326)	U.S. Department of Interior					
U.S. Department of Justice Direct Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant Program 16.579 Not Provided \$ 65,789 - Equitable Sharing Program 16.922 Not Provided 17,598 - Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY16 65,445 - Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY17 70,881 - (Total expenditures for Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 \$136,326)						
Direct Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant Program 16.579 Not Provided \$ 65,789 \$ - Equitable Sharing Program 16.922 Not Provided 17,598 - Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY16 65,445 - Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY17 70,881 - (Total expenditures for Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 \$136,326)	Mississippi National River and Recreation Area State and Local Assistance	15.941	Not Provided	\$	63,575	\$ -
Equitable Sharing Program 16.922 Not Provided 17,598 - Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY16 65,445 - Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY17 70,881 - (Total expenditures for Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 \$136,326)						
Equitable Sharing Program 16.922 Not Provided 17,598 - Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY16 65,445 - Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY17 70,881 - (Total expenditures for Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 \$136,326)	Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant Program	16.579	Not Provided	\$	65.789	\$ _
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Crime Victim Assistance Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY16 65,445 - Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY17 70,881 - (Total expenditures for Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 \$136,326)				-		-
Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY16 65,445 - Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY17 70,881 - (Total expenditures for Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 \$136,326) - - -	,				- ,	
Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 P0760VOCAFFY17 70,881 - (Total expenditures for Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 \$136,326)		16.575	P0760VOCAFFY16		65.445	-
(Total expenditures for Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 \$136,326)						-
Total U.S. Department of Justice \$ 219,713 \$ -						
	Total U.S. Department of Justice			\$	219,713	\$

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grant Numbers	Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
110gram of Oldott Title	Tumber	rumoers	Experiences	to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Labor				
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Employment and				
and Economic Development	45.050	71.121.00	4.744	ф
WIA/WIOA Adult Program	17.258	5143100	\$ 1,741	\$ -
WIA/WIOA Adult Program	17.258	7143100	228,112	-
WIA/WIOA Adult Program	17.258	8143100	1,613	-
(Total expenditures for WIA/WIOA Adult Program 17.258 \$231,466) WIA/WIOA Youth Activities	17.259	6143600	10,235	
WIA/WIOA Youth Activities	17.259	7143600	136,334	-
WIA/WIOA Youth Activities	17.259	8143600	164,990	_
WIA/WIOA Youth Activities	17.259	9146400	962	
(Total expenditures for WIA/WIOA Youth Activities 17.259 \$312,521)	17.237	3110100	702	
WIA/WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	17.278	5148000	3,199	-
WIA/WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	17.278	7148000	375,235	_
WIA/WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	17.278	8148000	84,697	_
(Total expenditures for WIA/WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula				
Grants 17.278 \$463,131)				
(Total expenditures for WIA Cluster \$1,007,118)				
Total U.S. Department of Labor			\$ 1,007,118	\$ -
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1912258	\$ 4,827,617	\$ -
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1915144	270,786	Ψ _
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1915182	55,379	
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1916059	45,245	-
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1916077	203,677	-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1916122	114,700	-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1916132	-	-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1916161	498,150	-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1917005	914,575	-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1917115	4,089,515	-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1917132	3,370,123	-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1917149	-	-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1918169	1,144,800	-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1918186	804,739	-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1918212	1,000,000	-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1918248	260,815	-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	S223002	80,000	-
(Total expenditures for Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 \$17,680,121)				
Transit Services Programs Cluster				
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	1029505	40,861	-
(Total expenditures for Transit Services Programs Cluster \$72,339)				
Technical Assistance Grants	20.710		-	-
Highway Safety Cluster				
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety	20.616	N . B . 11.1	14.707	
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	Not Provided	14,787	-
(Total expenditures for National Priority Safety 20.616 \$20,310)				
Passed Through City of Hastings National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	Not Provided	5 522	
(Total expenditures for National Priority Safety 20.616 \$20,310)	20.010	not riovided	5,523	-
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders				
for Driving While Intoxicated	20.608	Not Provided	14,884	<u>-</u>
	20.000	1.0111011404	11,004	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			\$ 17,756,176	\$ -

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Grant			Passed	l Through
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Numbers	Exp	penditures		recipients
NG D. A. A. CELL . d.						
U.S. Department of Education						
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health	04 101	N. (D	ф	2.262	ф	
Special Education-Grants for Infants and Families	84.181	Not Provided	<u>\$</u>	2,263	\$	-
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services						
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health						
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	Not Provided	\$	276,261	\$	-
Universal Newborn Hearing Screening	93.251	Not Provided		3,675		-
Early Hearing Detection and Intervention						
Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Program	93.314	12-700-00068		1,200		-
PPHF Capacity Building Assistance to Strengthen						
Public Health Immunization Infrastructure and Performance						
financed in part by Prevention and Public Health Funds	93.539	Not Provided		27,750		-
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Cluster						
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	Not Provided		325,296		-
(Total expenditures for Temporary Assistance for Needy						
Families 93.558 \$2,977,237)						
Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Cluster						
ACA Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program	93.870	Not Provided		420,326		-
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994	12-700-00068		281,413		-
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services				- , -		
Guardianship Assistance	93.090	1701MNGARD		56,223		_
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	1501MNFPSS		114,442		-
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Cluster				,		
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	1701MNTANF		2,651,941		_
(Total expenditures for Temporary Assistance for Needy	75.550	1,01111,1111,1		2,001,7.1		
Families 93.558 \$2,977,237)						
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	1704MNCEST		7,060,459		_
Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants	93.590	1402MNFRPG		106,096		_
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster	75.570	11021111111111		100,070		
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care						
and Development Fund	93.596			471,748		_
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	1501MNCWSS		64,003		_
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1701MNFOST		1,808,859		_
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1701MNADPT		417,086		_
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1701MNSOSR		1,514,450		
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	1501MNCILP		61,700		
Medicaid Cluster	73.074	ISOTIVINCILI		01,700		_
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1705MN5ADM		1,690,167		
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1705MN5MAP		10,278,344		-
(Total expenditures for Medial Assistance Program 93.778 \$11,968,511)	93.776	1703MIN3MAF		10,276,344		-
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			\$	27,631,439	\$	
Evenutive Office of the Duccident						
Executive Office of the President Direct						
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95.001	Not Provided	\$	60,750	\$	_
			<u> </u>			

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Federal Grantor	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Pass-Through Agency	ency CFDA Grant				Pas	sed Through	
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Numbers	Expenditures		to Subrecipients		
U.C. Donouter and of Hamaland Committee							
U.S. Department of Homeland Security							
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Natural Resources							
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	090518	\$	7,125	\$	-	
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	101918		13,875		-	
(Total expenditures for Homeland Security Grant							
Program 97.012 \$21,000)							
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety							
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	F-EMPG-2018-DAKOTACO		122,921		-	
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	F-UASI-2016-DAKOTACO		459,766		-	
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	F-UASI-2017-DAKOTACO		138,658		-	
(Total expenditures for Homeland Security Grant							
Program 97.067 \$721,345)							
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			\$	742,345	\$		
Total Federal Awards			\$	55,259,590	\$	3,255,015	

DAKOTA COUNTY MINNESOTA

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

1. Reporting Entity

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Dakota County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note I to the financial statements. Dakota County's financial statements include the operations of the Dakota County Community Development Agency (the CDA) component unit, which expended \$25,639,577 in federal awards during the year ended June 30, 2018. Those expenditures are not included in the County's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, because the CDA had a separate single audit.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Dakota County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2018. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Dakota County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Dakota County.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the basis of accounting used by the individual funds of Dakota County. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds use the full accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The County has elected to not use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

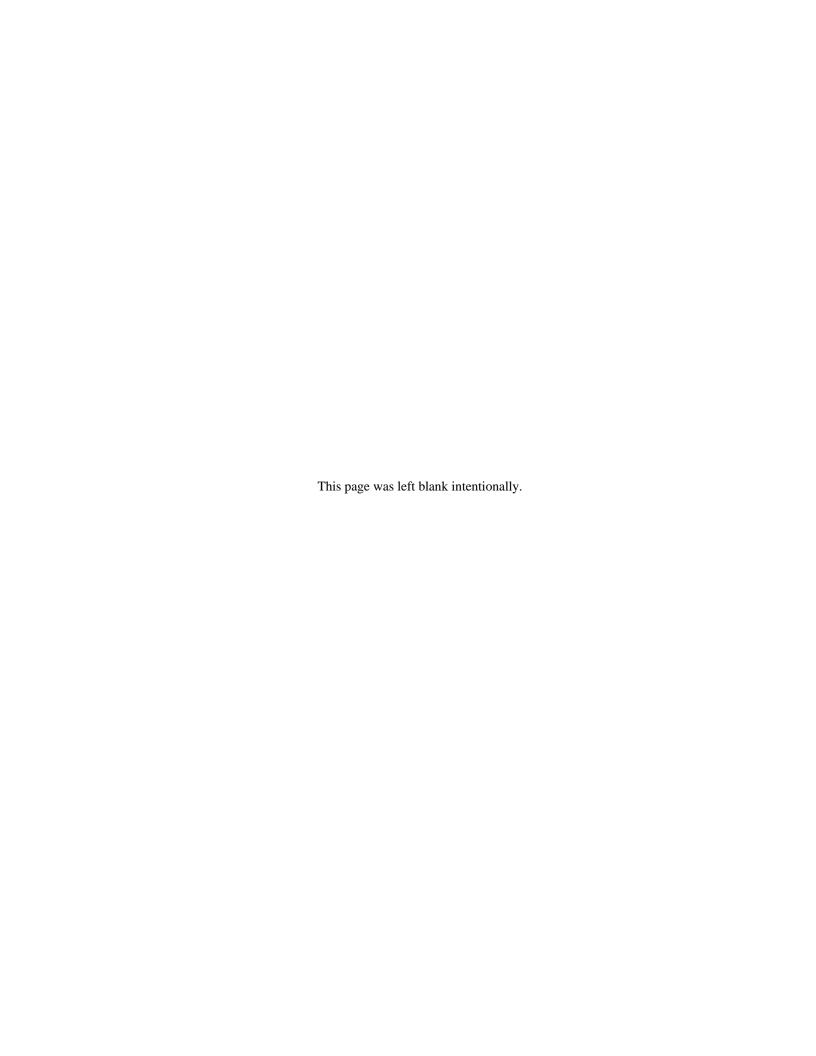
DAKOTA COUNTY MINNESOTA

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

4. Reconciliation to Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue

Federal grant revenue per Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	53,829,565
Grants held in the Agency Fund		
WIA/WIOA Cluster		
WIA/WIOA Adult Program		65,247
WIA/WIOA Youth Activities		113,737
WIA/WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants		126,969
Highway Planning and Construction (Additional Expenditures)		101,511
Foster Care – Title IV-E		413,251
Medical Assistance Program		609,310
Expenditures Per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	<u>\$_</u>	55,259,590

Statistical Section



Statistical Section

This part of Dakota County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents

	Page
Financial Trends	131
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's	
financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	138
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the	
County's ability to generate its property taxes.	
Debt Capacity	144
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability to the	
County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt	
in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	147
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand	
the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make	
comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Operating Information	149
These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help	
the reader understand how the County provides the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

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Net Position by Component

Primary Government																
		2009		2010	2011		2012	20	013 (Restated)		2014	2015	2016	2017		2018
Governmental Activities																
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	545,729,953 \$	6	567,867,785 \$	605,455,040	\$	634,821,240	\$	634,927,138	\$	676,893,277 \$	728,602,522 \$	792,116,539 \$	818,225,255	\$	838,737,456
Restricted		5,860,387		6,578,089	12,124,268		12,189,502		27,406,220		21,784,009	25,176,075	32,212,249	53,245,122		75,360,146
Unrestricted		198,144,007		197,822,900	208,305,948		250,601,958		285,711,445		311,862,759	224,447,938	178,894,978	183,692,007		197,544,002
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	749,734,347 \$	3	772,268,774 \$	825,885,256	\$	897,612,700	\$	948,044,803	\$	1,010,540,045 \$	978,226,535 \$	1,003,223,766 \$	1,055,162,384	\$	1,111,641,604
Business-Type Activities																
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	- \$	3	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	5,031,329	\$	7,245,061 \$	8,826,272 \$	10,643,733 \$	10,665,893	\$	12,640,982
Restricted		166,432		299,704	2,127,270		2,063,341		149,306		147,267	149,531	149,030	147,414		147,849
Unrestricted		131,714		-	-		-		2,517,358		563,377	2,165,111	883,264	778,232		(1,247,952)
Total Net Position - Business-Type Activities	\$	298,146 \$	5	299,704 \$	2,127,270	\$	2,063,341	\$	7,697,993	\$	7,955,705 \$	11,140,914 \$	11,676,027 \$	11,591,539	\$	11,540,879
Total Primary Government																
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	545,729,953 \$	3	567,867,785 \$	605,455,040	\$	634,821,240	\$	639,958,467	\$	684,138,338 \$	737,428,794 \$	802,760,272 \$	828,891,148	\$	851,378,438
Restricted		6,026,819		6,877,793	14,251,538		14,252,843		27,555,526		21,931,276	25,325,606	32,361,279	53,392,536		75,507,995
Unrestricted	_	198,275,721		197,822,900	208,305,948		250,601,958		288,228,803		312,426,136	226,613,049	179,778,242	184,470,239		196,467,633
Total Net Position - Primary Government	\$	750,032,493 \$	5	772,568,478 \$	828,012,526	\$	899,676,041	\$	955,742,796	\$	1,018,495,750 \$	989,367,449 \$	1,014,899,793 \$	1,066,753,923	\$	1,123,182,483
C																
Components Units		2009		2010	2011		2012	20	013 (Restated)		2014	2015	2016	2017		2018
Community Development Agency		2009		2010	2011		2012	20	13 (Kesiaiea)		2014	2013	2010	2017		2010
Net Investment in Capital Assets	•	67.422.313 \$		70,836,500 \$	78,312,202	¢	82,152,316	¢	81,612,927	¢	84,988,917 \$	89.380.592 \$	92.249.133 \$	97.672.468	¢	154.077.941
Restricted	φ	41,172,119	,	46,029,306	52,565,562	Ф	54,930,480	φ	61,288,925	Φ	62,251,756	60,449,437	58,413,028	64,440,381	φ	77,931,026
Unrestricted		62.620.611		70.262.376	75.886.912		83.933.498		86.865.611		97.038.422	103.144.207	110.772.169	112.797.004		118.198.799
Total Net Position - Community Development Agency	S	171,215,043 \$		187,128,182 \$	206,764,676	¢	221,016,294	¢	229,767,463	¢	244,279,095 \$	252,974,236 \$	261,434,330 \$	274,909,853	¢	350,207,766
Total Net Fosition - Community Development Agency		171,213,043 \$,	167,126,162 \$	200,704,070	Ф	221,010,294	φ	229,707,403	φ	244,279,093 \$	232,974,230 \$	201,434,330 \$	274,505,633	φ	330,207,700
Vermillion River Watershed																
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	- \$	3	- \$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- 5	\$	_
Restricted	-	-		-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	_		_
Unrestricted		1,113,522		1,140,810	1,179,489		1,646,229		1,953,185		1,925,156	1,885,377	1,269,938	1,932,414		1,165,425
Total Net Position - Vermillion River Watershed	\$	1,113,522 \$	3	1,140,810 \$	1,179,489	\$	1,646,229	\$	1,953,185	\$	1,925,156 \$	1,885,377 \$	1,269,938 \$	1,932,414	\$	1,165,425

The County implemented GASB Statements 68 and 71 in 2015. Years prior to 2015 were not restated to show these changes.

Changes in Net Position

Expenses		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (Restated)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Primary Government											
Governmental Activities											
General Government	\$	48,513,659 \$	61,982,946 \$	67,066,253 \$	55,323,557	56,902,146 \$	65,584,363 \$	66,920,647 \$	69,769,800 \$	72,720,526 \$	84,613,959
Public Safety		37,363,437	36,396,222	35,447,935	35,409,600	35,334,573	39,366,008	39,590,503	46,842,871	47,468,787	44,040,881
Highways and Streets		24,016,682	23,114,442	31,587,930	22,657,918	31,617,540	24,441,165	25,151,932	33,382,078	42,360,176	44,100,007
Sanitation		5,476,281	5,314,375	4,954,461	5,197,563	5,326,179	3,910,489	4,535,062	5,050,371	5,433,200	5,406,632
Human Services		85,401,690	69,757,126	68,904,678	66,997,873	66,211,619	70,662,704	72,053,369	81,202,624	83,935,657	87,735,585
Health		14,371,483	14,133,323	10,727,236	8,486,409	7,861,046	8,602,529	9,377,952	9,976,992	10,230,313	10,202,972
Culture and Recreation		19,746,598	19,352,705	19,368,747	18,171,501	17,287,925	13,567,104	18,114,323	20,365,261	22,611,807	18,452,909
Conservation of Natural Resources		4,560,051	2,304,181	3,960,904	4,016,128	4,276,455	3,520,375	4,852,937	4,093,572	7,387,706	3,470,791
Economic Development		10,540,298	12,076,877	8,145,271	8,216,401	8,079,665	9,946,696	11,715,865	9,073,780	9,032,938	9,774,538
Interest		4,360,037	3,947,575	2,919,202	2,212,496	1,916,583	1,447,204	1,013,259	64,536	13,828	9,366
Total Governmental Activities	\$	254,350,216 \$	248,379,772 \$	253,082,617 \$	226,689,446		241,048,637 \$	253,325,849 \$	279,821,885 \$	301,194,938 \$	307,807,640
Business-Type Activities											
Geographic Information Systems	\$	50,556 \$	24,577 \$	58,164 \$	9,072	9,096 \$	9,100 \$	44,123 \$	624 \$	5,647 \$	3,565
Criminal Justice Information Integration Network		-	81,669	84,192	48,021	113,463	151,656	-	-	-	-
Byllesby Dam		-	-	417,750	928,924	407,634	867,864	753,762	1,495,120	1,116,690	755,385
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	50,556 \$	106,246 \$	560,106 \$	986,017	530,193 \$	1,028,620 \$	797,885 \$	1,495,744 \$	1,122,337 \$	758,950
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	254,400,772 \$	248,486,018 \$	253,642,723 \$	227,675,463	235,343,924 \$	242,077,257 \$	254,123,734 \$	281,317,629 \$	302,317,275 \$	308,566,590
Program Revenues		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (Restated)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Program Revenues Primary Government		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (Restated)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
9		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (Restated)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Primary Government		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (Restated)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Primary Government Governmental Activities	<u> </u>	7.507.730 \$, ,					7,893,302
Primary Government Governmental Activities Fees, fines, charges and other: General Government	\$	7,507,730 \$	7,124,643 \$	6,784,853 \$	7,817,635	7,819,235 \$	7,536,670 \$	7,434,589 \$	8,659,515 \$	7,329,162 \$	7,893,302
Primary Government Governmental Activities Fees, fines, charges and other: General Government Public Safety	\$	7,507,730 \$ 3,214,768	7,124,643 \$ 3,127,028	6,784,853 \$ 3,532,554	7,817,635 S 3,491,571	7,819,235 \$ 3,331,432	7,536,670 \$ 3,021,044	7,434,589 \$ 2,763,775	8,659,515 \$ 3,059,881	7,329,162 \$ 2,775,730	7,893,302 2,418,920
Primary Government Governmental Activities Fees, fines, charges and other: General Government	\$	7,507,730 \$ 3,214,768 1,528,495	7,124,643 \$ 3,127,028 1,589,965	6,784,853 \$ 3,532,554 3,777,498	7,817,635 S 3,491,571 576,243	7,819,235 \$ 3,331,432 3,589,979	7,536,670 \$ 3,021,044 641,484	7,434,589 \$ 2,763,775 532,360	8,659,515 \$ 3,059,881 969,540	7,329,162 \$ 2,775,730 676,328	7,893,302 2,418,920 789,920
Primary Government Governmental Activities Fees, fines, charges and other: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets	\$	7,507,730 \$ 3,214,768 1,528,495 6,528,605	7,124,643 \$ 3,127,028 1,589,965 8,019,709	6,784,853 \$ 3,532,554 3,777,498 8,235,471	7,817,635 S 3,491,571 576,243 8,433,603	5 7,819,235 \$ 3,331,432 3,589,979 7,713,818	7,536,670 \$ 3,021,044 641,484 7,881,052	7,434,589 \$ 2,763,775 532,360 9,012,270	8,659,515 \$ 3,059,881 969,540 8,975,849	7,329,162 \$ 2,775,730 676,328 9,609,107	7,893,302 2,418,920 789,920 10,643,605
Primary Government Governmental Activities Fees, fines, charges and other: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services	\$	7,507,730 \$ 3,214,768 1,528,495 6,528,605 6,474,404	7,124,643 \$ 3,127,028 1,589,965 8,019,709 3,164,919	6,784,853 \$ 3,532,554 3,777,498 8,235,471 3,743,711	7,817,635 3,491,571 576,243 8,433,603 5,683,801	7,819,235 \$ 3,331,432 3,589,979 7,713,818 7,776,989	7,536,670 \$ 3,021,044 641,484 7,881,052 940,947	7,434,589 \$ 2,763,775 532,360 9,012,270 2,341,929	8,659,515 \$ 3,059,881 969,540 8,975,849 2,195,204	7,329,162 \$ 2,775,730 676,328 9,609,107 2,154,736	7,893,302 2,418,920 789,920 10,643,605 1,913,574
Primary Government Governmental Activities Fees, fines, charges and other: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health	\$	7,507,730 \$ 3,214,768 1,528,495 6,528,605 6,474,404 5,632,467	7,124,643 \$ 3,127,028 1,589,965 8,019,709 3,164,919 3,119,419	6,784,853 \$ 3,532,554 3,777,498 8,235,471 3,743,711 1,316,458	7,817,635 5 3,491,571 576,243 8,433,603 5,683,801 1,463,958	5 7,819,235 \$ 3,331,432 3,589,979 7,713,818 7,776,989 1,363,361	7,536,670 \$ 3,021,044 641,484 7,881,052 940,947 1,211,838	7,434,589 \$ 2,763,775 532,360 9,012,270 2,341,929 1,738,043	8,659,515 \$ 3,059,881 969,540 8,975,849 2,195,204 887,883	7,329,162 \$ 2,775,730 676,328 9,609,107 2,154,736 899,157	7,893,302 2,418,920 789,920 10,643,605 1,913,574 871,760
Primary Government Governmental Activities Fees, fines, charges and other: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation	\$	7,507,730 \$ 3,214,768 1,528,495 6,528,605 6,474,404 5,632,467 1,730,132	7,124,643 \$ 3,127,028 1,589,965 8,019,709 3,164,919 3,119,419 1,754,286	6,784,853 \$ 3,532,554 3,777,498 8,235,471 3,743,711 1,316,458 1,564,452	7,817,635 S 3,491,571 576,243 8,433,603 5,683,801 1,463,958 1,558,792	7,819,235 \$ 3,331,432 3,589,979 7,713,818 7,776,989 1,363,361 1,540,512	7,536,670 \$ 3,021,044 641,484 7,881,052 940,947 1,211,838 1,539,480	7,434,589 \$ 2,763,775 532,360 9,012,270 2,341,929 1,738,043 1,570,060	8,659,515 \$ 3,059,881 969,540 8,975,849 2,195,204 887,883 1,712,736	7,329,162 \$ 2,775,730 676,328 9,609,107 2,154,736 899,157 1,787,799	7,893,302 2,418,920 789,920 10,643,605 1,913,574 871,760 1,842,587
Primary Government Governmental Activities Fees, fines, charges and other: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation Conservation of Natural Resources	\$	7,507,730 \$ 3,214,768 1,528,495 6,528,605 6,474,404 5,632,467	7,124,643 \$ 3,127,028 1,589,965 8,019,709 3,164,919 3,119,419 1,754,286 85,654	6,784,853 \$ 3,532,554 3,777,498 8,235,471 3,743,711 1,316,458 1,564,452 47,707	7,817,635 5 3,491,571 576,243 8,433,603 5,683,801 1,463,958 1,558,792 20,021	7,819,235 \$ 3,331,432 3,589,979 7,713,818 7,776,989 1,363,361 1,540,512 25,455	7,536,670 \$ 3,021,044 641,484 7,881,052 940,947 1,211,838	7,434,589 \$ 2,763,775 532,360 9,012,270 2,341,929 1,738,043	8,659,515 \$ 3,059,881 969,540 8,975,849 2,195,204 887,883	7,329,162 \$ 2,775,730 676,328 9,609,107 2,154,736 899,157 1,787,799 599,109	7,893,302 2,418,920 789,920 10,643,605 1,913,574 871,760
Primary Government Governmental Activities Fees, fines, charges and other: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation	\$	7,507,730 \$ 3,214,768 1,528,495 6,528,605 6,474,404 5,632,467 1,730,132	7,124,643 \$ 3,127,028 1,589,965 8,019,709 3,164,919 3,119,419 1,754,286	6,784,853 \$ 3,532,554 3,777,498 8,235,471 3,743,711 1,316,458 1,564,452	7,817,635 S 3,491,571 576,243 8,433,603 5,683,801 1,463,958 1,558,792	5 7.819,235 \$ 3,331,432 3,589,979 7,713,818 7,776,989 1,363,361 1,540,512 25,455 302,581	7,536,670 \$ 3,021,044 641,484 7,881,052 940,947 1,211,838 1,539,480	7,434,589 \$ 2,763,775 532,360 9,012,270 2,341,929 1,738,043 1,570,060	8,659,515 \$ 3,059,881 969,540 8,975,849 2,195,204 887,883 1,712,736	7,329,162 \$ 2,775,730 676,328 9,609,107 2,154,736 899,157 1,787,799	7,893,302 2,418,920 789,920 10,643,605 1,913,574 871,760 1,842,587
Primary Government Governmental Activities Fees, fines, charges and other: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation Conservation of Natural Resources Economic Development Total Governmental Fees, Fines, Charges and Other		7,507,730 \$ 3,214,768 1,528,495 6,528,605 6,474,404 5,632,467 1,730,132 27,492	7,124,643 \$ 3,127,028 1,589,965 8,019,709 3,164,919 3,119,419 1,754,286 85,654 40,132	6,784,853 \$ 3,532,554 3,777,498 8,235,471 3,743,711 1,316,458 1,564,452 47,707 1,247	7,817,635 3,491,571 576,243 8,433,603 5,683,801 1,463,958 1,558,792 20,021 243,643	5 7,819,235 \$ 3,331,432 3,589,979 7,713,818 7,776,989 1,363,361 1,540,512 25,455 302,581	7,536,670 \$ 3,021,044 641,484 7,881,052 940,947 1,211,838 1,539,480 391,528	7,434,589 \$ 2,763,775 532,360 9,012,270 2,341,929 1,738,043 1,570,060 378,424	8,659,515 \$ 3,059,881 969,540 8,975,849 2,195,204 887,883 1,712,736 414,241	7,329,162 \$ 2,775,730 676,328 9,609,107 2,154,736 899,157 1,787,799 599,109 13,863	7,893,302 2,418,920 789,920 10,643,605 1,913,574 871,760 1,842,587 513,655
Primary Government Governmental Activities Fees, fines, charges and other: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation Conservation of Natural Resources Economic Development Total Governmental Fees, Fines, Charges and Other Business-Type Activities	\$	7,507,730 \$ 3,214,768 1,528,495 6,528,605 6,474,404 5,632,467 1,730,132 27,492 32,644,093 \$	7,124,643 \$ 3,127,028 1,589,965 8,019,709 3,164,919 3,119,419 1,754,286 85,654 40,132 28,025,755 \$	6,784,853 \$ 3,532,554 3,777,498 8,235,471 3,743,711 1,316,458 1,564,452 47,707 1,247 29,003,951 \$	7,817,635 3,491,571 576,243 8,433,603 5,683,801 1,463,958 1,558,792 20,021 243,643 29,289,267	7,819,235 \$ 3,331,432 3,589,979 7,713,818 7,776,989 1,363,361 1,540,512 25,455 302,581 33,463,362 \$	7,536,670 \$ 3,021,044 641,484 7,881,052 940,947 1,211,838 1,539,480 391,528 23,164,043 \$	7,434,589 \$ 2,763,775 532,360 9,012,270 2,341,929 1,738,043 1,570,060 378,424 25,771,450 \$	8,659,515 \$ 3,059,881 969,540 8,975,849 2,195,204 887,883 1,712,736 414,241 26,874,849 \$	7,329,162 \$ 2,775,730 676,328 9,609,107 2,154,736 899,157 1,787,799 599,109 13,863 25,844,991 \$	7,893,302 2,418,920 789,920 10,643,605 1,913,574 871,760 1,842,587 513,655
Primary Government Governmental Activities Fees, fines, charges and other: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation Conservation of Natural Resources Economic Development Total Governmental Fees, Fines, Charges and Other Business-Type Activities Geographic Information Systems		7,507,730 \$ 3,214,768 1,528,495 6,528,605 6,474,404 5,632,467 1,730,132 27,492 - 32,644,093 \$	7,124,643 \$ 3,127,028 1,589,965 8,019,709 3,164,919 3,119,419 1,754,286 85,654 40,132 28,025,755 \$	6,784,853 \$ 3,532,554 3,777,498 8,235,471 3,743,711 1,316,458 1,564,452 47,707 1,247 29,003,951 \$	7,817,635 S 3,491,571 576,243 8,433,603 5,683,801 1,463,958 1,558,792 20,021 243,643 29,289,267 S	5 7,819,235 \$ 3,331,432 3,589,979 7,713,818 7,776,989 1,363,361 1,540,512 25,455 302,581 6 33,463,362 \$	7,536,670 \$ 3,021,044 641,484 7,881,052 940,947 1,211,838 1,539,480 391,528 - 23,164,043 \$ 7,061 \$	7,434,589 \$ 2,763,775 532,360 9,012,270 2,341,929 1,738,043 1,570,060 378,424	8,659,515 \$ 3,059,881 969,540 8,975,849 2,195,204 887,883 1,712,736 414,241	7,329,162 \$ 2,775,730 676,328 9,609,107 2,154,736 899,157 1,787,799 599,109 13,863	7,893,302 2,418,920 789,920 10,643,605 1,913,574 871,760 1,842,587 513,655
Primary Government Governmental Activities Fees, fines, charges and other: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation Conservation of Natural Resources Economic Development Total Governmental Fees, Fines, Charges and Other Business-Type Activities Geographic Information Systems Criminal Justice Information Integration Network	\$	7,507,730 \$ 3,214,768 1,528,495 6,528,605 6,474,404 5,632,467 1,730,132 27,492 32,644,093 \$	7,124,643 \$ 3,127,028 1,589,965 8,019,709 3,164,919 3,119,419 1,754,286 85,654 40,132 28,025,755 \$	6,784,853 \$ 3,532,554 3,777,498 8,235,471 3,743,711 1,316,458 1,564,452 47,707 1,247 29,003,951 \$	7,817,635 S 3,491,571 S76,243 8,433,603 S,683,801 1,463,958 1,558,792 20,021 243,643 29,289,267 S	7,819,235 \$ 3,331,432 3,589,979 7,713,818 7,776,989 1,363,361 1,540,512 25,455 302,581 33,463,362 \$ 11,032 \$ 118,632	7,536,670 \$ 3,021,044 641,484 7,881,052 940,947 1,211,838 1,539,480 391,528 - 23,164,043 \$ 7,061 \$ 127,058	7,434,589 \$ 2,763,775 532,360 9,012,270 2,341,929 1,738,043 1,570,060 378,424 - 25,771,450 \$	8,659,515 \$ 3,059,881 969,540 8,975,849 2,195,204 887,883 1,712,736 414,241 - 26,874,849 \$	7,329,162 \$ 2,775,730 676,328 9,609,107 2,154,736 899,157 1,787,799 599,109 13,863 25,844,991 \$	7,893,302 2,418,920 789,920 10,643,605 1,913,574 871,760 1,842,587 513,655 - 26,887,323
Primary Government Governmental Activities Fees, fines, charges and other: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation Conservation of Natural Resources Economic Development Total Governmental Fees, Fines, Charges and Other Business-Type Activities Geographic Information Systems Criminal Justice Information Integration Network Byllesby Dam	\$	7,507,730 \$ 3,214,768 1,528,495 6,528,605 6,474,404 5,632,467 1,730,132 27,492 32,644,093 \$ 19,521 \$ 131,714	7,124,643 \$ 3,127,028 1,589,965 8,019,709 3,164,919 3,119,419 1,754,286 85,654 40,132 28,025,755 \$ 21,436 \$ 86,368	6,784,853 \$ 3,532,554 3,777,498 8,235,471 3,743,711 1,316,458 1,564,452 47,707 1,247 29,003,951 \$ 38,149 \$ 183,721 2,148,477	7,817,635 3,491,571 576,243 8,433,603 5,683,801 1,463,958 1,558,792 20,021 243,643 29,289,267 13,166 147,584 603,569	7,819,235 \$ 3,331,432 3,589,979 7,713,818 7,776,989 1,363,361 1,540,512 25,455 302,581 6 33,463,362 \$ 11,032 \$ 118,632 657,061	7,536,670 \$ 3,021,044 641,484 7,881,052 940,947 1,211,838 1,539,480 391,528 23,164,043 \$ 7,061 \$ 127,058 690,875	7,434,589 \$ 2,763,775 532,360 9,012,270 2,341,929 1,738,043 1,570,060 378,424 25,771,450 \$	8,659,515 \$ 3,059,881 969,540 8,975,849 2,195,204 887,883 1,712,736 414,241 - 26,874,849 \$	7,329,162 \$ 2,775,730 676,328 9,609,107 2,154,736 899,157 1,787,799 599,109 13,863 25,844,991 \$	7,893,302 2,418,920 789,920 10,643,605 1,913,574 871,760 1,842,587 513,655 - 26,887,323 4,000 - 704,290
Primary Government Governmental Activities Fees, fines, charges and other: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation Conservation of Natural Resources Economic Development Total Governmental Fees, Fines, Charges and Other Business-Type Activities Geographic Information Systems Criminal Justice Information Integration Network	\$	7,507,730 \$ 3,214,768 1,528,495 6,528,605 6,474,404 5,632,467 1,730,132 27,492 - 32,644,093 \$	7,124,643 \$ 3,127,028 1,589,965 8,019,709 3,164,919 3,119,419 1,754,286 85,654 40,132 28,025,755 \$	6,784,853 \$ 3,532,554 3,777,498 8,235,471 3,743,711 1,316,458 1,564,452 47,707 1,247 29,003,951 \$	7,817,635 S 3,491,571 S76,243 8,433,603 S,683,801 1,463,958 1,558,792 20,021 243,643 29,289,267 S	7,819,235 \$ 3,331,432 3,589,979 7,713,818 7,776,989 1,363,361 1,540,512 25,455 302,581 6 33,463,362 \$ 11,032 \$ 118,632 657,061	7,536,670 \$ 3,021,044 641,484 7,881,052 940,947 1,211,838 1,539,480 391,528 - 23,164,043 \$ 7,061 \$ 127,058	7,434,589 \$ 2,763,775 532,360 9,012,270 2,341,929 1,738,043 1,570,060 378,424 - 25,771,450 \$	8,659,515 \$ 3,059,881 969,540 8,975,849 2,195,204 887,883 1,712,736 414,241 - 26,874,849 \$	7,329,162 \$ 2,775,730 676,328 9,609,107 2,154,736 899,157 1,787,799 599,109 13,863 25,844,991 \$	7,893,302 2,418,920 789,920 10,643,605 1,913,574 871,760 1,842,587 513,655 - 26,887,323

Changes in Net Position

									(Co	ntinued) (Continued)
Program Revenues		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (Restated)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Primary Government											
Governmental Activities											
Operating Grants and Contributions:											
General Government	\$	3,123,481 \$	3,798,215 \$	4,080,742 \$	4,387,424	\$ 3,560,993 \$	2,349,541 \$	2,431,014 \$	3,563,340 \$	4,432,346 \$	4,902,994
Public Safety		8,948,372	9,127,015	8,183,282	7,460,653	9,773,312	7,463,572	7,809,033	8,118,248	8,634,623	8,868,822
Highways and Streets		24,992,562	4,902,202	18,653,704	17,177,991	20,887,253	29,785,696	25,031,461	29,004,308	56,386,910	36,629,521
Sanitation		321,394	276,939	372,933	544,354	450,558	1,920,547	1,526,796	1,527,686	1,529,470	1,530,301
Human Services		47,133,328	35,807,530	40,837,578	28,276,091	29,671,099	41,818,152	39,216,444	42,920,353	45,210,891	50,180,826
Health		5,712,664	7,341,345	6,425,794	4,841,022	5,036,177	4,574,675	4,805,213	4,317,792	4,596,981	4,420,029
Culture and Recreation		941,566	1,151,534	2,536,834	2,114,445	3,410,363	2,580,992	4,869,406	3,382,097	8,106,626	1,383,441
Conservation of Natural Resources		3,827,241	1,656,906	2,981,223	2,289,603	3,491,245	877,855	2,139,007	2,168,548	3,938,542	1,662,649
Economic Development		9,396,842	12,556,252	7,728,144	8,617,863	7,590,498	10,162,440	11.585.829	8,882,185	10,963,998	6,380,251
Total Governmental Operating Grants and Contributions	\$	104,397,450 \$	76,617,938 \$	91,800,234 \$	75,709,446	.,,	101,533,470 \$	99.414.203 \$	103,884,557 \$	143,800,387 \$	115,958,834
Total Governmental Operating Orants and Contributions	Ψ	104,377,430 ф	70,017,230 ψ	71,000,254 ψ	75,705,440	φ 65,671,476 φ	101,333,470 ψ	<i>)) γ γ γ γ γ γ γ γ γ γ</i>	105,004,557	143,000,307 4	113,730,034
Business-Type Activities											
Geographic Information Systems	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Criminal Justice Information Integration Network		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Byllesby Dam		-	-	17,325	157,769	2,354,120	-	-	1,328,544	193,108	-
Total Business-Type Operating Grants and Contributions	\$	- \$	- \$	17,325 \$	157,769	\$ 2,354,120 \$	- \$	- \$	1,328,544 \$	193,108 \$	
Total Primary Government Operating Grants and Contributions	\$	104,397,450 \$	76,617,938 \$	91,817,559 \$	75,867,215	\$ 86,225,618 \$	101,533,470 \$	99,414,203 \$	105,213,101 \$	143,993,495 \$	115,958,834
Program Revenues		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (Restated)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Program Revenues Primary Government		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (Restated)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
8		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (Restated)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Primary Government		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (Restated)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Primary Government Governmental Activities	<u> </u>	2009 - \$	2010 - \$	2011 304,216 \$		2013 (Restated) \$ - \$	2014	2015	2016 - \$	2017	
Primary Government Governmental Activities Capital Grants and Contributions:	\$						2014				
Primary Government Governmental Activities Capital Grants and Contributions: General Government Public Safety	\$	- \$ -	- \$ 205,987	304,216 \$ 55,225	53,349	\$ - \$ -	- \$ -	- \$	- \$ -	- \$	- -
Primary Government Governmental Activities Capital Grants and Contributions: General Government	\$		- \$	304,216 \$	-		- \$ - 14,923,646				
Primary Government Governmental Activities Capital Grants and Contributions: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets	\$	- \$ -	- \$ 205,987	304,216 \$ 55,225	53,349	\$ - \$ -	- \$ -	- \$	- \$ -	- \$	- -
Primary Government Governmental Activities Capital Grants and Contributions: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation	\$	- \$ -	- \$ 205,987	304,216 \$ 55,225	53,349	\$ - \$ 21,319,833	- \$ -	- \$	- \$ -	- \$ 15,019,326 -	- -
Primary Government Governmental Activities Capital Grants and Contributions: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services	\$	- \$ -	- \$ 205,987	304,216 \$ 55,225	53,349 34,413,883 - -	\$ - \$ - 21,319,833	- \$ 	- \$ 17,803,674 - -	- \$ -	- \$ 15,019,326 - -	31,272,243 - -
Primary Government Governmental Activities Capital Grants and Contributions: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation	\$	- \$ -	- \$ 205,987	304,216 \$ 55,225	53,349 34,413,883 - -	\$ - \$ 21,319,833 	- \$ -	- \$	- \$ - 12,486,120 - -	- \$ 15,019,326 -	- -
Primary Government Governmental Activities Capital Grants and Contributions: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation Conservation of Natural Resources	\$	- \$ -	- \$ 205,987	304,216 \$ 55,225	53,349 34,413,883 - - - 153,585	\$ - \$ 21,319,833 130,735	- \$ 	- \$ 17,803,674 - -	- \$ 	- \$ 15,019,326 - - - 1,451,949	31,272,243 - -
Primary Government Governmental Activities Capital Grants and Contributions: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation	\$	- \$ -	- \$ 205,987	304,216 \$ 55,225	53,349 34,413,883 - - - 153,585	\$ - \$ 21,319,833 130,735	- \$ 	- \$ 17,803,674 - -	- \$ 	- \$ 15,019,326 - - - 1,451,949	31,272,243 - -
Primary Government Governmental Activities Capital Grants and Contributions: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation Conservation of Natural Resources Economic Development Total Governmental Capital Grants and Contributions		- \$ 	205,987 16,105,736 - - - - -	304,216 \$ 55,225 26,670,592	53,349 34,413,883 - - - 153,585	\$ - \$ - 21,319,833	- \$ 14,923,646 - 1,027,842	- \$ 17,803,674 3,630,509 -	- \$ 12,486,120 - 1,493,529 -	- \$ 15,019,326 1,451,949	31,272,243 - - 1,616,402
Primary Government Governmental Activities Capital Grants and Contributions: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation Conservation of Natural Resources Economic Development Total Governmental Capital Grants and Contributions Business-Type Activities	\$	- \$ 10,568,802	205,987 16,105,736 - - - - - - 16,311,723 \$	304,216 \$ 55,225 26,670,592 27,030,033 \$	53,349 34,413,883 - - 153,585 - 34,620,817	\$ - \$ 21,319,833 130,735 130,735 5 21,450,568 \$	- \$ 14,923,646	- \$ 17,803,674 3,630,509 21,434,183 \$	- \$ 12,486,120 1,493,529 13,979,649 \$	- \$ 15,019,326 - - 1,451,949 - - 16,471,275 \$	31,272,243 - - 1,616,402 - 32,888,645
Primary Government Governmental Activities Capital Grants and Contributions: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation Conservation of Natural Resources Economic Development Total Governmental Capital Grants and Contributions Business-Type Activities Geographic Information Systems		- \$ 	205,987 16,105,736 - - - - -	304,216 \$ 55,225 26,670,592	53,349 34,413,883 - - 153,585 - 34,620,817	\$ - \$ 21,319,833	- \$ 14,923,646 - 1,027,842	- \$ 17,803,674 3,630,509 -	- \$ 12,486,120 - 1,493,529 -	- \$ 15,019,326 1,451,949	31,272,243 - - 1,616,402 - 32,888,645
Primary Government Governmental Activities Capital Grants and Contributions: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation Conservation of Natural Resources Economic Development Total Governmental Capital Grants and Contributions Business-Type Activities Geographic Information Systems Criminal Justice Information Integration Network	\$	- \$ 10,568,802	205,987 16,105,736 - - - - - - 16,311,723 \$	304,216 \$ 55,225 26,670,592 27,030,033 \$	53,349 34,413,883 - - 153,585 - 34,620,817	\$ - \$ 21,319,833 130,735 130,735 5 21,450,568 \$	14,923,646 	- \$ 17,803,674 3,630,509 21,434,183 \$ \$	- \$ 12,486,120 1,493,529 13,979,649 \$	- \$ 15,019,326 - - 1,451,949 - - 16,471,275 \$	31,272,243 - - 1,616,402 - 32,888,645
Primary Government Governmental Activities Capital Grants and Contributions: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation Conservation of Natural Resources Economic Development Total Governmental Capital Grants and Contributions Business-Type Activities Geographic Information Systems Criminal Justice Information Integration Network Byllesby Dam	\$	- \$ 10,568,802	205,987 16,105,736 - - - - - - 16,311,723 \$	304,216 \$ 55,225 26,670,592 27,030,033 \$	53,349 34,413,883 - - - 153,585 - 34,620,817	\$ - \$ 21,319,833	- \$	- \$ 17,803,674 3,630,509 21,434,183 \$ 1,310,519	- \$ 12,486,120 1,493,529 13,979,649 \$	- \$ 	31,272,243 - - 1,616,402 - - 32,888,645
Primary Government Governmental Activities Capital Grants and Contributions: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Human Services Health Culture and Recreation Conservation of Natural Resources Economic Development Total Governmental Capital Grants and Contributions Business-Type Activities Geographic Information Systems Criminal Justice Information Integration Network	\$	- \$ 10,568,802	205,987 16,105,736 - - - - - - 16,311,723 \$	304,216 \$ 55,225 26,670,592 27,030,033 \$	53,349 34,413,883 - - - 153,585 - 34,620,817	\$ - \$ 21,319,833	14,923,646 	- \$ 17,803,674 3,630,509 21,434,183 \$ \$	- \$ 12,486,120 1,493,529 13,979,649 \$	- \$ 15,019,326 - - 1,451,949 - - 16,471,275 \$	31,272,243 - - 1,616,402 - - 32,888,645

Changes in Net Position

(Continued)

(Continued)

								(60	intilided) (Co	nitiliaca)
Net (Expense) Revenue (a)	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (Restated)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Primary Government										
Governmental Activities										
General Government \$	(37,882,448) \$	(51,060,088) \$	(55,896,442) \$	(43,118,498)	\$ (45,521,918) \$	(55,698,152) \$	(57,055,044) \$	(57,546,945) \$	(60,959,018) \$	(71,817,663)
Public Safety	(25,200,297)	(23,936,192)	(23,676,874)	(24,404,027)	(22,229,829)	(28,881,392)	(29,017,695)	(35,664,742)	(36,058,434)	(32,753,139)
Highways and Streets	13,073,177	(516,539)	17,513,864	29,510,199	14,179,525	20,909,661	18,215,563	9,077,890	29,722,388	24,591,677
Sanitation	1,373,718	2,982,273	3,653,943	3,780,394	2,838,197	5,891,110	6,004,004	5,453,164	5,705,377	6,767,274
Human Services	(31,793,958)	(30,784,677)	(24,323,389)	(33,037,981)	(28,763,531)	(27,903,605)	(30,494,996)	(36,087,067)	(36,570,030)	(35,641,185)
Health	(3,026,352)	(3,672,559)	(2,984,984)	(2,181,429)	(1,461,508)	(2,816,016)	(2,834,696)	(4,771,317)	(4,734,175)	(4,911,183)
Culture and Recreation	(17,074,900)	(16,446,885)	(15,267,461)	(14,344,679)	(12,206,315)	(8,418,790)	(8,044,348)	(13,776,899)	(11,265,433)	(13,610,479)
Conservation of Natural Resources	(705,318)	(561,621)	(931,974)	(1,706,504)	(759,755)	(2,250,992)	(2,335,506)	(1,510,783)	(2,850,055)	(1,294,487)
Economic Development	(1,143,456)	519,507	(415,880)	645,105	(186,586)	215,744	(130,036)	(191,595)	1,944,923	(3,394,287)
Interest	(4.360.037)	(3,947,575)	(2,919,202)	(2,212,496)	(1,916,583)	(1,447,204)	(1,013,259)	(64,536)	(13,828)	(9,366)
	(106,739,871) \$	(127,424,356) \$	(105,248,399) \$	(87,069,916)		(100,399,636) \$	(106,706,013) \$	(135,082,830) \$	(115,078,285) \$	(132,072,838)
Total Governmental Net (Expense) Revenue \$	(106,739,871) \$	(127,424,330) \$	(105,248,399) \$	(87,069,916)	(90,028,303) \$	(100,399,030) \$	(100,700,013) \$	(135,082,830) \$	(115,078,285) \$	(132,072,838)
Business-Type Activities										
Geographic Information Systems \$	(31,035) \$	(3,141) \$	(20,015) \$	4.094	§ 1.936 \$	(2.039) \$	2.264 \$	(501) \$	(1,616) \$	435
Criminal Justice Information Integration Network	131,714	4,699	99,529	99,563	5,169	(24,598)	2,20+ ψ	(301) ψ	(1,010) \$	-33
Byllesby Dam	131,714	-,077	1,748,052	(167,586)	2,603,547	600,425	1,135,445	535,614	(82,872)	(51,095)
Total Business-Type Net (Expense) Revenue \$	100.679 \$	1,558 \$	1,827,566 \$	(63,929)	, ,	573,788 \$	1,137,709 \$	535,014	(84,488) \$	(50,660)
Total Business-Type (Expense) Revenue	100,077 \$	1,556 φ	1,027,300 \$	(03,727)	2,010,032 \$	373,766 \$	1,137,707 \$	333,113 \$	(04,400) \$	(50,000)
Total Primary Government Net (Expense) Revenue \$	(106,639,192) \$	(127,422,798) \$	(103,420,833) \$	(87,133,845)	(93,417,651) \$	(99,825,848) \$	(105,568,304) \$	(134,547,717) \$	(115,162,773) \$	(132,123,498)
General Revenues, Transfers, and Special Items										
Primary Government	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (Restated)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Governmental Activities	2009	2010	2011	2012	2015 (Residied)	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010
	126.986.839 \$	126.012.038 \$	126,588,398 \$	132.725.693	3 131 085 200 \$	120.061.210 6	131.291.226 \$	122 104 214 6	124.012.760 €	137,667,064
Property Taxes \$ Gravel Taxes	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,, +		,,	,, ,	130,961,310 \$, +	132,104,314 \$	134,913,760 \$	
	451,950	322,788	448,585	571,663	616,104	641,711	648,871	702,699	681,057	758,483
Mortgage Registry and Deed Tax	408,750	378,235	358,521	481,980	541,012	469,380	620,763	644,838	662,588	632,849
Wheelage Tax (1st year collected was 2014)	-	-	-	-	-	3,622,715	3,882,501	4,121,216	3,880,323	4,060,282
Transit Tax (1st year collected was 2017)	-	- 1 71 4 520	1 700 000	1 724 040	1.055.224	-	-	-	2,634,283	18,092,372
Payment in lieu of Tax	1,698,801	1,714,530	1,709,980	1,736,049	1,877,236	-	-	-	-	-
Gift and Contributions (unrestricted)	54,260	63,531	22,614	38,595	24,009					
Grants and Contributions (unrestricted)	21,681,301	17,134,726	16,346,749	15,293,028	15,709,430	17,392,414	17,729,391	18,310,891	17,366,297	19,152,689
Investment Earnings	3,981,969	2,274,346	11,348,301	6,212,921	(3,034,627)	7,902,963	3,027,128	2,678,241	5,349,627	8,500,619
Miscellaneous	1,951,035	1,875,304	1,825,569	1,633,838	2,475,734	1,543,935	1,658,116	1,210,534	1,329,806	1,259,350
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	84,520	183,285	216,164	103,593	190,308	44,374	170,593	307,328	199,162	301,350
Transfers	-	-	-	-	(3,024,000)	316,076	(2,047,500)	-	-	-
Governmental Activities General Revenues,										
Transfers, and Special Items \$	157,299,425 \$	149,958,783 \$	158,864,881 \$	158,797,360	146,460,406 \$	162,894,878 \$	156,981,089 \$	160,080,061 \$	167,016,903 \$	190,425,058
Total Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities \$	50,559,554 \$	22,534,427 \$	53,616,482 \$	71,727,444	50,432,103 \$	62,495,242 \$	50,275,076 \$	24,997,231 \$	51,938,618 \$	58,352,220
De la companya de la										
Business-Type Activities	_	_	_			(24 4 0 7 4)		_	_	
Transfers \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- /- /	(316,076) \$	2,047,500 \$	- \$	- \$	
Total General Revenues - Business-Type Activities \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	3,024,000 \$	(316,076) \$	2,047,500 \$	- \$	- \$	
Total Change in Net Position - Business-Type Activities \$										(50,550)
	100,679 \$	1,558 \$	1,827,566 \$	(63,929)	5,634,652 \$	257,712 \$	3,185,209 \$	535,113 \$	(84,488) \$	(50,660)

⁽a) Net revenue (expense) is the difference between the expenses and program revenue of a function or program. It indicates the degree to which a function or program is supported with its own fees and program-specific grants versus its reliance upon funding from taxes and other government revenues. Numbers in parentheses indicate that expenses were greater than program revenues and therefore general revenues were needed to finance that function or program. Numbers without parentheses mean that

The County implemented GASB Statements 68 and 71 in 2015. Years prior to 2015 were not restated to show these changes.

Changes in Net Position - Component Units

Expenses	 2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Component Unit										
Community Development Agency	\$ 38,099,898 \$	42,276,141 \$	43,100,632 \$	38,850,422 \$	45,690,723 \$	45,809,051 \$	48,779,121 \$	50,192,082 \$	54,180,692 \$	61,783,314
Vermillion River Watershed	1,245,246	1,105,654	987,828	908,946	883,232	988,024	937,527	1,778,826	1,425,151	2,021,279
Total Component Unit	\$ 39,345,144 \$	43,381,795 \$	44,088,460 \$	39,759,368 \$	46,573,955 \$	46,797,075 \$	49,716,648 \$	51,970,908 \$	55,605,843 \$	63,804,593
Program Revenues										
Component Unit										
Community Development Agency	\$ 38,353,283 \$	46,562,618 \$	51,619,585 \$	43,888,022 \$	46,279,218 \$	51,920,861 \$	48,824,536 \$	49,592,155 \$	58,450,581 \$	63,308,990
Vermillion River Watershed	53,997	95,540	77,874	70,084	342,979	75,224	58,206	319,291	1,196,933	332,945
Total Component Unit	\$ 38,407,280 \$	46,658,158 \$	51,697,459 \$	43,958,106 \$	46,622,197 \$	51,996,085 \$	48,882,742 \$	49,911,446 \$	59,647,514 \$	63,641,935
General Revenues - Community Development Agency	 2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Property Taxes	\$ 7,848,758 \$	7,829,702 \$	7,566,507 \$	7,261,674 \$	7,092,062 \$	6,513,347 \$	6,612,923 \$	6,807,677 \$	7,010,940 \$	9,125,928
Tax Increment Financing Revenue	3,384,616	3,303,413	3,207,383	1,635,537	1,659,474	1,280,041	1,510,242	1,434,707	1,532,006	-
Investment Earnings	1,004,807	493,547	343,651	316,807	105,064	606,434	526,561	817,637	662,688	1,326,251
Miscellaneous	 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total General Revenues - Community Development Agency	\$ 12,238,181 \$	11,626,662 \$	11,117,541 \$	9,214,018 \$	8,856,600 \$	8,399,822 \$	8,649,726 \$	9,060,021 \$	9,205,634 \$	10,452,179
Total Change in Net Position - Community Development Agency	\$ 12,491,566 \$	15,913,139 \$	19,636,494 \$	14,251,618 \$	9,445,095 \$	14,511,632 \$	8,695,141 \$	8,460,094 \$	13,475,523 \$	11,977,855
General Revenues - Vermillion River Watershed	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Property Taxes	\$ 1,023,239 \$	939,533 \$	850,408 \$	1,257,737 \$	835,041 \$	861,518 \$	816,583 \$	819,669 \$	863,702 \$	890,963
Grants and Contributions (unrestricted)	87,084	84,066	81,866	33,337	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment Earnings	20,541	13,569	16,359	14,528	12,168	23,253	22,959	24,427	26,992	30,382
Miscellaneous	-	234	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	 1,701	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total General Revenues - Vermillion River Watershed	\$ 1,132,565 \$	1,037,402 \$	948,633 \$	1,305,602 \$	847,209 \$	884,771 \$	839,542 \$	844,096 \$	890,694 \$	921,345
Total Change in Net Position - Vermillion River Watershed	\$ (58,684) \$	27,288 \$	38,679 \$	466,740 \$	306,956 \$	(28,029) \$	(39,779) \$	(615,439) \$	662,476 \$	(766,989)
Total Change in Net Position - Component Units	\$ 12,432,882 \$	15,940,427 \$	19,675,173 \$	14,718,358 \$	9,752,051 \$	14,483,603 \$	8,655,362 \$	7,844,655 \$	14,137,999 \$	11,210,866

⁽a) Net revenue (expense) is the difference between the expenses and program revenue of a function or program. It indicates the degree to which a function or program is supported with its own fees and program-specific grants versus its reliance upon funding from taxes and other government revenues. Numbers in parentheses indicate that expenses were greater than program revenues and therefore general revenues were needed to finance that function or program. Numbers without parentheses mean that program revenues were more than sufficient to cover expenses.

Fund Balances Governmental Funds

	2009	2010	2011*	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Fund:										<u> </u>
Reserved	\$ 8,491,434 \$	8,837,070 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Unreserved	65,165,879	62,365,602	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	2,650,815	2,642,011	2,715,339	2,668,745	918,924	590,622	903,399	1,142,119
Restricted	-	-	2,847,559	2,891,453	2,737,517	4,863,501	2,411,854	3,422,516	3,574,610	3,767,272
Committed	-	-	3,180,168	509,796	292,387	1,018,120	-	40,601,526	48,010,163	49,455,436
Assigned	-	-	34,233,198	30,525,901	25,488,970	114,550,801	15,991,647	12,212,149	12,091,582	14,760,382
Unassigned	-	-	29,176,838	33,158,235	31,174,973	37,407,381	136,384,503	121,527,661	122,585,397	124,293,814
Total General Fund	\$ 73,657,313 \$	71,202,672 \$	72,088,578 \$	69,727,396 \$	62,409,186 \$	160,508,548 \$	155,706,928 \$	178,354,474 \$	187,165,151 \$	193,419,023
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	\$ 38,726,557 \$	30,582,499 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Unreserved reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds	100,638,992	107,570,290	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Services	-	7,199,602	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects	16,721,855	9,044,323	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	=	881,636	1,266,666	1,152,899	1,321,295	1,951,000	1,837,540	1,218,877	1,254,552
Restricted	-	=	9,276,709	9,298,049	7,211,942	3,006,049	2,116,826	1,053,347	24,992,184	43,514,584
Committed	-	-	16,800,000	16,800,000	16,800,000	16,800,000	33,903,045	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	137,519,162	180,051,459	195,028,051	126,133,830	106,849,172	89,054,808	97,638,134	103,076,851
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	(596,278)	-	(585,420)	-
Total Unreserved	 117,360,847	123,814,215	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 156,087,404 \$	154,396,714 \$	164,477,507 \$	207,416,174 \$	220,192,892 \$	147,261,174 \$	144,223,765 \$	91,945,695 \$	123,263,775 \$	147,845,987

Note: As of December 31, 2011, Dakota County has adopted GASB Statement No. 54: Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions

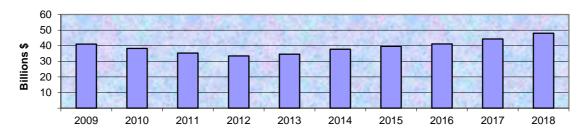
Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues	_										
Taxes	\$	129,194,994 \$	128,338,549 \$	129,126,978 \$	135,267,764 \$	134,665,766 \$	136,359,731 \$	136,989,719 \$	137,648,397 \$	142,973,021 \$	161,251,560
Licenses and Permits		1,131,419	1,122,733	1,109,853	1,208,683	1,254,978	2,129,725	2,311,817	2,199,311	2,256,683	2,250,783
Intergovernmental		143,779,937	105,592,284	131,231,830	131,281,021 30,362,450	110,790,958	140,173,118	131,962,034	129,148,654	180,266,276	159,220,862 21,674,944
Charges for Services Fines and Forfeits		33,427,184 152,843	28,647,199 120,965	30,650,575 122,031	153,638	34,425,251 113,171	20,543,486 81,087	20,848,708 112,460	20,977,000 84,343	20,817,024 98,239	86,600
Gifts and Contributions		54,760	69,210	28,426	39,756	24,652	124,616	12,676	23,694	30,509	73,419
Investment Earnings		3,751,959	2,046,447	11,120,407	5,597,900	(3,057,304)	7,846,381	2,886,545	3,210,132	5,349,627	7,792,530
Miscellaneous		5,263,181	5,696,272	4,897,082	4,845,230	4,495,180	4,501,053	4,552,892	5,001,712	5,109,882	5,137,299
Wiscenancous		3,203,101	3,070,272	4,077,002	4,643,230	4,475,160	4,501,055	4,552,672	3,001,712	3,107,002	3,137,277
Total Revenues	\$	316,756,277 \$	271,633,659 \$	308,287,182 \$	308,756,442 \$	282,712,652 \$	311,759,197 \$	299,676,851 \$	298,293,243 \$	356,901,261 \$	357,487,997
Expenditures											
Current	\$	61.250.072 ¢	50 COC C12 P	C1 222 051 P	57 102 010 ¢	EC 042 EE7	5C 005 4C0 &	66 427 160 P	C1 000 0C0 - 6	66 222 612 · 6	67.587.263
General Government Public Safety	2	61,359,073 \$ 37,394,836	59,696,613 \$ 35,413,298	61,322,951 \$ 35,507,606	57,123,212 \$ 35,365,244	56,842,557 \$ 36,676,226	56,895,468 \$ 38,118,314	66,437,160 \$ 38,732,137	61,998,869 \$ 40,331,218	66,332,612 \$ 41,898,007	67,587,263 44,122,644
Highways and Streets		45,174,737	35,501,940	39,862,672	43,150,384	50,801,833	45,884,786	53,273,832	59,981,844	65,207,585	59,501,236
Sanitation		7,304,309	7,408,981	6,976,314	7,028,601	7,398,443	5,900,555	4,628,357	4,972,357	5,314,937	5,351,296
Human Services		87,426,542	72,523,762	71,697,720	69,426,226	70,193,719	71,073,035	71,867,015	76,989,354	80,280,668	86,751,403
Health		14,379,616	14,158,886	10,721,018	8,476,575	8,162,589	8,729,094	9,356,123	9,338,776	9,709,710	10,070,410
Culture and Recreation		19,225,249	18,944,918	22,195,346	21,350,343	21,450,861	24,217,982	25,272,217	28,326,858	25,965,503	27,891,578
Conservation of natural resources		4,567,193	2,289,934	3,956,833	4,013,593	4,274,132	3,576,475	4,935,421	3,980,145	7,261,105	3,455,271
Economic Development		10,464,108	12,048,642	8,411,523	8,597,724	8,947,128	10,485,161	11,995,645	9,408,698	9,378,042	10,056,935
Intergovernmental		10,404,100	12,040,042	0,411,525	0,577,724	0,747,120	10,405,101	11,775,045	2,400,020	7,570,042	10,030,733
Highways and Streets		_	_	_	-	_	186,803	199,461	_	-	_
Capital Outlay		2,153,718	5,419,530	2,823,748	1,268,782	1,727,246	7,604,780	8,825,960	8,416,595	5,262,334	12,272,244
Debt Service		,,-	-, -,	,,-	,,	, ,	.,,	-,,-	-, -,	-, - ,	, . ,
Principal Retirement		12.650.000	8,715,000	31,180,000	5,625,000	5,855,000	12,825,000	10,299,591	23,556,611	136,449	140,911
Interest		4,519,421	4,052,158	3,122,794	2,270,450	2,020,059	1,655,031	1,180,282	495,500	13,828	9,366
Bond Issuance Costs		-	· · · · -	-	· · ·	· · · · -	, , ,	· · ·	· -	· -	-
Administrative Charges		2,100	350	-	3,200	2,950	3,350	8,750	6,450	-	-
Total Expenditures	\$	306,620,902 \$	276,174,012 \$	297,778,525 \$	263,699,334 \$	274,352,743 \$	287,155,834 \$	307,011,951 \$	327,803,275 \$	316,760,780 \$	327,210,557
Excess of Revenues Over/											
(Under) Expenditures	\$	10,135,375 \$	(4,540,353) \$	10,508,657 \$	45.057.108 \$	8.359.909 \$	24.603.363 \$	(7,335,100) \$	(29.510.032) \$	40.140.481 \$	30,277,440
() =		10,100,010 4	(1,010,000) 4	,,	10,000,1000 4	0,000,000	- 1,000,000 +	(1,000,000) +	(=>,0=0,00=) +	,,	,,
Other Financing Sources											
Transfers In	\$	9,555,030 \$	6,768,955 \$	3,018,902 \$	14,372,584 \$	4,147,314 \$	8,782,958 \$	53,670,221 \$	26,639,436 \$	3,195,718 \$	14,079,834
Transfers Out		(9,555,030)	(6,768,955)	(3,018,902)	(19,372,584)	(7,171,314)	(8,466,882)	(55,717,721)	(26,639,436)	(3,092,144)	(13,966,718)
Bonds Issued		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds From Sale of Refunding Bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium/(Discount) on Bond Issuance		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from Capital Lease		-	-	-	-	-	-	704,080	-	-	-
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		100,919	189,664	218,082	104,196	187,815	44,374	190,994	314,626	199,162	301,350
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	100,919 \$	189,664 \$	218,082 \$	(4,895,804) \$	(2,836,185) \$	360,450 \$	(1,152,426) \$	314,626 \$	302,736 \$	414,466
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	10.236.294 \$	(4.350.689) \$	10,726,739 \$	40,161,304 \$	5,523,724 \$	24,963,813 \$	(8,487,526) \$	(29,195,406) \$	40.443.217 \$	30.691.906
- :		-0,250,25 τ ψ	(1,550,007)	10,720,752 Ψ	70,101,501. ψ	υ,υ20,12. ψ	21,203,013 Ψ	(ο, ιο., ισσο) ψ	(=>,1>υ,1 υυ) Ψ	.ο,ο, ψ	30,071,700
Dala Camina Farandiana											
Debt Service Expenditures as Percent of Non-Capital Expenditures		6.59%	5.18%	13.17%	3.58%	3.38%	6.02%	4.67%	9.03%	0.06%	0.05%
refeem of Non-Capital Expenditures		0.3970	3.1070	13.1/70	3.36%	3.30%	0.0270	4.0 / 70	7.03%	0.00%	0.05%

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

	Real	Property	 Personal	Property		Tota	<u>ıl</u> _		
Year Assessed	Assessed* Value	Estimated Market Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Market Value	Assessed Value		Estimated Market Value	Assessed to % of Total Total Estimated Market Value	Total Direct County Tax Rate
2009	\$ 475,008,140	\$ 40,648,278,700	\$ 6,916,149	\$ 358,042,600	\$ 481,924,289	\$	41,006,321,300	1.2 %	0.25821
2010	442,537,353	37,854,672,500	7,877,537	405,057,500	450,414,890		38,259,730,000	1.2	0.27269
2011	411,472,047	34,893,431,896	8,111,805	417,754,800	419,583,852		35,311,186,696	1.2	0.29149
2012	391,453,804	33,032,629,112	8,488,045	436,668,024	399,941,849		33,469,297,136	1.2	0.31426
2013	402,125,071	34,109,574,007	8,665,752	445,586,670	410,790,823		34,555,160,677	1.2	0.33421
2014	434,588,066	37,249,751,955	9,073,792	465,663,370	443,661,858		37,715,415,325	1.2	0.33745
2015	454,661,066	39,093,256,221	9,845,321	504,162,445	464,506,387		39,597,418,666	1.2	0.29633
2016	471,286,219	40,645,907,860	10,787,023	552,044,681	482,073,242		41,197,952,541	1.2	0.28570
2017	507,139,039	43,796,489,603	11,400,448	582,982,924	518,539,487		44,379,472,527	1.2	0.28004
2018	547,666,437	47,405,446,930	11,603,384	593,137,563	559,269,821		47,998,584,493	1.2	0.26580

Estimated Market Value-Real and Personal Property



^{*}Valuations are determined as of January 1 of the year preceding the tax collection year. Amounts are shown for the year in which taxes are payable. Assessed value is prior to Fiscal Disparity and Tax Increment District Adjustments.

Total County Direct Tax Rate available only in %.

Source: Dakota County Property Taxation and Records Department

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DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS TAX CAPACITY RATES LAST TEN YEARS

Governments	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
DAKOTA COUNTY										
Revenue	0.07389	0.10362	0.12084	0.13467	0.14353	0.14759	0.13473	0.13825	0.12761	0.11444
Highway	0.02467	0.01191	0.01211	0.01186	0.01094	0.01311	0.01094	0.01144	0.01255	0.01140
Community Services	0.10745	0.10629	0.11052	0.11654	0.12475	0.12475	0.11073	0.10290	0.10708	0.10795
Environmental Management	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00122	0.00129	0.00130	0.00124	0.00094	0.00092	0.00085
Parks	0.00808	0.00656	0.00641	0.00689	0.00721	0.00722	0.00249	0.00257	0.00275	0.00241
County Library	0.02285	0.02415	0.02476	0.02638	0.02840	0.02864	0.02649	0.02528	0.02495	0.02400
County Building	0.01557	0.00119	0.00088	0.00141	0.00152	0.00154	0.00137	0.00132	0.00129	0.00217
Debt Services	0.00000	0.01274	0.00940	0.00806	0.01371	0.01014	0.00528	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
DCLLR	0.00167	0.00198	0.00204	0.00237	0.00286	0.00316	0.00306	0.00299	0.00289	0.00258
County Referendum	0.00403	0.00425	0.00451	0.00486	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
Total	0.25821	0.27269	0.29149	0.31426	0.33421	0.33745	0.29633	0.28570	0.28004	0.26580
OVERLAPPING RATES:										
<u>CITIES</u>										
Apple Valley	0.37086	0.39867	0.42388	0.44110	0.49210	0.47891	0.45274	0.44721	0.44473	0.42475
Burnsville	0.36121	0.38566	0.42598	0.43213	0.47021	0.46670	0.44790	0.46525	0.46557	0.43552
Coates	0.13587	0.16605	0.14343	0.18984	0.22842	0.19507	0.20081	0.17482	0.17490	0.17399
Eagan	0.26886	0.30408	0.33675	0.34553	0.38272	0.38250	0.36525	0.37097	0.37385	0.36378
Farmington	0.44186	0.49274	0.55733	0.63093	0.66821	0.65876	0.61455	0.59239	0.58760	0.57161
Hampton	0.24038	0.32859	0.34774	0.48625	0.47055	0.44221	0.46932	0.42776	0.45342	0.40813
Hastings	0.49732	0.52677	0.55195	0.66083	0.68547	0.66246	0.62581	0.63577	0.62518	0.60864
Inver Grove Heights	0.37878	0.41757	0.43169	0.44883	0.46312	0.46128	0.48131	0.49266	0.51644	0.51112
Lakeville	0.33973	0.36624	0.38250	0.39051	0.41234	0.40696	0.38948	0.38669	0.37510	0.36419
Lilydale	0.44291	0.47297	0.31115	0.35128	0.35556	0.34570	0.32619	0.30133	0.30276	0.28772
Mendota	0.35265	0.38429	0.45860	0.46652	0.47239	0.46518	0.46806	0.49808	0.44384	0.51502
Mendota Heights	0.26165	0.28061	0.29758	0.32057	0.34479	0.34737	0.34964	0.35247	0.37487	0.37826
Miesville	0.23116	0.24904	0.27223	0.33151	0.34670	0.32952	0.32255	0.31950	0.31635	0.30821
New Trier	0.36932	0.44344	0.47895	0.54663	0.56659	0.61658	0.55227	0.52333	0.67619	0.53348
Northfield	0.38536	0.40370	0.43889	0.50947	0.61901	0.59785	0.56750	0.57552	0.55667	0.57164
Randolph	0.15832	0.17773	0.25048	0.30476	0.32743	0.36865	0.26076	0.26284	0.28171	0.24722
Rosemount	0.42323	0.43358	0.44661	0.46994	0.48862	0.47676	0.45152	0.43149	0.41832	0.40961
South St. Paul	0.38532	0.41428	0.48374	0.56466	0.63280	0.60901	0.60405	0.64693	0.63853	0.64041
Sunfish Lake	0.18967	0.18625	0.20671	0.23677	0.27800	0.26775	0.23869	0.25558	0.26178	0.26168
Vermillion	0.37706	0.38845	0.40864	0.48251	0.51193	0.47656	0.47954	0.41978	0.48789	0.41866
West St. Paul	0.44608	0.50873	0.56078	0.62205	0.69447	0.71249	0.70642	0.69795	0.71412	0.69287
										(Continued)

Unaudited

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS TAX CAPACITY RATES LAST TEN YEARS

				LAST TEN	YEARS					
<u>Governments</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
TOWNSHIPS										
Castle Rock	0.11484	0.12109	0.13187	0.14779	0.15622	0.14310	0.12364	0.12161	0.12145	0.12259
Douglas	0.18500	0.17439	0.15358	0.20791	0.22376	0.18733	0.18509	0.15701	0.15190	0.22048
Empire	0.26113	0.27764	0.27953	0.30845	0.31746	0.31164	0.29823	0.29445	0.29462	0.29892
Eureka	0.16854	0.17262	0.16951	0.18544	0.16861	0.15362	0.14688	0.13672	0.14463	0.14534
Greenvale	0.14124	0.11828	0.12597	0.12507	0.19220	0.17982	0.18013	0.17263	0.17123	0.16966
Hampton	0.13187	0.12496	0.17815	0.18002	0.17613	0.15415	0.14439	0.14581	0.13322	0.13514
Marshan	0.17435	0.13143	0.13837	0.16292	0.14877	0.13995	0.12860	0.12635	0.16613	0.16708
Nininger	0.12550	0.13430	0.14261	0.15208	0.15121	0.16384	0.16495	0.15829	0.16477	0.15484
Randolph	0.05437	0.05304	0.05576	0.06626	0.07444	0.08004	0.08665	0.08940	0.07345	0.09617
Ravenna	0.13014	0.13610	0.13756	0.15104	0.17773	0.20128	0.17452	0.18196	0.18164	0.17242
Sciota	0.16661	0.15830	0.17164	0.17412	0.17239	0.15021	0.13745	0.10887	0.07750	0.11892
Vermillion	0.17147	0.16629	0.17605	0.18664	0.19555	0.17466	0.17214	0.16724	0.16279	0.16282
Waterford	0.09209	0.09456	0.11311	0.13769	0.13640	0.13493	0.11909	0.16816	0.17375	0.28812
SCHOOL DISTRICTS										
6	0.26907	0.26807	0.30681	0.32306	0.35478	0.44522	0.35881	0.36719	0.35868	0.31367
191	0.19842	0.20668	0.21854	0.21881	0.26168	0.25661	0.24554	0.31065	0.27529	0.25759
192	0.49238	0.53452	0.52157	0.55308	0.57226	0.56326	0.53474	0.57584	0.54269	0.52825
194	0.27062	0.27714	0.32138	0.32061	0.33535	0.33048	0.31459	0.35319	0.32914	0.32992
195	0.20022	0.18547	0.20126	0.20823	0.19114	0.18001	0.16685	0.18661	0.17065	0.17509
196	0.21109	0.25391	0.26959	0.28440	0.27956	0.27606	0.23271	0.24317	0.23336	0.21352
197	0.18051	0.18850	0.19692	0.21857	0.24429	0.23863	0.24063	0.22170	0.22295	0.21224
199	0.19303	0.21795	0.24679	0.28363	0.27556	0.33418	0.34864	0.30272	0.28572	0.26680
200	0.16735	0.20206	0.22140	0.25435	0.23932	0.23052	0.20965	0.20938	0.20305	0.20545
252	0.17642	0.18868	0.20850	0.22379	0.24555	0.23940	0.24900	0.28498	0.26310	0.24453
659	0.28549	0.30528	0.34380	0.34166	0.38435	0.36410	0.34064	0.32847	0.30937	0.33150
SPECIAL DISTRICTS										
Watershed M	0.00911	0.00531	0.00266	0.00440	0.00642	0.00748	0.00679	0.00691	0.00745	0.00712
Watershed V	0.00588	0.00566	0.00555	0.00541	0.00543	0.00545	0.00466	0.00449	0.00449	0.00429
Transit District	0.01223	0.01166	0.01215	0.01375	0.01458	0.01377	0.01292	0.01261	0.01215	0.01104
Transit District Lakeville	0.00608									
Mosquito Control	0.00474	0.00481	0.00493	0.00553	0.00573	0.00548	0.00518	0.00491	0.00475	0.00443
Metropolitan Council	0.00792	0.00826	0.00829	0.00968	0.01223	0.01015	0.00827	0.00958	0.00878	0.00821
Dakota County CDA	0.01594	0.01692	0.01718	0.01724	0.01664	0.01650	0.01559	0.01547	0.01548	0.01479
Burnsville EDA	0.00566	0.00607	0.00722	0.00806	0.00906	0.00889	0.00860	0.00891	0.00897	0.00955
Hastings HRA	0.01141	0.01510	0.01487	0.01640	0.01428	0.01613	0.01379	0.01551	0.01500	0.01454
Northfield EDA	0.01539	0.01651	0.01761	0.01728	0.01801	0.01716	0.01697	0.01702	0.01638	0.01624
Northfield HRA	0.01251	0.01431	0.01528	0.01844	0.01838	0.01751	0.01732	0.01763	0.01670	0.01655
South St. Paul HRA	0.01686	0.01463	0.01518	0.01618	0.01351	0.01450	0.01468	0.01649	0.01492	0.01453
Light Transit Rail	0.00245	0.00256	0.00389	0.00401	0.00432	0.00403	0.00371	0.00357	0.00342	0.00031

The Tax Capacity Rate is determined by dividing a taxing district's property tax levy amount by the taxing district's total tax capacity.

Source: Dakota County Property Taxation and Records Department

Unaudited

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

Name	Type of Business	 2009 Tax Capacity Value	% of Total County Tax Capacity	Name	Type of Business		 2018 Tax Capacity Value	% of Total County Tax Capacity	
Xcel Energy	Electric Utility	\$ 5,532,331	1.4 %	Xcel Energy	Utility		\$ 7,962,834	1.4 %	
Flint Hills	Refinery	3,451,329	0.9	Flint Hills Resources Pine Bend LLC	Industrial		4,004,700	0.7	
Burnsville Minnesota LLC	Burnsville Mall	2,000,000	0.5	Burnsville Center SPE LLC	Commercial		2,156,668	0.4	
Dakota Electric Association	Electric Utility	1,785,506	0.5	Dakota Electric Association	Utility		1,947,222	0.3	
West Publishing Co.	Book Publishing	1,552,252	0.4	Paragon Outlets Eagan LLC	Commercial		1,799,986	0.3	
Northern Natural Gas Co.	Natural Gas Utility	1,289,665	0.3	Northern Natural Gas Co.	Utility		1,686,094	0.3	
BCBS Inc.	Health Care	984,924	0.3	Minnegasco Inc.	Utility		1,482,604	0.3	
AMB Property LP	Burnsville Center	897,494	0.2	West Publishing Co	Industrial		1,468,666	0.3	
Minnegasco Inc.	Natural Gas Utility	841,996	0.2	Health Landlord (MN) LLC	Commercial		1,101,590	0.2	
Duke Realty LTD Prtnshp	Eagan Commerce Center	 818,802	0.2	Chicago & NW Trans Co	RR		 893,115	0.2	
	TOTAL	\$ 19,154,299	4.9 %			TOTAL	\$ 24,503,479	4.4 %	

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

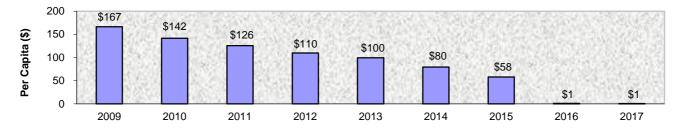
							% of	of Outstanding		Total Delinquent
Fiscal	Total Tax	 Current Coll	lections	Delinquent Total			Current	Delinquent		Taxes as a % of
Year	 Levy	Amount	% of Levy	Collections	tions Collectio		Levy	Taxes		Current Levy
2009	\$ 128,375,073	\$ 126,149,491	98.3 %	\$ 1,955,030	\$	128,104,521	99.8 %	\$	2,347,957	1.8 %
2010	128,379,149	121,255,472	94.5	1,984,095		123,239,567	96.0		2,587,586	2.0
2011	129,402,318	121,654,460	94.0	1,869,863		123,524,323	95.5		2,422,429	1.9
2012	129,407,276	127,976,767	98.9	1,297,520		129,274,287	99.9		1,406,033	1.1
2013	129,152,073	127,962,335	99.1	755,531		128,717,866	99.7		1,694,382	1.3
2014	128,377,938	127,389,352	99.2	892,658		128,282,010	99.9		1,342,028	1.0
2015	129,661,717	128,723,340	99.3	650,201		129,373,541	99.8		1,154,427	0.9
2016	130,196,625	129,468,269	99.4	430,689		129,898,958	99.8		1,198,369	0.9
2017	132,800,558	132,001,073	99.4	722,237		132,723,310	99.9		1,031,027	0.8
2018	136,651,774	135,904,206	99.5	864,533		136,768,739	100.1		1,009,680	0.7

*Includes tax adjustments, tax credits and fiscal disparity adjustments Source: Dakota County Property Taxation and Records Department

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING NET DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND PER CAPITA, AND DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS

Year Assessed	Population	Assessed Value	Gross Bonded Debt	Capital Leases	Debt Service Funds	Net Debt	Ratio of Net Debt to Assessed Value*	Net Debt Per Capita**	Ratio of Net Debt to Personal Income
2009	390,478	\$ 481,924,289	\$ 98,293,352	\$ -	\$ 33,266,623	\$ 65,026,729	13.49 %	167	0.37%
2010	397,650	450,414,890	89,367,241	-	33,044,992	56,322,249	12.50	142	0.31%
2011	400,480	419,583,852	58,211,167	-	7,865,698	50,345,469	12.00	126	0.27%
2012	405,088	399,941,849	52,358,268	-	7,873,365	44,484,903	11.12	110	0.22%
2013	408,509	410,790,823	46,494,476	-	5,838,954	40,655,522	9.90	100	0.20%
2014	412,529	443,661,858	33,660,684	-	832,407	32,828,277	7.40	80	0.15%
2015	414,686	464,506,387	23,468,911	559,489	-	24,028,400	5.17	58	0.11%
2016	417,487	482,073,242	-	422,878	-	422,878	0.09	1	0.00%
2017	421,751	518,539,487	-	286,429	-	286,429	0.06	1	0.00%
2018	425,423	559,269,821	-	145,518	-	145,518	0.03	0	N/A***

Net Bonded Debt per Capita



^{*} Prior years restated to reflect change in Ratio of Net Debt to Assessed Value vs. Ratio of Gross Bonded Debt to Assessed Value

^{**}Prior years restated to reflect change in Net Debt per Capita vs. Gross Bonded Debt per Capita

^{***}Personal Income information was not available for current year at the time of publication.

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT, UNDERLYING AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	(Gross GO Debt	Applicable to Dakota County				
Government Unit		Outstanding ¹	Percent ²		Amount		
Direct:		<u> </u>		_			
Dakota County	\$	0	0.0 %	\$	-		
Underlying:							
Dakota County CDA	\$	243,223,999	100.0 %	\$	243,223,999		
City of Apple Valley		22,184,941	100.0		22,184,941		
City of Burnsville		64,369,825	100.0		64,369,825		
City of Eagan		47,945,000	100.0		47,945,000		
City of Farmington		14,730,000	100.0		14,730,000		
City of Hampton		1,699,000	100.0		1,699,000		
City of Hastings		23,400,000	99.9		23,376,600		
City of Inver Grove Hts		53,910,000	100.0		53,910,000		
City of Lakeville		121,715,000	100.0		121,715,000		
City of Lilydale		2,403,032	100.0		2,403,032		
City of Mendota		0	100.0		0		
City of Mendota Heights		14,970,000	100.0		14,970,000		
City of Northfield		56,220,143	7.9		4,441,391		
City of Rosemount		11,395,000	100.0		11,395,000		
City of South St. Paul		22,835,000	100.0		22,835,000		
City of Sunfish Lake		737,000	100.0		737,000		
City of West St. Paul		54,160,000	100.0		54,160,000		
Empire Township		0	100.0		0		
Randolph Township		116,394	100.0		116,394		
Ravenna Township		0	100.0		0		
Special S.D. #6 (South St Paul)		33,040,000	100.0		33,040,000		
Ind. S.D. #191 (Burnsville)		144,690,000	75.8		109,675,020		
Ind. S.D. #192 (Farmington)		185,175,000	100.0		185,175,000		
Ind. S.D. #194 (Lakeville)		119,515,000	80.0		95,612,000		
Ind. S.D. #195 (Randolph)		5,355,000	88.2		4,723,110		
Ind. S.D. #196 (Rosemount)		134,115,000	100.0		134,115,000		
Ind. S.D. #197 (W. St. Paul)		124,890,000	100.0		124,890,000		
Ind. S.D. #199 (Inver Grove Hts.)		56,255,000	100.0		56,255,000		
Ind. S.D. #200 (Hastings)		81,067,524	87.2		70,690,881		
Ind. S.D. #252 (Cannon Falls)		23,555,000	4.9		1,154,195		
Ind. S.D. #659 (Northfield)		28,255,000	14.8		4,181,740		
Total underlying debt	\$	1,691,926,858		\$	1,523,724,128		
Overlapping:							
Metropolitan Council (Parks & Solid Waste)	\$	$2,950,000^{-3}$	13.4 %	\$	395,300		
Metropolitan Transit Commission	_	186,360,976	13.4 %		24,972,371		
Total overlapping debt	\$	189,310,976		\$	25,367,671		
Total debt	\$	1,881,237,834		\$	1,549,091,799		

¹ The Gross G.O. Debt Outstanding includes that portion of debt which is secured by the authority to levy taxes on real estate.

² Determined by ratio of assessed valuation of property subject to taxation in overlapping unit to valuation of property subject to taxation in reporting unit.

The Metropolitan Council also has outstanding \$1,295,417,818 of general obligation sanitary sewer bonds and loans which are supported by system revenues.

Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	 2010	_	2011	2012	2013	 2014	 2015	2016	20	017	2018
Estimated Market Value	\$ 41,006,321,300	\$ 38,259,730,000	\$	35,311,186,696	\$ 33,469,297,136	\$ 34,555,160,677	\$ 37,715,415,325	\$ 39,597,418,666	\$ 41,197,952,541 \$	44,3	79,472,527	\$ 47,998,584,493
Legal Debt Margin												
Debt Limit (3% of assessed value)*	\$ 1,230,189,639	\$ 1,147,791,900	\$	1,059,335,601	\$ 1,004,078,914	\$ 1,036,654,820	\$ 1,131,462,460	\$ 1,187,922,560	\$ 1,235,938,576 \$	1,33	31,384,176	\$ 1,439,957,535
Debt Applicable to limit:												
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 97,775,000	\$ 89,060,000	\$	57,880,000	\$ 52,255,000	\$ 46,275,369	\$ 33,660,684	\$ 23,420,000	\$ - \$	S	-	\$ -
Less: amount reserved for repayment of general obligation debt	(33,266,623)	(25,845,390)		(7,865,698)	 (7,873,365)	(5,838,954)	 (832,407)	 	=		-	-
		_			 _	_	 _	_				
Total Debt Applicable to Limit	\$ 64,508,377	\$ 63,214,610	\$	50,014,302	\$ 44,381,635	\$ 40,436,415	\$ 32,828,277	\$ 23,420,000	\$ - \$	5	-	\$ -
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 1,165,681,262	\$ 1,084,577,290	\$	1,009,321,299	\$ 959,697,279	\$ 996,218,405	\$ 1,098,634,183	\$ 1,164,502,560	\$ 1,235,938,576 \$	1,33	31,384,176	\$ 1,439,957,535
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percent of debt limit	5.2%	5.5%		4.7%	4.4%	3.9%	3.0%	2.0%	-		_	-

Minn. Stat. Section 475.53, subd. 1 states or a city of the first class, shall incur or be subject to a net debt in excess of three percent of the estimated market value.

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population ¹	 Personal Income ¹	er Capita ncome ¹	N	Median Age ²	School Enrollment through 12 ³	A	Annual Average mployment <u>Rate⁴</u>
2009	390,478	\$ 17,594,416,000	\$ 44,374		36.2	79,318		7.3
2010	397,650	17,970,760,000	45,192		36.7	79,070		7.0
2011	400,480	18,612,486,000	46,475		37.2	78,513		6.1
2012	405,088	20,192,381,000	49,847		37.5	77,823		5.2
2013	408,509	20,706,256,000	50,687		37.4	77,716		4.5
2014	412,529	21,524,339,000	52,177		36.8	75,226		3.8
2015	414,686	22,272,614,000	53,710		37.3	75,336		3.3
2016	417,486	22,951,451,000	54,975		37.6	75,123		3.4
2017	421,751	24,308,945,000	57,638		37.8	76,323		3.1
2018	425,423	NA*	NA*		NA*	76,821		2.5

OS Census Bureau; Note: Data for years 2007 - 2013 nave been updated to reflect current units
 State Department of Education; Public, Private, & Charter school enrollment; □
 Note: 2009 - 2018 data has been updated to reflect Public, Private, & Charter school enrollment. Previously, only Public & Charter school enrollment was reported.
 State Department of Employment and Economic Development; Note: data has been updated for years 2010 - 2014

¹ US Dept Of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

² US Census Bureau; Note: Data for years 2007 - 2013 have been updated to reflect current data

^{*}Information for current year was not available at time of publication.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		Percentage			Percentage
	2009	of Total County		2018	of Total County
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Employment	Employer	Employees	Employment
Reuters Thomson West	7,000	4.24%	Thomson West	7,000	2.92%
Independent School District 196	4,300	2.60%	Independent School District 196	4,000	1.67%
Blue Cross-Blue Shield	3,500	2.12%	Blue Cross-Blue Shield of MN	3,816	1.59%
Northwest/Delta Airlines	2,500	1.51%	Burnsville Center*	3,000	1.25%
Dakota County	1,849	1.12%	Prime Therapeutics	2,748	1.15%
Independent School District 191	1,600	0.97%	CHS Incorporated	2,000	0.83%
Independent School District 194	1,596	0.97%	US Postal Service (Eagan)	2,000	0.83%
US Postal Service	1,570	0.95%	Dakota County	1,896	0.79%
Sun Country	1,200	0.73%	UTC Aerospace	1,600	0.67%
Flint Hills Resources	1,200	0.73%	Sun Country Airlines*	1,500	0.63%
Total County Employment	165,262	15.94%	Total County Employment	239,835	12.33%

Note: This does not purport to be a comprehensive list and is based on a April 2019 best efforts telelphone survey of individual employers. Some employers do not respond to inquiries. - BakerTilly (fka Springsted)

Source: Department of Employment and Economic Development

^{*}Information as of March 2015; most recent information available.

COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function/program										_
County Wide	0.50	0.00	4.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Public Service										
Public Service	10.30	10.30	9.30	10.25	10.25	9.30	9.25	8.56	7.00	7.06
Assessor	38.00	36.00	36.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	37.00	38.00	38.50	38.50
Property Records	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	44.60	44.50	44.80	45.30	36.30
Treasurer-Auditor	50.70	48.10	0.00	43.60	43.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Service & Licensing	23.80	22.80	22.80	23.75	23.75	23.75	23.75	23.75	24.81	28.75
Library	158.90	150.90	143.40	135.93	135.93	135.93	135.93	135.92	134.86	134.86
Operations Management										
Risk Management	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.70	5.70	5.70	7.00	7.00	6.00	6.00
Information Technology	61.30	58.30	55.80	51.75	58.80	64.00	65.00	65.00	65.00	66.00
Financial Services	30.20	29.00	29.00	33.50	33.50	34.20	35.00	35.00	35.00	28.00
OMB Division Administration	11.00	4.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Office of Performance & Analysis	13.80	13.80	12.00	12.00	12.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
CJN	0.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.90	6.90	6.90	6.90
Administration										
County Administration	8.00	7.50	8.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
County Board	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
County Communications	8.00	7.60	7.10	6.10	6.10	6.40	7.00	7.00	8.00	8.00
Employee Relations	21.20	20.70	19.10	19.05	19.05	19.10	19.05	19.05	19.05	19.05
Community Services										
Community Services Administration	13.00	13.00	12.00	14.00	15.00	15.00	17.00	17.00	18.00	18.00
Social Services	285.50	279.50	268.00	297.52	298.50	299.20	313.52	333.52	355.20	363.20
Employment & Economic Assistance	250.70	252.70	243.00	245.50	244.60	255.50	248.10	254.10	267.15	268.12
Public Health	146.30	144.80	142.70	95.19	94.30	90.70	91.52	93.12	94.02	98.42
Veterans Services	8.00	8.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	7.00	7.00
Community Corrections	180.60	174.60	168.60	169.69	171.20	169.30	171.22	171.52	173.92	174.92
Extension	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Public Safety										
Sheriff	176.30	173.30	171.30	171.30	171.30	172.70	174.09	179.09	182.59	186.09
County Attorney										
County Attorney	85.10	82.50	84.00	84.00	84.00	86.00	88.99	87.87	90.87	94.87
Physical Development										
Office of GIS	8.00	8.00	7.00	7.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Physical Development	20.90	16.90	16.90	20.50	20.50	25.80	25.75	25.35	25.35	26.35
Transportation	82.70	83.70	81.40	82.43	82.43	87.40	87.43	90.43	98.43	102.43
Operations Management	64.10	61.00	60.70	46.50	46.50	43.50	63.57	64.07	65.07	65.07
Parks	50.80	48.30	46.00	44.28	45.30	43.48	23.08	23.08	25.08	28.78
Environmental Resources	16.90	17.60	16.00	16.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Physical Development Planning	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Environmental	16.50	13.40	13.40	14.70	30.70	31.50	32.50	33.60	33.50	33.50
Survey	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	0.00	0.00
Total	1856.10	1806.30	1706.50	1725.24	1728.01	1745.06	1770.15	1805.73	1854.60	1874.17

Source: Dakota County Departmental documents

Dakota County, Minnesota Operating Indicators by Governmental Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Government										
Property Documents Recorded	95,015	92,340	88,904	98,546	98,215	73,232	78,517	80,652	75,564	70,130
County Veterans Population	29,854	29,671	29,481	27,617	27,067	27,550	27,048	25,689	25,094	24,496
New Adult Criminal Court Cases	3,773	3,660	3,712	3,799	3,664	3,812	4,069	4,253	4,784	4,851
Juvenile Delinquency Referrals	3,164	2,612	2,497	2,377	2,013	1,891	1,784	1,731	1,796	1,587
Commitment Referrals	254	218	188	243	249	250	252	233	253	270
Plat Reviews	54	37	55	51	62	83	86	92	74	93
Public Safety										
Probation Offenders Served ¹	22,405	19,649	18,665	11,902	11,503	10,903	10,642	10,566	12,192	12,349
Community Restoration Hours Served ³	96,967	86,518	72,316	85,762	66,676	60,606	57,634	58,124	54,523	52,235
Driving While Impaired Arrests	247	215	162	209	144	127	144	138	134	119
Applications for Permit to Carry Handguns	1,263	1,323	1,701	2,765	4,394	2,868	3,632	4,754	3,870	4,423
Daily Inmate Responsibility Average	239	263	254	247	211	229	214	225	215	208
Highways and Streets										
Fuel Used (Diesel and Unleaded)	120,602	132,317	121,207	92,342	117,978	127,653	103,998 2	106,885	97,349	126,696
Sanitation										
	2 022 701	2 202 102	2 412 950	2.500.510	2 726 919	4 176 000	4 100 000	4 205 610	2 200 026	2 594 256
Pounds of Household Hazardous Waste Collected	2,032,791	3,393,183	3,412,859	3,569,518	3,726,818	4,176,000	4,180,000	4,295,619	3,800,936	3,584,356
Human Services										
Intake and Crisis Calls	41,326	36,911	34,034	40,470	44,903	47,730	52,929	65,614	58,945	59,702
Average Monthly # of Children in Out-of-Home Placement	139	122	102	121	110	103	128	173	299	240
Chemical Health Assessments Completed	1,858	1,103	988	847	787	779	637	569	606	563
Public Assistance Caseload	17,850	19,635	21,173	21,979	22,700	25,819	36,575	40,110	40,346	42,570
Child Support Collections	\$48,324,209	\$47,243,560	\$47,385,912	\$47,316,219	\$46,646,864	\$45,957,834	\$44,973,145	\$44,531,574	\$43,208,675	\$42,849,581
Average # of Families Served - Child Care Assistance Programs	1,273	1,310	1,285	1,264	1,230	1,202	1,323	1,132	1,053	1,290
Long Term Care Clients on Medicaid Waiver	2,782	2,970	2,872	3,151	3,009	3,097	3,520	3,817	3,883	4,479
Health										
Family Health Referrals	842	618	693	651	582	857	1,131	1,146	1,282	1,446
WIC Clients	12,752	12,256	10,560	11,098	10,567	10,680	10,246	10,177	9,859	9,638
Number of Confirmed Tuberculosis Cases	23	15	14	16	25	41	30	17	21	29
Health Alerts Issued	68	27	18	35	24	21	13	20	13	16
Vaccinations Administered	4,895	4,952	4,585	3,236	3,045	2,812	1,615	1,604	1,684	1,696
Economic Development										
Employment and Training Caseload	6,566	5,700	5,275	5,544	4,907	4,639	4,223	4,192	4,303	4,306
Number of Adults Program Participants Placed in Employment	1,201	1,035	1,429	1,167	1,445	1,444	1,238	1,493	1,397	1,373

Source: County Departmental budget documents, web-sites, and staff.

¹ Previous years' data reflected the number of cases served, which duplicated the client count. As of 2016, the data shows the number of clients/offenders served.

² 2015 data included all gallons used Countywide, not just for Highways and Streets

³ Previous years' data did not include juvenile community restoration hours. As of 2016, the data reflects all community restoration hours.

Dakota County, Minnesota

CAPITAL ASSET AND INFRASTRUCTURE STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Government										
Government Centers	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Public Safety										
Justice Center	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Patrol Units ¹	95.00	105.00	105.00	105.00	105.00	31.00	29.00	35.00	39.00	38.00
Bituminous (miles)	350.10	356.20	356.20	356.20	359.70	359.70	359.70	359.70	362.55	362.55
Concrete (miles)	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80
Gravel (miles)	67.50	65.00	65.00	61.50	56.50	56.50	55.50	55.50	53.25	53.25
Bridges	32.00	34.00	34.00	34.00	34.00	34.00	34.00	34.00	34.00	34.00
Traffic signals	134.00	134.00	134.00	134.00	134.00	134.00	134.00	134.00	134.00	134.00
Culverts	47.00	47.00	47.00	47.00	48.00	48.00	48.00	48.00	48.00	48.00
Highway Shops	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Culture & Recreation										
Acreage	5,900.00	5,320.00	5,044.00	5,322.00	5,382.00	5,539.00	5,602.00	5,653.00	5,653.00	5,611.00
County Parks	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Regional parks & trails	6.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	11.00	11.00
Libraries	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00

Data Sources: Various county departments

 $^{^{1} \}textit{Previous years' data included all units. Data for 2014 (and subsequent years) includes only \textit{Patrol Units.}}$

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